

# Converting Colors

Android(4289026343)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4289026343) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4289026343)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A55927
RGB	165, 89, 39
RGB Percent	65%, 35%, 15%
CMY	0.3529, 0.6510, 0.8471
CMYK	0.00, 0.46, 0.76, 0.35
HSL	24°, 62%, 40%
HSV	24°, 76%, 65%
XYZ	19.4556, 15.2906, 3.8454
YIQ	106.0240, 61.3460, 0.5620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

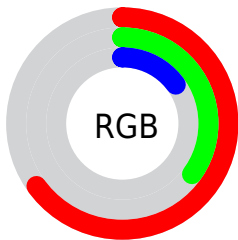
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	165, 122, 39
Decimal	10836263
CIELab	46.03, 27.30, 41.33
CIElCh	46, 49.534, 56.551
Yxy	15.2906, 0.5041, 0.3962
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289026343 (0xFFA55927)
YUV	106.0240, -33.0428, 51.7220
Hunter-Lab	39.1032, 20.3815, 21.5416

# Details

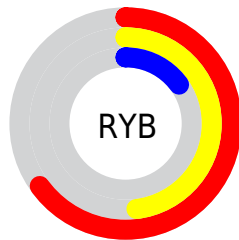
The Android color **4289026343** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **4280775589**, and the grayscale version is **4285164138**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4292971607**, and **4285278464** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4289023766**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4289028919**.

# Distribution



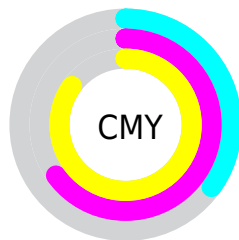
- Red (65%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (15%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (85%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4289026343 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4289026343 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4289026343



4289026343

4294967295



4287119631



4292971607



4285278464



4294944624



4283372032



4294951562



4281597952



4294958757



4279631872



4294966208



4278190080



4294967261



4294967289



4289026343



4289026343

■ 4289023766

■ 4289028919

■ 4289021190

■ 4289031496

■ 4289020160

■ 4289034072

■ 4289036649

■ 4289039225

■ 4289041802

■ 4289044378

■ 4289046955

■ 4289049531

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4290136394



4289026343



4286998798

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4289026343



4278222951



4284769464

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4289026343



4280775589

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278219712



4289026343



4278222993

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4289026343



4280384829



4278222002



4288369307

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4289026343



4285297170



4278222002



4282935997



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4289026343



4292262053



4289013621



4285225293



4293651435



4285229931



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4289026343



4292239121



4289041959



4283583817



4287707648



4279371520



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4280775589



4279339222



4280759973



4282994258



4278212753



4278192914



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4289026343 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

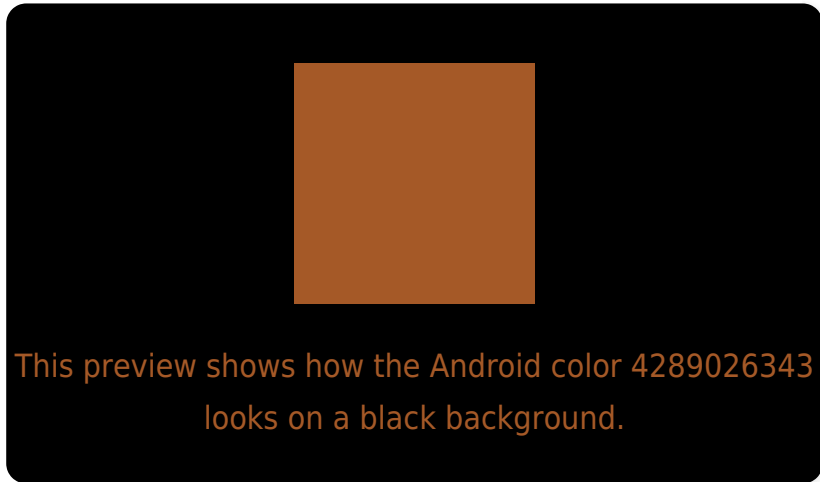
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

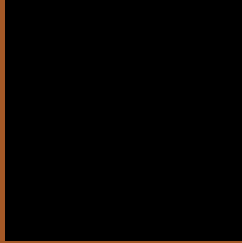
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4289026343 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4289026343.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4289026343.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4289026343

**Protanopia**  
4286213677

**Deuteranopia**  
4287195170



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4289026343

**Protanomaly**  
4287260203

**Deuteranomaly**  
4287849252

**Tritanomaly**  
4289156679

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4289026343

**Achromatopsia**  
4285164138

**Achromatomaly**  
4286538834

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4289026343 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(165, 89, 39)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(165, 89, 39)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 89, 39) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(165, 89, 39) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4289026343 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(165, 89, 39) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(165, 89, 39) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(165, 89, 39)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(165, 89, 39); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 89, 39);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 89,  
39) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4289026343 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(165, 89, 39) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(165, 89,  
39) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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