

# Converting Colors

Android(4289472217)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4289472217) contains.

<b>Android(4289472217)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

**Color**

**Android(4289472217)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	AC26D9
RGB	172, 38, 217
RGB Percent	67%, 15%, 85%
CMY	0.3255, 0.8510, 0.1490
CMYK	0.21, 0.82, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	285°, 70%, 50%
HSV	285°, 82%, 85%
XYZ	30.2308, 15.1666, 66.9798
YIQ	98.4720, 22.4050, 84.0770

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

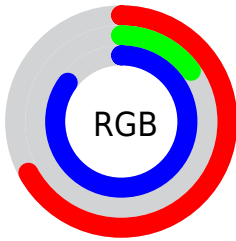
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	172, 38, 217
Decimal	11282137
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	45.86, 74.66, -63.44
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	46, 97.970, 319.646
Yxy	15.1666, 0.2690, 0.1350
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289472217 (0xFFAC26D9)
YUV	98.4720, 58.4343, 64.4841
Hunter-Lab	38.9444, 70.4089, -74.7108

# Details

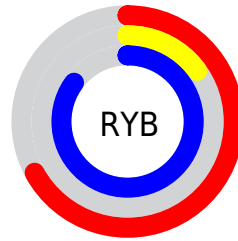
The Android color `4289472217` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `9900CC`. The color can be described as middle washed purple. A complement of this color would be `4283685158`, and the grayscale version is `4284637794`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4293420799`, and `4285661345` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4289138905`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4289805529`.

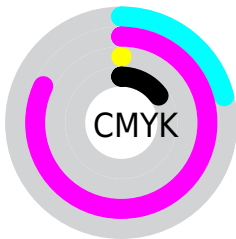
# Distribution



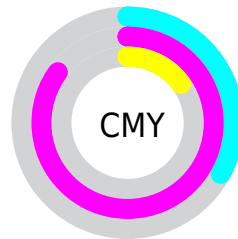
- Red (67%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4289472217 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4289472217 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4289472217

 4289472217

4294967295

 4287561917

 4293420799

 4285661345

 4294935551

 4283760774

 4294942719

 4281794668

 4294950143

 4279763027

 4294957823

 4278190138

 4294965503

 4278190628

 4278190091

 4278190080

■ 4289472217

■ 4289472217

■ 4289138905

■ 4289805529

■ 4288807129

■ 4290204121

■ 4290537433

■ 4290936281

■ 4291269593

■ 4291668185

■ 4292001497

■ 4292400345

■ 4292733401

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4278216191



4289472217



4293460109

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4289472217



4288438016



4278226082

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4289472217



4283685158

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278225228



4289472217



4283529472

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4289472217



4292027904



4278224128



4278225899

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4289472217



4294115415



4278224128



4278225798



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4289472217



4293902335



4280702681



4285946240



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4289472217



4290774015



4292421295



4285227886



4286709933



4280418350



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4292421203



4294902594



4280736080



4285424485



4289527852

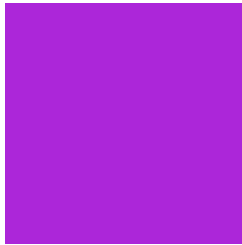


4281204748



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4289472217 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

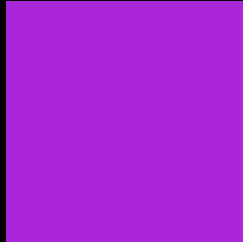
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4289472217 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

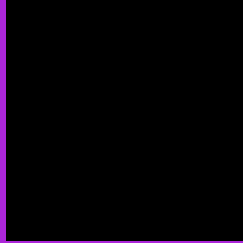
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4289472217 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4289472217.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4289472217.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4289472217

**Protanopia**  
4278217183

**Deuteranopia**  
4278218692



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4289472217



**Protanomaly**

4282339805



**Deuteranomaly**

4282340556



**Tritanomaly**

4288759693

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4289472217



**Achromatopsia**

4284637794



**Achromatomaly**

4286401677

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4289472217 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(172, 38, 217)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(172, 38, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 38, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 38, 217) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4289472217 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 38, 217) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 38, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(172, 38, 217)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(172, 38, 217); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 38, 217);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 38,  
217) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4289472217 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 38, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172, 38,  
217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

**@ConvertingColor**