

# Converting Colors

Android(4288567821)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4288567821) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4288567821)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9E5A0D
RGB	158, 90, 13
RGB Percent	62%, 35%, 5%
CMY	0.3804, 0.6471, 0.9490
CMYK	0.00, 0.43, 0.92, 0.38
HSL	32°, 85%, 34%
HSV	32°, 92%, 62%
XYZ	17.8294, 14.6105, 2.2612
YIQ	101.5540, 65.2450, -9.5310

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

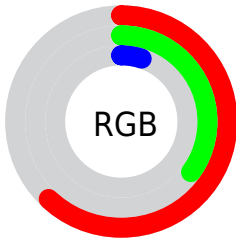
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	141, 158, 13
Decimal	10377741
CIE Lab	45.10, 22.88, 50.36
CIE LCh	45, 55.316, 65.571
Yxy	14.6105, 0.5138, 0.4210
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288567821 (0xFF9E5A0D)
YUV	101.5540, -43.6571, 49.5031
Hunter-Lab	38.2237, 16.3696, 23.2492

# Details

The Android color **4288567821** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **4279062942**, and the grayscale version is **4284900966**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4292513090**, and **4284820224** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4288566272**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4288569629**.

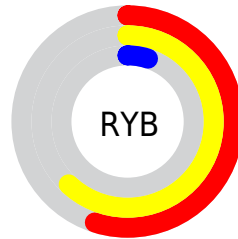
# Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (35%)

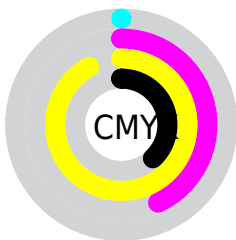
Blue (5%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (5%)

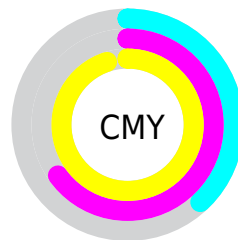


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (92%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (38%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (95%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4288567821 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4288567821 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4288567821



4288567821

4294967295



4286661120



4292513090



4284820224



4294485852



4282914048



4294951542



4281204736



4294958736



4278517760



4294966187



4278190080



4294967239



4294967268



4288567821



4288567821

■ 4288566272

■ 4288569629

■ 4288571693

■ 4288573500

■ 4288575564

■ 4288577372

■ 4288579180

■ 4288581244

■ 4288583051

■ 4288585115

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4290200888



4288567821



4286147328

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4288567821



4278222962



4285946550

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4288567821



4279062942

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278218183



4288567821



4278222751

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4288567821



4278222146



4278221503



4289217682

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4288567821



4284118018



4278221503



4284178879



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4288567821



4291802005



4288548179



4285093957



4293454056



4285098345



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4288567821



4291784192



4288454157



4283386695



4287581184



4279175168



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4279062942



4278215119



4279176606



4282862415



4278207375



4278191887



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4288567821 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

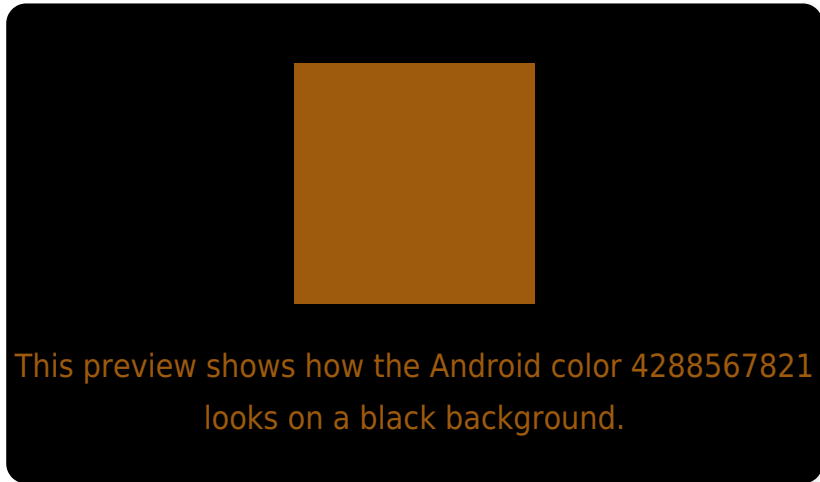
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4288567821 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4288567821.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4288567821.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4288567821

**Protanopia**  
4286147602

**Deuteranopia**  
4287129088



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4288567821

**Protanomaly**  
4286997776

**Deuteranomaly**  
4287652357

**Tritanomaly**  
4288697918

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4288567821

**Achromatopsia**  
4284900966

**Achromatomaly**  
4286210630

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4288567821 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 90, 13)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 90, 13)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 90, 13) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 90, 13) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4288567821 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 90, 13) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 90, 13) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 90, 13) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 90, 13); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 90, 13);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 90,  
13) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4288567821 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 90, 13) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158, 90,  
13) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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