

# Converting Colors

Android(4288590910)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4288590910) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4288590910)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9EB43E
RGB	158, 180, 62
RGB Percent	62%, 71%, 24%
CMY	0.3804, 0.2941, 0.7569
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.66, 0.29
HSL	71°, 49%, 47%
HSV	71°, 66%, 71%
XYZ	31.2913, 40.2594, 10.6790
YIQ	159.9700, 24.7660, -41.3620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

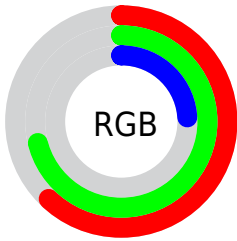
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">62, 180, 84</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10400830</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">69.65, -23.95, 55.45</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">70, 60.397, 113.362</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">40.2594, 0.3805, 0.4896</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288590910 (0xFF9EB43E)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">159.9700, -48.2992, -1.7277</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">63.4503, -23.0085, 34.4364</a>

# Details

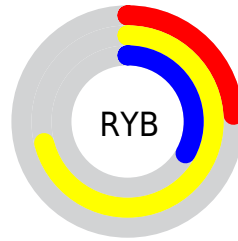
The Android color **4288590910** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999933**. A complement of this color would be **4283711156**, and the grayscale version is **4288716960**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4292340851**, and **4284972800** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4288394284**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4288787536**.

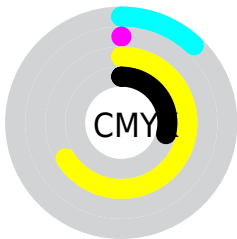
# Distribution



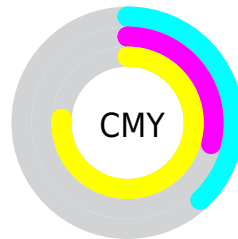
- Red (62%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (76%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4288590910 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4288590910 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4288590910



4288590910

4294967295



4286748962



4292340851



4284972800



4294246286



4283262464



4294967210



4281552384



4294967238



4279777024



4294967267



4278198784



4278190080



4288590910



4288590910



4288394284



4288787536

■ 4288132122

■ 4289049698

■ 4287935496

■ 4289246324

■ 4287804416

■ 4289442950

■ 4289705112

■ 4289901738

■ 4290098364

■ 4290360526

■ 4290557152

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4291994422



4288590910



4284071782

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4288590910



4278239487



4294933177

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4288590910



4283711156

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4292971244



4288590910



4278236415

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4288590910



4278240724



4288127487



4294933634

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4288590910



4278240137



4288127487



4294933963



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4288590910



4293061564



4290008126



4285560153



4294309365



4285887861



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4288590910



4291357489



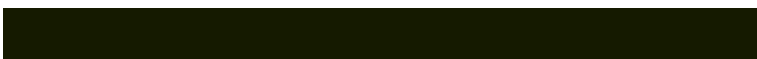
4284724286



4283980112



4286355712



4279572992



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4283711156



4283707883



4287577780



4283584601



4280090777



4278517786



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4288590910 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

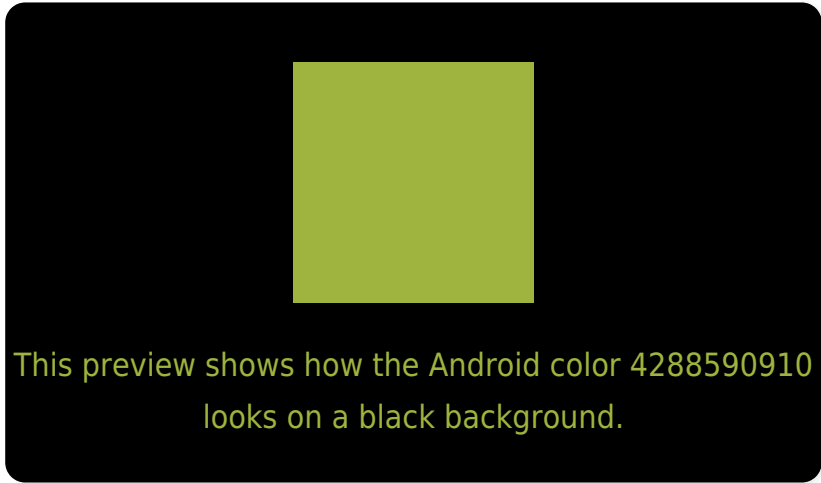
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4288590910 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4288590910.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4288590910.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
4289439926

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4288590910

**Protanomaly**  
4289900092

**Deuteranomaly**  
4290816066

**Tritanomaly**  
4289113226

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4288590910

**Achromatopsia**  
4288716960

**Achromatomaly**  
4288653180

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4288590910 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 180, 62)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 180, 62)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 180, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 180, 62) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4288590910 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 180, 62) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 180, 62) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(158, 180, 62)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 180, 62); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 180, 62);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 180,  
62) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4288590910 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 180, 62) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158,  
180, 62) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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