

# Converting Colors

Android(4288781429)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4288781429) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4288781429)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A19C75
RGB	161, 156, 117
RGB Percent	63%, 61%, 46%
CMY	0.3686, 0.3882, 0.5412
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.27, 0.37
HSL	53°, 19%, 55%
HSV	53°, 27%, 63%
XYZ	29.7973, 32.6384, 21.5590
YIQ	153.0490, 15.4990, -11.0690

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

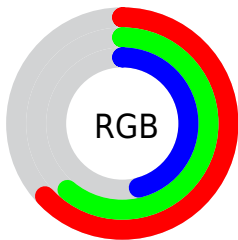
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">123, 161, 117</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10591349</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">63.87, -4.59, 21.13</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">64, 21.625, 102.256</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">32.6384, 0.3548, 0.3886</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288781429</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFA19C75</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">153.0490, -17.7722, 6.9730</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">57.1300, -6.8772, 17.6169</a>

# Details

The Android color `4288781429` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `999966`. A complement of this color would be `4285889185`, and the grayscale version is `4288256409`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4292399785`, and `4285360452` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4288780901`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4288781957`.

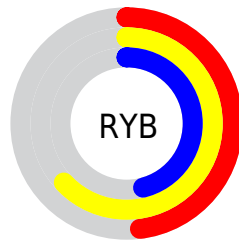
# Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (61%)

Blue (46%)



Red (48%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (46%)

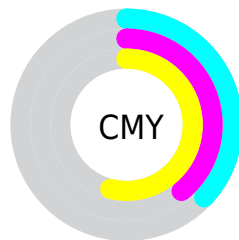


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (27%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (54%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4288781429 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4288781429 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4288781429



4288781429

4294967295



4287005276



4292399785



4285360452



4294307781



4283715886



4294967265



4282137112

4294967293



4280755200



4278849536



4278190080



4288781429



4288781429



4288780901



4288781957

 4288780373

 4288782485

 4288780101

 4288782757

 4288779573

 4288783285

 4288779044

 4288783813

 4288778516

 4288784342

 4288777988

 4288784870

 4288777984

 4288785398

 4288785663

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4289959542



4288781429



4287340926

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4288781429



4284851380



4290416295

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4288781429



4285889185

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4289237943



4288781429



4285898943

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4288781429



4284917410



4287535808



4290940307

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4288781429



4286424200



4287535808



4290089133



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4288781429



4291940288



4288771450



4285097822



4293454056



4285098345



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4288781429



4291938700



4287668597



4283584841



4287725824



4279373824



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4285889185



4287403217



4287002017



4282993234



4278194577



4278190610



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4288781429 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

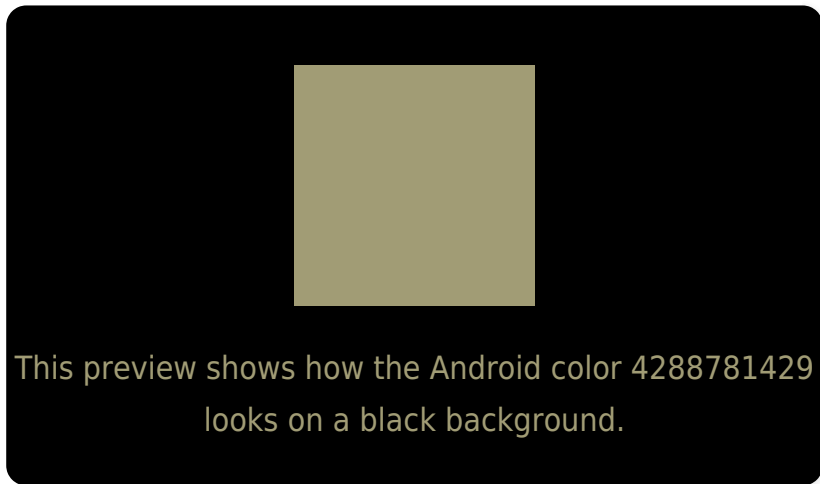
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4288781429 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4288781429.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4288781429.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
[4288781429](#)

**Protanopia**  
[4289108852](#)

**Deuteranopia**  
[4290155639](#)



**Tritanopia**  
4289173154

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4288781429

**Protanomaly**  
4288977780

**Deuteranomaly**  
4289632118

**Tritanomaly**  
4289042578

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4288781429

**Achromatopsia**  
4288256409

**Achromatomaly**  
4288453260

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4288781429 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 156, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 156, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 156, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 156, 117) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4288781429 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 156, 117) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 156, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 156, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 156, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 156, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 156,  
117) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4288781429 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 156, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
156, 117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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