

# Converting Colors

Android(4289514727)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4289514727) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4289514727)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ACCCE7
RGB	172, 204, 231
RGB Percent	67%, 80%, 91%
CMY	0.3255, 0.2000, 0.0941
CMYK	0.26, 0.12, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	207°, 55%, 79%
HSV	207°, 26%, 91%
XYZ	53.0299, 57.7259, 83.9485
YIQ	197.5100, -27.7390, 1.6130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

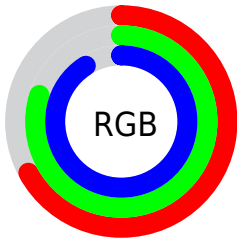
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	172, 193, 231
Decimal	11324647
CIE Lab	80.59, -4.70, -16.86
CIE LCh	81, 17.507, 254.431
Yxy	57.7259, 0.2724, 0.2965
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289514727 (0xFFACCCE7)
YUV	197.5100, 16.5106, -22.3723
Hunter-Lab	75.9776, -8.3734, -12.3259

# Details

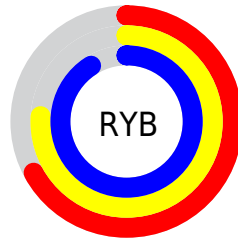
The Android color `4289514727` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `99CCFF`. A complement of this color would be `4293380012`, and the grayscale version is `4291151301`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4293197823`, and `4285961903` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4288004583`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4291024871`.

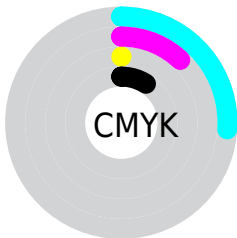
# Distribution



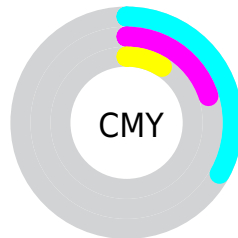
- Red (67%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4289514727 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4289514727 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4289514727

 4289514727

4294967295

 4287738315

 4293197823

 4285961903

 4284316821

 4282671995

 4281027426

 4279252298

 4278198323

 4278191647

 4278190082

■ 4289514727

■ 4289514727

■ 4288004583

■ 4291024871

■ 4286494695

■ 4292534759

■ 4284984551

■ 4294044903

■ 4283474663

■ 4294964967

■ 4281964519

■ 4294967271

■ 4280389095

■ 4278878951

■ 4278222311

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4288663774



4289514727



4290824167

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4289514727



4293639616



4290432688

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4289514727



4293380012

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4291676584



4289514727



4293443506

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4289514727



4293181137



4292723881



4289319359

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4289514727



4291740643



4292723881



4290825645



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4289514727



4293654271



4289521607



4285758080



4278190080



4286611584

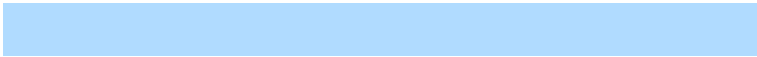


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4289514727



4289780735



4289507303



4284968307



4278215091



4278197299



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4293373132



4294947035



4293387436



4285753197



4289921121

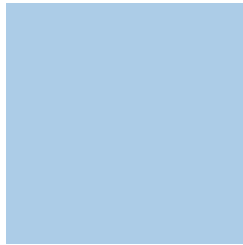


4281532444



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4289514727 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

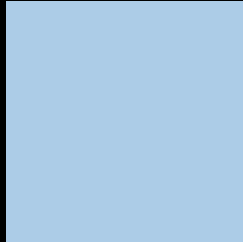
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4289514727 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

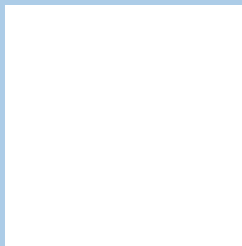
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4289514727 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4289514727.



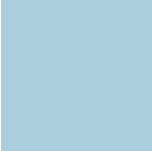
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4289514727.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
4289384158

# Trichromacy



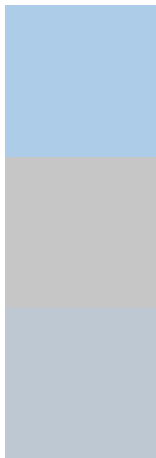
**Original Color**  
4289514727

**Protanomaly**  
4290496740

**Deuteranomaly**  
4290823912

**Tritanomaly**  
4289449441

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4289514727

**Achromatopsia**  
4291217094

**Achromatomaly**  
4290627794

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4289514727 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(172, 204, 231)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(172, 204, 231)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 204, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 204, 231) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4289514727 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 204, 231) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 204, 231) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 204, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(172, 204, 231); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 204, 231);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 204,  
231) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4289514727 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 204, 231) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172,  
204, 231) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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