

# Converting Colors

Android(4289111469)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4289111469) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4289111469)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A6A5AD
RGB	166, 165, 173
RGB Percent	65%, 65%, 68%
CMY	0.3490, 0.3529, 0.3216
CMYK	0.04, 0.05, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	248°, 5%, 66%
HSV	248°, 5%, 68%
XYZ	36.7238, 38.0344, 44.9410
YIQ	166.2110, -1.9720, 2.7000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

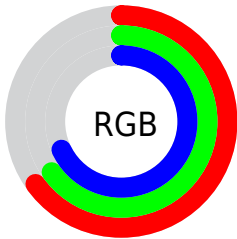
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">166, 165, 173</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10921389</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">68.05, 1.90, -4.00</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">68, 4.433, 295.448</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">38.0344, 0.3068, 0.3177</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289111469 (0xFFA6A5AD)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">166.2110, 3.3470, -0.1850</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">61.6720, -1.6346, -0.0348</a>

# Details

The Android color `4289111469` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `999999`. A complement of this color would be `4289506725`, and the grayscale version is `4289111718`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4292730084`, and `4285690233` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4288124077`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4290098861`.

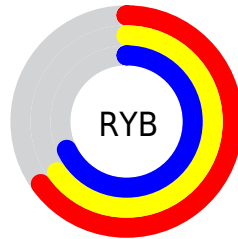
# Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (65%)

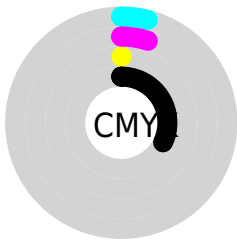
Blue (68%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (68%)

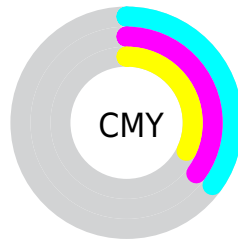


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (35%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (32%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4289111469 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4289111469 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 4289111469

■ 4289111469

4294967295

■ 4287400850

■ 4292730084

■ 4285690233

■ 4294637823

■ 4284111200

■ 4282532168

■ 4281084722

■ 4279768861

■ 4278190082

■ 4278190080

■ 4289111469

■ 4289111469

■ 4288124077

■ 4290098861

■ 4287136429

■ 4291086509

■ 4286149037

■ 4292073901

■ 4285096109

■ 4293126829

■ 4284108717

■ 4294114477

■ 4283121069

■ 4294967213

■ 4282133677

■ 4281146285

■ 4280158637

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4288784046



4289111469



4289438890

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4289111469



4289569951



4288522405

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4289111469



4289506725

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4288784545



4289111469



4289373598

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4289111469



4289700771



4289046431



4288456873

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4289111469



4289569704



4289046431



4288587940



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4289111469



4292796128



4289047725



4285493104



4293980400



4285558896



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4289111469



4292203488



4289373613



4283519319



4279435414



4278386711



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4289570220



4292924383



4289244581



4283912534



4288020612

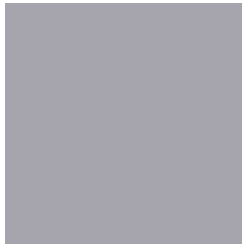


4279697428



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4289111469 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

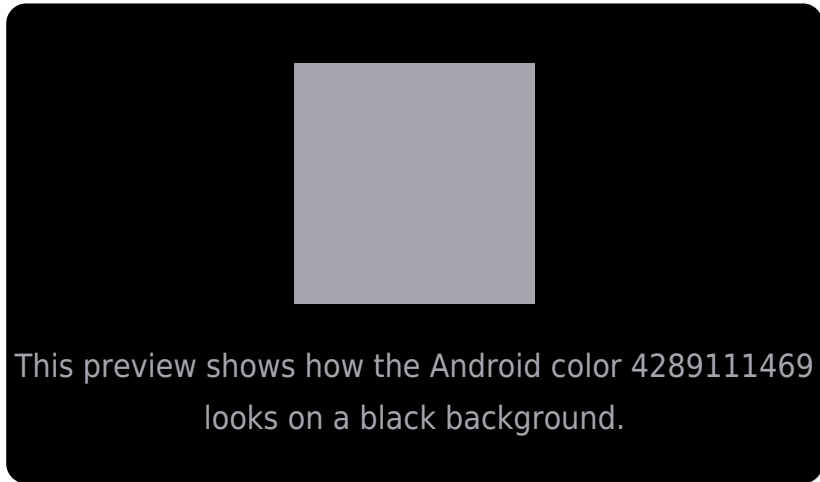
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

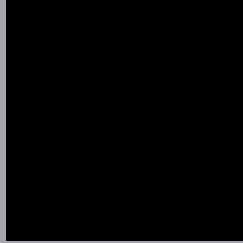
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

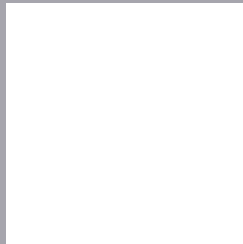
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4289111469 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4289111469.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4289111469.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4289111469

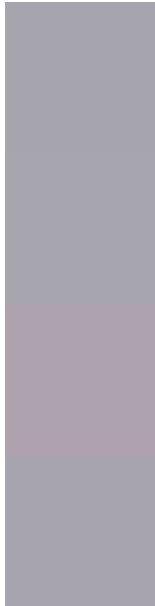
**Protanopia**  
4289177005

**Deuteranopia**  
4289896878



**Tritanopia**  
4289176753

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4289111469

**Protanomaly**

4289177005

**Deuteranomaly**

4289634990

**Tritanomaly**

4289176752

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4289111469

**Achromatopsia**

4289111718

**Achromatomaly**

4289111721

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4289111469 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 165, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 165, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 165, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 165, 173) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4289111469 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 165, 173) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 165, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(166, 165, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 165, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 165, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 165,  
173) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4289111469 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 165, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166,  
165, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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