

# Converting Colors

Android(4289316926)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4289316926) contains.

<b>Android(4289316926)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

**Color**

**Android(4289316926)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A9C83E
RGB	169, 200, 62
RGB Percent	66%, 78%, 24%
CMY	0.3373, 0.2157, 0.7569
CMYK	0.16, 0.00, 0.69, 0.22
HSL	73°, 56%, 51%
HSV	73°, 69%, 78%
XYZ	37.8860, 50.0914, 12.2292
YIQ	174.9990, 25.8220, -49.4900

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

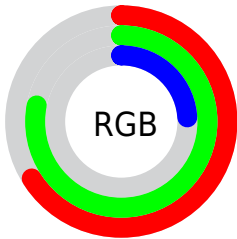
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">62, 200, 93</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11126846</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">76.13, -29.12, 62.34</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">76, 68.806, 115.036</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">50.0914, 0.3781, 0.4999</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289316926 (0xFFA9C83E)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">174.9990, -55.7085, -5.2611</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">70.7753, -28.3057, 39.2980</a>

# Details

The Android color **4289316926** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC33**. The color can be described as middle muted chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **4284301000**, and the grayscale version is **4289769648**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4293132149**, and **4285633024** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4289054762**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4289579090**.

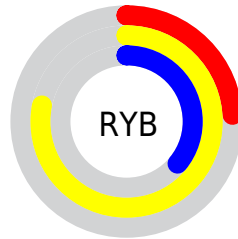
# Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (78%)

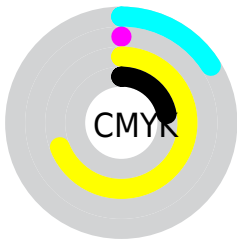
Blue (24%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (78%)

Blue (36%)

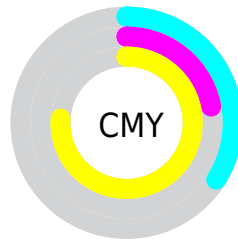


Cyan (16%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (69%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (34%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (76%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4289316926 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4289316926 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4289316926



4289316926

4294967295



4287474975



4293132149



4285633024



4294967185



4283856896



4294967213



4282146560



4294967241



4280239872



4294967270



4278202624



4278197760



4278190080



4289316926



4289316926

■ 4289054762

■ 4289579090

■ 4288727062

■ 4289906790

■ 4288464898

■ 4290168954

■ 4288399360

■ 4290496654

■ 4290758818

■ 4291086518

■ 4291348682

■ 4291676382

■ 4291938546

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4293309746



4289316926



4283749487

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4289316926



4278244607



4294934985

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4289316926



4284301000

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4294939903



4289316926



4278241023

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4289316926



4278246128



4289376255



4294936202

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4289316926



4278245529



4289376255



4294936286

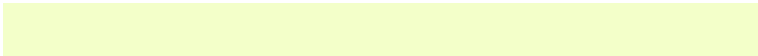


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4289316926



4294180809



4291320894



4286087264



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4289316926



4291821355



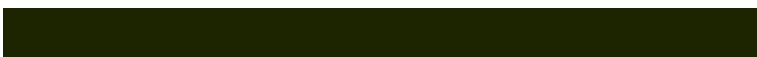
4284860478



4284572506



4286554880



4280034304



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4284301000



4284165119



4288757448



4284242531



4280615075



4278714404



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4289316926 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

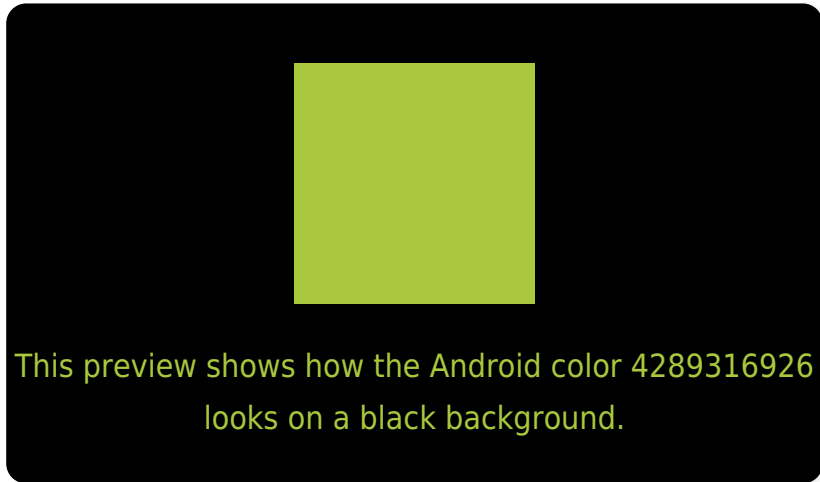
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4289316926 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4289316926.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4289316926.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4289316926

**Protanomaly**  
4291018812

**Deuteranomaly**  
4292000323

**Tritanomaly**  
4289970327

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4289316926

**Achromatopsia**  
4289703855

**Achromatomaly**  
4289575046

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4289316926 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 200, 62)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 200, 62)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 200, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 200, 62) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4289316926 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 200, 62) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 200, 62) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 200, 62)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 200, 62); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 200, 62);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 200,  
62) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4289316926 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 200, 62) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169,  
200, 62) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor