

# Converting Colors

Android(4289372976)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4289372976) contains.

|                                                |    |
|------------------------------------------------|----|
| <b>Android(4289372976)</b> .....               | 3  |
| <b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....                | 4  |
| <b><i>Details</i></b> .....                    | 6  |
| <b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....                  | 11 |
| <b><i>Previews</i></b> .....                   | 23 |
| <b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> ..... | 26 |
| <b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....               | 29 |

**Color**

**Android(4289372976)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                       |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex         | AAA330                      |
| RGB         | 170, 163, 48                |
| RGB Percent | 67%, 64%, 19%               |
| CMY         | 0.3333, 0.3608, 0.8118      |
| CMYK        | 0.00, 0.04, 0.72, 0.33      |
| HSL         | 57°, 56%, 43%               |
| HSV         | 57°, 72%, 67%               |
| XYZ         | 30.2083, 34.9538, 7.9509    |
| YIQ         | 151.9830, 41.0870, -34.2810 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

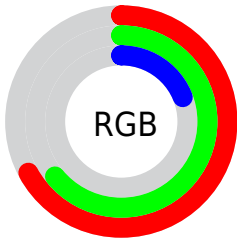
| Format                              | Color                          |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <a href="#">RYB</a>                 | 55, 170, 48                    |
| Decimal                             | 11182896                       |
| CIELab                              | 65.71, -10.99, 57.29           |
| CIELCh                              | 66, 58.333, 100.861            |
| Yxy                                 | 34.9538, 0.4132,<br>0.4781     |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4289372976<br>(0xFFAAA330)     |
| YUV                                 | 151.9830, -51.2636,<br>15.8009 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 59.1218, -12.2585,<br>33.4117  |

# Details

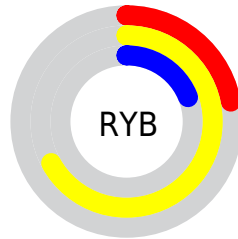
The Android color **4289372976** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999933**. A complement of this color would be **4281350058**, and the grayscale version is **4288190616**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4293188198**, and **4285689856** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4289372703**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4289373249**.

# Distribution



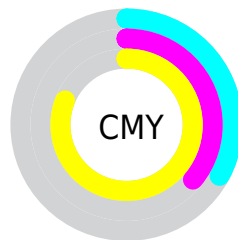
- Red (67%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (19%)



- Red (22%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (19%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (81%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4289372976 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4289372976 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4289372976



4289372976

4294967295



4287531280



4293188198



4285689856



4294964865



4283979520



4294967196



4282204160



4294967224



4280560384



4294967252



4278458112



4294967281



4278190080



4289372976



4289372976



4289372703



4289373249

■ 4289372430

■ 4289373522

■ 4289372160

■ 4289373795

■ 4289374068

■ 4289374341

■ 4289374614

■ 4289374887

■ 4289375160

■ 4289375433

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4292317497



4289372976



4285640780

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4289372976



4278237155



4293752515

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4289372976



4281350058

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4290480879



4289372976



4278234879

# Square

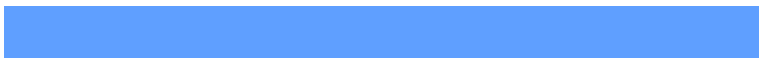
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4289372976



4278237618



4284456959



4294930575

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4289372976



4281906538



4284456959



4292902099



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4289372976



4292795309



4289343544



4285558611



4293980400



4285558896



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4289372976



4292793119



4285901360



4283716684



4287924992



4279505664



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4281350058



4280232670



4284821674



4283190356



4278192276



4278190356



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4289372976 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

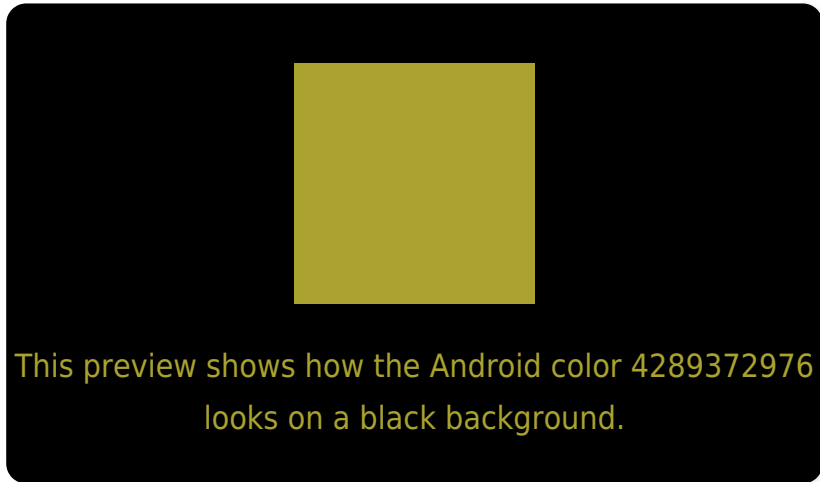
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4289372976 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4289372976.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4289372976.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4289372976

**Protanopia**  
4289962031

**Deuteranopia**  
4291336244



**Tritanopia**  
4290025636

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4289372976

**Protanomaly**  
4289765679

**Deuteranomaly**  
4290616371

**Tritanomaly**  
4289764474

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4289372976

**Achromatopsia**  
4288190616

**Achromatomaly**  
4288650354

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4289372976 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 163, 48)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 163, 48)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 163, 48) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 163, 48) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4289372976 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 163, 48) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 163, 48) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 163, 48)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 163, 48); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 163, 48);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 163,  
48) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4289372976 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 163, 48) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170,  
163, 48) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor