

# Converting Colors

Android(4289443283)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4289443283) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4289443283)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ABB5D3
RGB	171, 181, 211
RGB Percent	67%, 71%, 83%
CMY	0.3294, 0.2902, 0.1725
CMYK	0.19, 0.14, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	225°, 31%, 75%
HSV	225°, 19%, 83%
XYZ	45.0763, 46.4088, 68.2100
YIQ	181.4300, -15.5900, 7.2100

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

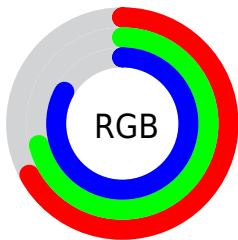
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	171, 179, 211
Decimal	11253203
CIELab	73.81, 2.81, -16.29
CIELCh	74, 16.525, 279.776
Yxy	46.4088, 0.2823, 0.2906
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289443283 (0xFFABB5D3)
YUV	181.4300, 14.5780, -9.1471
Hunter-Lab	68.1240, -1.1071, -11.6780

# Details

The Android color `4289443283` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be `4292069803`, and the grayscale version is `4290098613`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4293127679`, and `4285956252` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4288062931`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4290823635`.

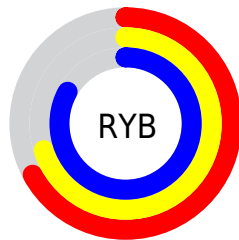
# Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (71%)

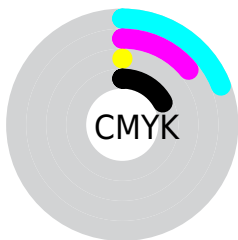
Blue (83%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (70%)

Blue (83%)

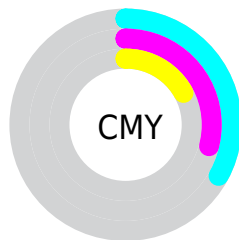


Cyan (19%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (17%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (17%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4289443283 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4289443283 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4289443283

 4289443283

4294967295

 4287666871

 4293127679

 4285956252

 4284311426

 4282732393

 4281219153

 4279706426

 4278193444

 4278190349

 4278190080

 4289443283

 4289443283

 4288062931

 4290823635

 4286682579

 4292203987

 4285302483

 4293584083

 4283922131

 4294964435

 4282541779

 4294967251

 4281095891

 4279715539

 4278335187

 4278203859

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4288264913



4289443283



4290687181

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4289443283



4292128163



4288396714

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4289443283



4292069803

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4289444510



4289443283



4291539353

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4289443283



4292193201



4290557592



4287676090

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4289443283



4291407301



4290557592



4288724390



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4289443283



4293981439



4289450953



4286019968



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4289443283



4291089407



4290030547



4284375401



4278201000



4278192681



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4292062133



4294952147



4291417003



4285095521



4289200170

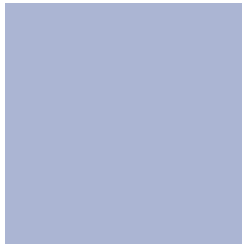


4280877066



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4289443283 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

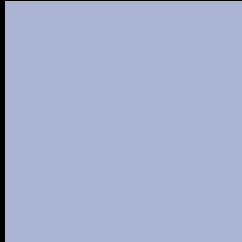
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4289443283 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

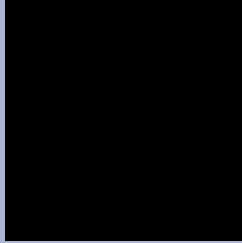
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4289443283 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4289443283.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4289443283.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

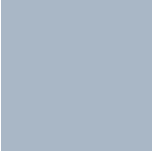
## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4289443283

**Protanopia**  
4289770706

**Deuteranopia**  
4290294228



**Tritanopia**  
4289312710

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4289443283

**Protanomaly**  
4289639634

**Deuteranomaly**  
4289966804

**Tritanomaly**  
4289377995

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4289443283

**Achromatopsia**  
4290098613

**Achromatomaly**  
4289836480

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4289443283 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 181, 211)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 181, 211)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 181, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 181, 211) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4289443283 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 181, 211) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 181, 211) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 181, 211)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 181, 211); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 181, 211);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 181,  
211) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4289443283 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 181, 211) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
181, 211) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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