

# Converting Colors

Android(4289336861)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4289336861) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4289336861)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AA161D
RGB	170, 22, 29
RGB Percent	67%, 9%, 11%
CMY	0.3333, 0.9137, 0.8863
CMYK	0.00, 0.87, 0.83, 0.33
HSL	357°, 77%, 38%
HSV	357°, 87%, 67%
XYZ	17.0862, 9.2086, 2.0393
YIQ	67.0500, 85.9610, 33.5530

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

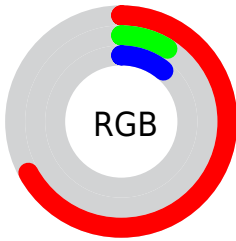
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	170, 22, 29
Decimal	11146781
CIELab	36.38, 56.40, 37.20
CIElCh	36, 67.565, 33.409
Yxy	9.2086, 0.6030, 0.3250
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289336861 (0xFFAA161D)
YUV	67.0500, -18.7586, 90.2871
Hunter-Lab	30.3456, 47.4004, 17.2575

# Details

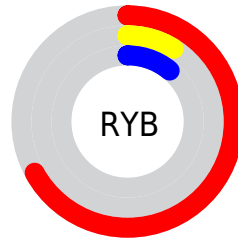
The Android color **4289336861** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990000**. A complement of this color would be **4279675555**, and the grayscale version is **4282598211**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4293481802**, and **4285333504** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4289332493**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4289341229**.

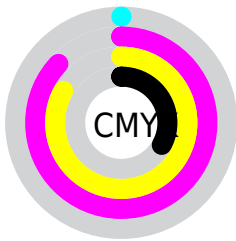
# Distribution



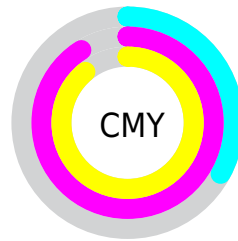
- Red (67%)
- Green (9%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Blue (11%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (89%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4289336861 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4289336861 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4289336861



4289336861

4294967295



4287299590



4293481802



4285333504



4294930786



4283301888



4294937979



4281532418



4294945173



4278190080



4294952624



4294960075



4294967272



4289336861



4289336861

■ 4289332493

■ 4289341229

■ 4289331208

■ 4289345597

■ 4289349966

■ 4289354334

■ 4289358702

■ 4289363070

■ 4289367438

■ 4289371807

■ 4289376175

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4289724498



4289336861



4287512320

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4289336861



4278216992



4278213572

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4289336861



4279675555

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278216632



4289336861



4278217563

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4289336861



4280836864



4278217873



4283843506

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4289336861



4285746944



4278217873



4278215107



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4289336861



4292781223



4288878250



4285549903



4293980400



4285558896



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4289336861



4292739082



4289354006



4283714636



4287889415



4279500801



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4289336861



4292739082



4279658410



4283714636



4287889415



4279500801



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4289336861 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

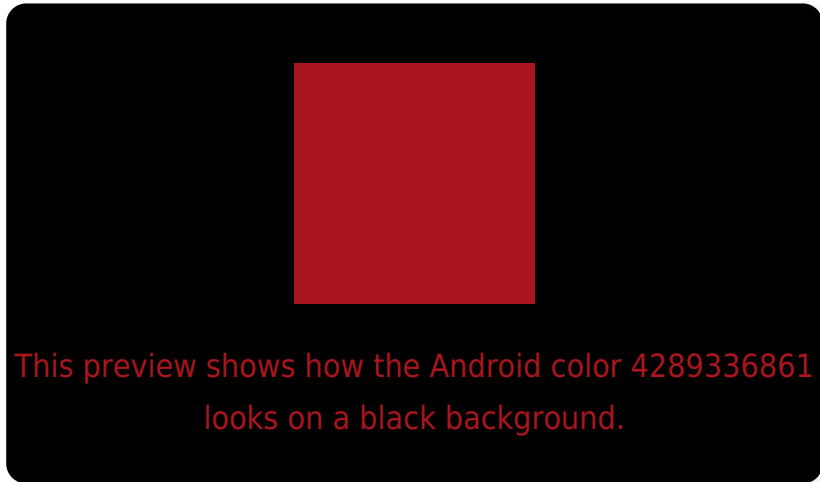
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4289336861 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4289336861.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4289336861.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4289336861

**Protanopia**  
4284503853

**Deuteranopia**  
4285420300



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4289336861

**Protanomaly**  
4286267175

**Deuteranomaly**  
4286856466

**Tritanomaly**  
4289337112

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4289336861

**Achromatopsia**  
4282598211

**Achromatomaly**  
4285018933

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4289336861 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 22, 29)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 22, 29)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 22, 29) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 22, 29) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4289336861 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 22, 29) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 22, 29) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 22, 29) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 22, 29); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 22, 29);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 22,  
29) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4289336861 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 22, 29) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170, 22,  
29) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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