

# Converting Colors

Android(4289111383)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4289111383) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4289111383)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A6A557
RGB	166, 165, 87
RGB Percent	65%, 65%, 34%
CMY	0.3490, 0.3529, 0.6588
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.48, 0.35
HSL	59°, 31%, 50%
HSV	59°, 48%, 65%
XYZ	30.9013, 35.7054, 14.2800
YIQ	156.4070, 25.6340, -24.0460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

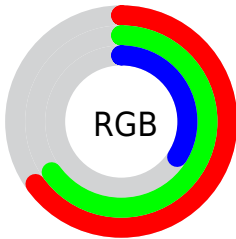
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">88, 166, 87</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10921303</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">66.29, -10.91, 40.27</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">66, 41.724, 105.155</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">35.7054, 0.3820, 0.4414</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289111383 (0xFFA6A557)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">156.4070, -34.2177, 8.4131</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">59.7540, -12.2595, 27.6587</a>

# Details

The Android color **4289111383** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999933**. A complement of this color would be **4283914406**, and the grayscale version is **4288519581**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4292795531**, and **4285559078** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4289111366**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4289111400**.

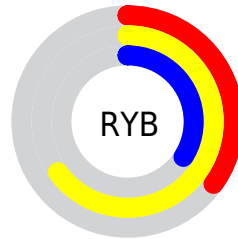
# Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (65%)

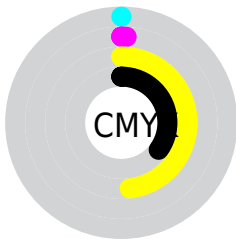
Blue (34%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (34%)

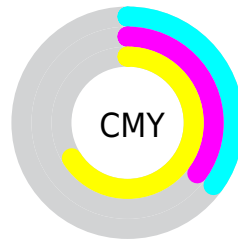


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (48%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (35%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (66%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4289111383 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4289111383 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4289111383



4289111383

4294967295



4287335230



4292795531



4285559078



4294768805



4283848971



4294967233



4282270208



4294967261



4280626176



4294967290



4278654976



4278190080



4289111383



4289111383



4289111366



4289111400

■ 4289111350

■ 4289111416

■ 4289111077

■ 4289111689

■ 4289111061

■ 4289111705

■ 4289111044

■ 4289111722

■ 4289111040

■ 4289111739

■ 4289111755

■ 4289112028

■ 4289112044

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4291401816



4289111383



4286361195

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4289111383



4278235861



4292773301

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4289111383



4283914406

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4290613462



4289111383



4282100457

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4289111383



4278236595



4287143657



4293493647

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4289111383



4284199552



4287143657



4292184257



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4289111383



4292466874



4289091416



4285427035



4293783021



4285427310



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4289111383



4292466525



4286621271



4283716684



4287926784



4279505920



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4283914406



4284309465



4286404518



4283190356



4278190740



4278190100



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4289111383 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

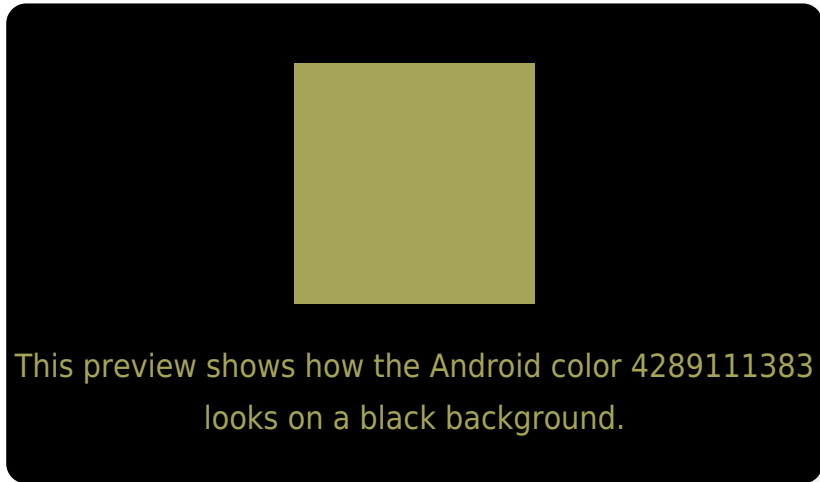
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4289111383 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4289111383.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4289111383.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4289111383

**Protanopia**  
4289896790

**Deuteranopia**  
4291140186



**Tritanopia**  
4289698984

# Trichromacy



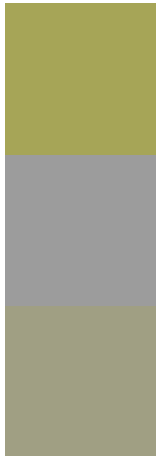
**Original Color**  
4289111383

**Protanomaly**  
4289634902

**Deuteranomaly**  
4290420313

**Tritanomaly**  
4289503115

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4289111383

**Achromatopsia**  
4288453788

**Achromatomaly**  
4288716675

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4289111383 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 165, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 165, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 165, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 165, 87) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4289111383 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 165, 87) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 165, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(166, 165, 87)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 165, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 165, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 165,  
87) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4289111383 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 165, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166,  
165, 87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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