

# Converting Colors

Android(4288657874)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4288657874) contains.

<b>Android(4288657874)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# **Color**

**Android(4288657874)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9FB9D2
RGB	159, 185, 210
RGB Percent	62%, 73%, 82%
CMY	0.3765, 0.2745, 0.1765
CMYK	0.24, 0.12, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	209°, 36%, 72%
HSV	209°, 24%, 82%
XYZ	43.2799, 46.7220, 67.7099
YIQ	180.0760, -23.5210, 2.2630

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

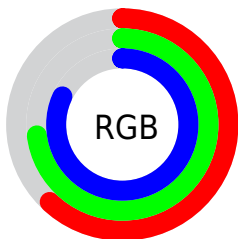
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	159, 176, 210
Decimal	10467794
CIE Lab	74.01, -3.31, -15.52
CIE LCh	74, 15.868, 257.948
Yxy	46.7220, 0.2744, 0.2962
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288657874 (0xFF9FB9D2)
YUV	180.0760, 14.7525, -18.4837
Hunter-Lab	68.3535, -6.5964, -10.8843

# Details

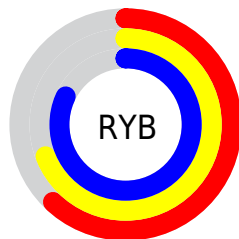
The Android color `4288657874` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `99CCFF`. A complement of this color would be `4291999903`, and the grayscale version is `4290032820`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4292276735`, and `4285236380` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4287279058`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4290036690`.

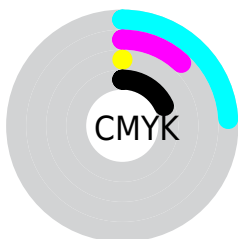
# Distribution



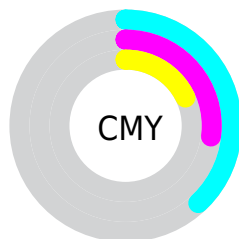
- Red (62%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4288657874 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4288657874 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4288657874



4288657874

4294967295



4286881462



4292276735



4285236380



4294180863



4283526017



4281946984



4280368208



4278658617



4278194468



4278190092



4278190080

■ 4288657874

■ 4288657874

■ 4287279058

■ 4290036690

■ 4285899986

■ 4291415762

■ 4284521170

■ 4292794578

■ 4283142354

■ 4294173394

■ 4281763538

■ 4294962386

■ 4280384466

■ 4294965202

■ 4279005650

■ 4294967250

■ 4278217682

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4287872459



4288657874



4289836241

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4288657874



4292193454



4289182882

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4288657874



4291999903

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4290295962



4288657874



4291997601

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4288657874



4291865788



4291277722



4288265903

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4288657874



4290687437



4291277722



4289575839

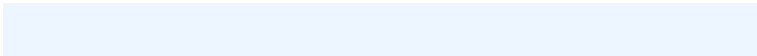


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4288657874



4293785343



4288664248



4285889408



4278190080



4286611584

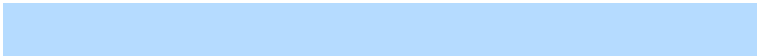


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4288657874



4290108415



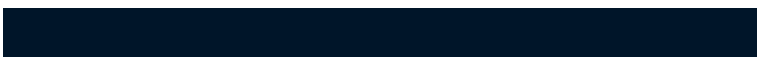
4288651474



4284375913



4278212264



4278195497



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4291993529



4294948315



4292006303



4285095523



4289200214

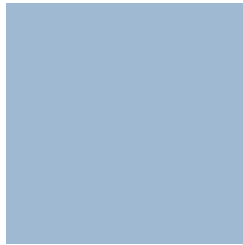


4280877077



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4288657874 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

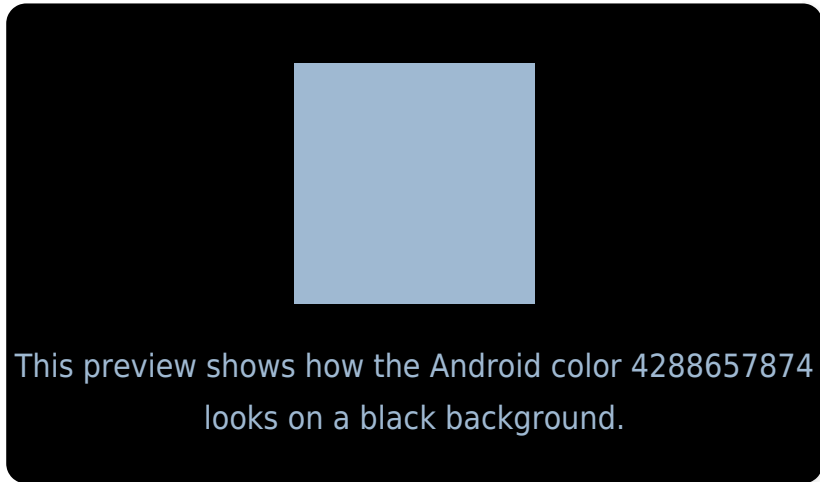
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

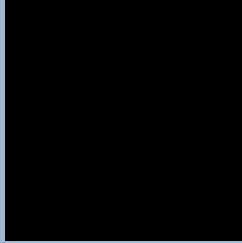
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

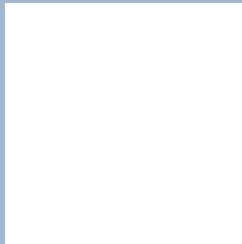
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4288657874 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4288657874.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4288657874.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4288657874

**Protanopia**  
4289836239

**Deuteranopia**  
4290359764



# Trichromacy



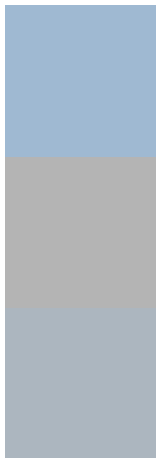
**Original Color**  
4288657874

**Protanomaly**  
4289378000

**Deuteranomaly**  
4289770707

**Tritanomaly**  
4288592588

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4288657874

**Achromatopsia**  
4290032820

**Achromatomaly**  
4289509055

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4288657874 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 185, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 185, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 185, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 185, 210) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4288657874 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 185, 210) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 185, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 185, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 185, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 185, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 185,  
210) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4288657874 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 185, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
185, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor