

# Converting Colors

Android(4289473826)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4289473826) contains.

|  |    |
|--|----|
| <b>Android(4289473826)</b> .....               | 3  |
| <b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....                | 4  |
| <b><i>Details</i></b> .....                    | 6  |
| <b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....                  | 11 |
| <b><i>Previews</i></b> .....                   | 23 |
| <b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> ..... | 26 |
| <b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....               | 29 |

# Color

**Android(4289473826)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| <b>Format</b> | <b>Color</b>              |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex           | AC2D22                    |
| RGB           | 172, 45, 34               |
| RGB Percent   | 67%, 18%, 13%             |
| CMY           | 0.3255, 0.8235, 0.8667    |
| CMYK          | 0.00, 0.74, 0.80, 0.33    |
| HSL           | 5°, 67%, 40%              |
| HSV           | 5°, 80%, 67%              |
| XYZ           | 18.2404, 10.7629, 2.6295  |
| YIQ           | 81.7190, 79.2230, 23.5030 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

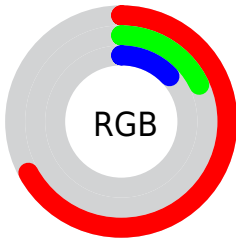
| Format                              | Color                         |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R <sub>YB</sub>                     | 172, 46, 34                   |
| Decimal                             | 11283746                      |
| CIE Lab                             | 39.18, 50.57, 37.33           |
| CIE LCh                             | 39, 62.851, 36.433            |
| Yxy                                 | 10.7629, 0.5766,<br>0.3402    |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4289473826<br>(0xFFAC2D22)    |
| YUV                                 | 81.7190, -23.5255,<br>79.1764 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 32.8069, 41.8326,<br>18.2128  |

# Details

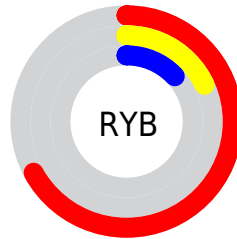
The Android color **4289473826** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3333**. A complement of this color would be **4280459692**, and the grayscale version is **4283585106**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4293551184**, and **4285530112** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4289469713**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4289477939**.

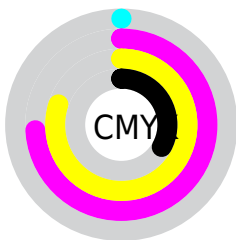
# Distribution



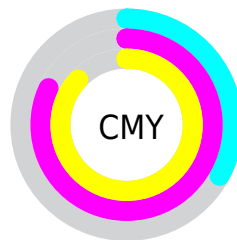
- Red (67%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (13%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (74%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (87%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4289473826 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4289473826 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4289473826



4289473826

4294967295



4287432716



4293551184



4285530112



4294934376



4283564032



4294941570



4281794562



4294948764



4278845440



4294955959



4278190080



4294963411



4294967279



4289473826



4289473826

■ 4289469713

■ 4289477939

■ 4289465856

■ 4289482052

■ 4289485910

■ 4289490023

■ 4289494136

■ 4289498249

■ 4289502362

■ 4289506476

■ 4289510333

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4289991252



4289473826



4287646208

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4289473826



4278218800



4278214851

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4289473826



4280459692

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278217915



4289473826



4278219366

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4289473826



4281231872



4278219160



4285024688

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4289473826



4285945856



4278219160



4278216132



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4289473826



4292915115



4289471139



4285551184



4293980400



4285558896



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4289473826



4292876809



4289490978



4283912014



4288023552



4279697920



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4280459692



4278833120



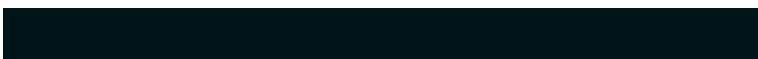
4280442540



4283323991



4278225558



4278195479



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4289473826 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

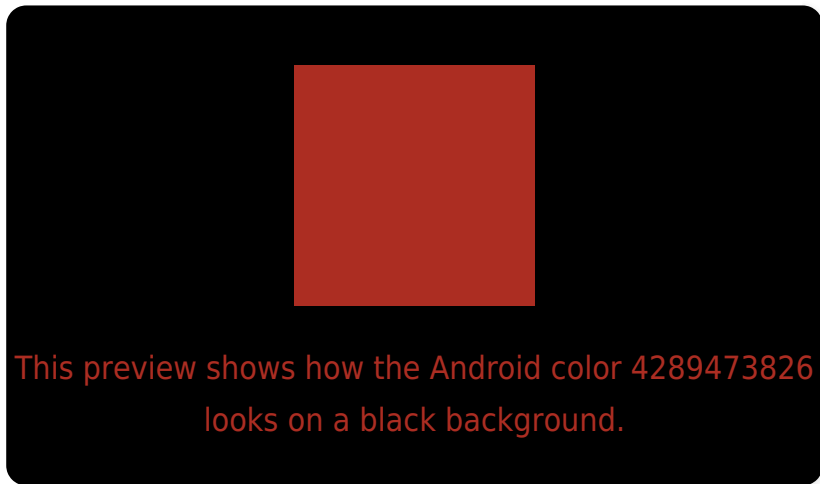
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4289473826 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4289473826.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4289473826.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4289473826

**Protanopia**

4284964144

**Deuteranopia**

4285880599



# Trichromacy



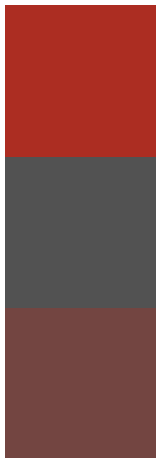
**Original Color**  
4289473826

**Protanomaly**  
4286598187

**Deuteranomaly**  
4287187227

**Tritanomaly**  
4289473577

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4289473826

**Achromatopsia**  
4283585106

**Achromatomaly**  
4285744449

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4289473826 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(172, 45, 34)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(172, 45, 34)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 45, 34) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 45, 34) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4289473826 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 45, 34) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 45, 34) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 45, 34) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(172, 45, 34); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 45, 34);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 45,  
34) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4289473826 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 45, 34) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172, 45,  
34) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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