

# Converting Colors

Android(4289221904)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4289221904) contains.

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**Color**

**Android(4289221904)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A85510
RGB	168, 85, 16
RGB Percent	66%, 33%, 6%
CMY	0.3412, 0.6667, 0.9373
CMYK	0.00, 0.49, 0.90, 0.34
HSL	27°, 83%, 36%
HSV	27°, 90%, 66%
XYZ	19.4905, 14.8592, 2.3311
YIQ	101.9510, 71.6170, -3.8630

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

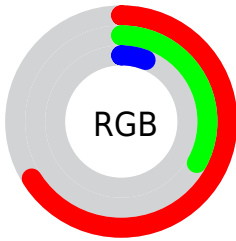
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	168, 142, 16
Decimal	11031824
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	45.44, 30.02, 50.40
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	45, 58.660, 59.222
Yxy	14.8592, 0.5314, 0.4051
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289221904 (0xFFA85510)
YUV	101.9510, -42.3738, 57.9250
Hunter-Lab	38.5477, 22.7947, 23.3980

# Details

The Android color **4289221904** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6633**. A complement of this color would be **4279264168**, and the grayscale version is **4284900966**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4293232708**, and **4285342976** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4289219584**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4289224225**.

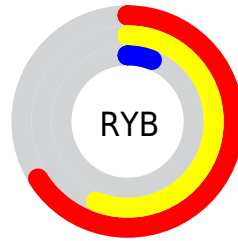
# Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (33%)

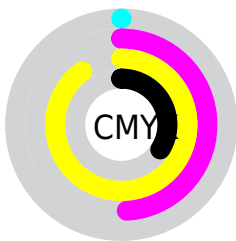
Blue (6%)



Red (66%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (6%)

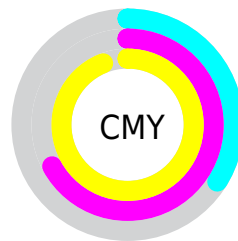


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (90%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (34%)

Magenta (67%)

Yellow (94%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4289221904 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4289221904 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4289221904



4289221904

4294967295



4287249664



4293232708



4285342976



4294943325



4283436288



4294950519



4281663488



4294957713



4279631872



4294965165



4278190080



4294967240



4294967269



4289221904



4289221904

■ 4289219584

■ 4289224225

■ 4289226546

■ 4289229122

■ 4289231443

■ 4289233764

■ 4289236085

■ 4289238406

■ 4289240726

■ 4289243303

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4290723391



4289221904



4286802176

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4289221904



4278223209



4284833730

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4289221904



4279264168

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278219470



4289221904



4278223258

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4289221904



4278222390



4278222272



4288956319

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4289221904



4284773120



4278222272



4282410697



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4289221904



4292590496



4289204324



4285422155



4293783021



4285427310



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4289221904



4292568064



4289241104



4283715660



4287906560



4279503104



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4279264168



4278221019



4279244968



4283191380



4278210964



4278192916



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4289221904 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

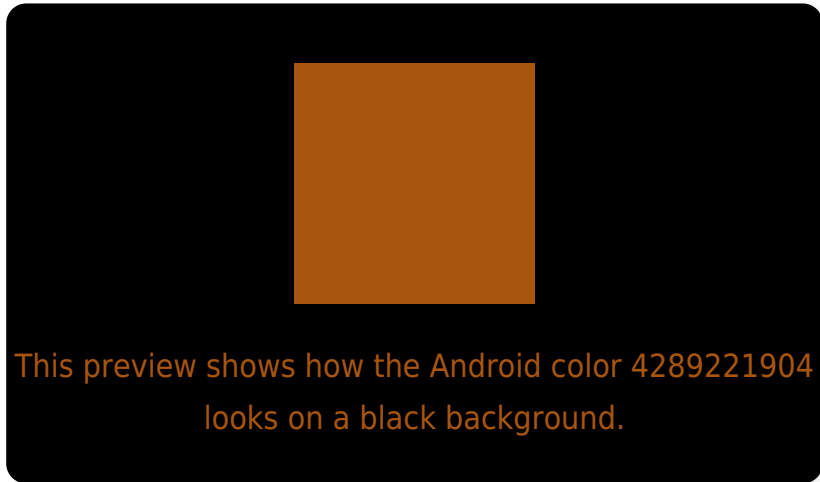
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4289221904 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4289221904.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4289221904.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



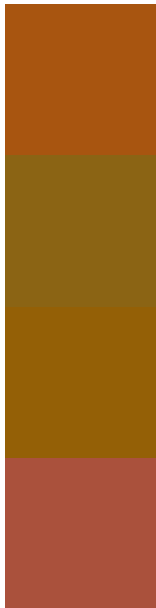
**Original Color**  
4289221904

**Protanopia**  
4286213142

**Deuteranopia**  
4287194880



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4289221904

**Protanomaly**  
4287325204

**Deuteranomaly**  
4287913990

**Tritanomaly**  
4289351996

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4289221904

**Achromatopsia**  
4284900966

**Achromatomaly**  
4286472263

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4289221904 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 85, 16)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 85, 16)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 85, 16) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 85, 16) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4289221904 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 85, 16) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 85, 16) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(168, 85, 16)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 85, 16); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 85, 16);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 85,  
16) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4289221904 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 85, 16) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168, 85,  
16) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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