

# Converting Colors

Android(4289625701)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4289625701) contains.

<b>Android(4289625701)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# Color

**Android(4289625701)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	AE7E65
RGB	174, 126, 101
RGB Percent	68%, 49%, 40%
CMY	0.3176, 0.5059, 0.6039
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.42, 0.32
HSL	21°, 31%, 54%
HSV	21°, 42%, 68%
XYZ	27.2654, 24.8600, 15.6733
YIQ	137.5020, 36.6330, 2.4010

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

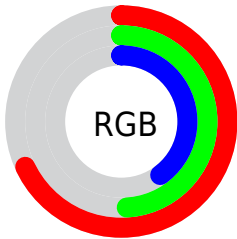
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	174, 139, 101
Decimal	11435621
CIELab	56.94, 15.37, 20.94
CIELCh	57, 25.973, 53.728
Yxy	24.8600, 0.4022, 0.3667
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289625701 (0xFFAE7E65)
YUV	137.5020, -17.9955, 32.0087
Hunter-Lab	49.8598, 10.3566, 16.2641

# Details

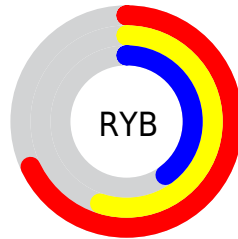
The Android color `4289625701` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `996666`. A complement of this color would be `4284847534`, and the grayscale version is `4287269514`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4293374872`, and `4286074166` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4289622868`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4289628534`.

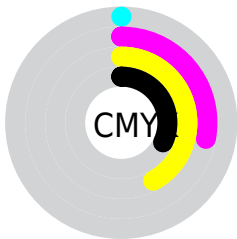
# Distribution



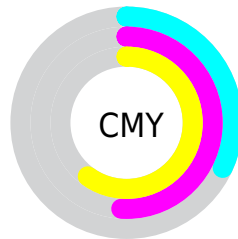
- Red (68%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Black (32%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (60%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4289625701 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4289625701 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4289625701



4289625701

4294967295



4287784269



4293374872



4286074166



4294954675



4284298784



4294962126



4282654730



4294967275



4281076480



4278583296



4278190080



4289625701



4289625701



4289622868



4289628534

■ 4289619778

■ 4289631624

■ 4289616945

■ 4289634457

■ 4289613855

■ 4289637547

■ 4289611022

■ 4289640380

■ 4289608704

■ 4289643469

■ 4289646303

■ 4289649392

■ 4289652223

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4290148728



4289625701



4288513628

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4289625701



4283602307



4286940594

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4289625701



4284847534

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4284779701



4289625701



4282422682

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4289625701



4285305453



4282880684



4288773540

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4289625701



4287531868



4282880684



4286220212



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4289625701



4293120197



4289619350



4285753184



4294111986



4285756275



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4289625701



4293105777



4289634917



4283912526



4288033792



4279699456



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4284847534



4285644003



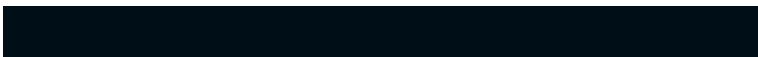
4284838318



4283323479



4278215574



4278193943



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4289625701 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

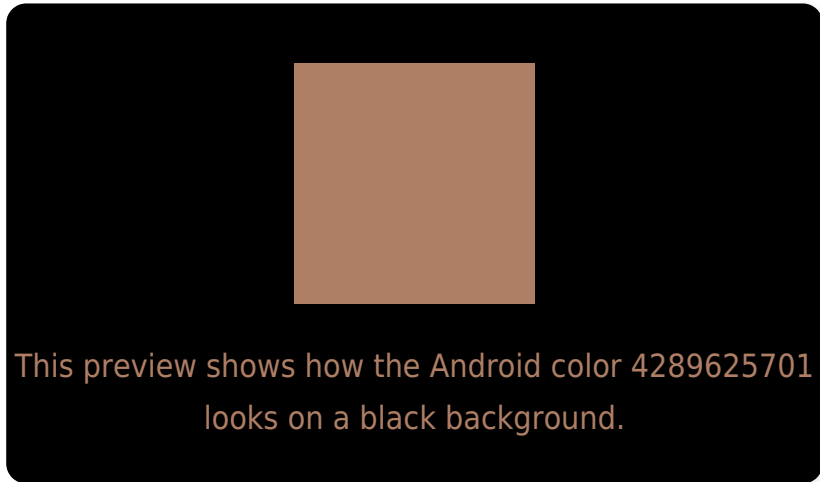
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

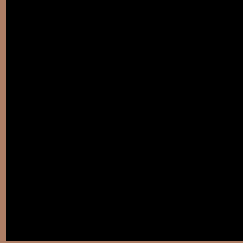
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4289625701 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4289625701.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4289625701.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4289625701

**Protanopia**

4287793514

**Deuteranopia**

4288840548



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4289625701

**Protanomaly**  
4288447848

**Deuteranomaly**  
4289102180

**Tritanomaly**  
4289756024

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4289625701

**Achromatopsia**  
4287269514

**Achromatomaly**  
4288120445

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4289625701 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 126, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 126, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 126, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 126, 101) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4289625701 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 126, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 126, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 126, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 126, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 126, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 126,  
101) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4289625701 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 126, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174,  
126, 101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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