

# Converting Colors

Android(4289772662)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4289772662) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4289772662)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B0BC76
RGB	176, 188, 118
RGB Percent	69%, 74%, 46%
CMY	0.3098, 0.2627, 0.5373
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.37, 0.26
HSL	70°, 34%, 60%
HSV	70°, 37%, 74%
XYZ	39.1577, 46.5046, 24.0520
YIQ	176.4320, 15.3180, -24.3140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

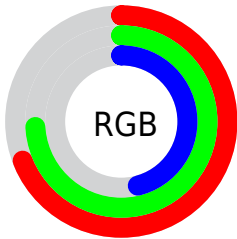
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	118, 188, 130
Decimal	11582582
CIE Lab	73.87, -15.33, 34.05
CIE LCh	74, 37.344, 114.241
Yxy	46.5046, 0.3569, 0.4239
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289772662 (0xFFB0BC76)
YUV	176.4320, -28.8070, -0.3789
Hunter-Lab	68.1942, -16.8437, 26.8245

# Details

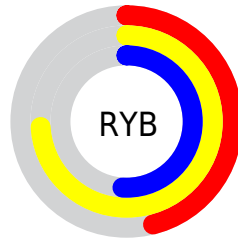
The Android color `4289772662` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCC99`. A complement of this color would be `4286740156`, and the grayscale version is `4289835441`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4293457067`, and `4286220100` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4289576035`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4289969289`.

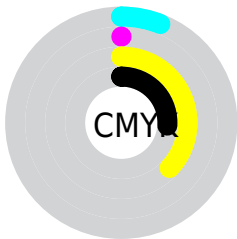
# Distribution



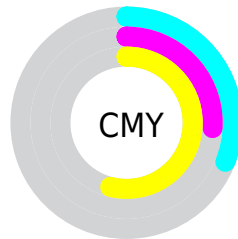
- Red (69%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (54%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4289772662 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4289772662 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4289772662



4289772662

4294967295



4287996253



4293457067



4286220100



4294967239



4284575020



4294967267



4282930453



4281351680



4279838720



4278195456



4278190080



4289772662



4289772662

■ 4289576035

■ 4289969289

■ 4289379408

■ 4290165916

■ 4289117246

■ 4290428078

■ 4288920619

■ 4290624705

■ 4288723992

■ 4290821332

■ 4288527365

■ 4291017959

■ 4288461824

■ 4291280122

■ 4291476735

■ 4291673343

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4292063601



4289772662



4287153292

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4289772662



4282696684



4294155454

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4289772662



4286740156

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4292584414



4289772662



4286233593

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4289772662



4281780432



4289769460



4294548891

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4289772662



4285319074



4289769460



4293762505



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4289772662



4293981658



4290544246



4286085738



4294638330



4286216826



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4289772662



4293064071



4287478902



4284309077



4286815744



4279836416



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4286740156



4288317429



4289033916



4283913566



4279959710



4278517791



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4289772662 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

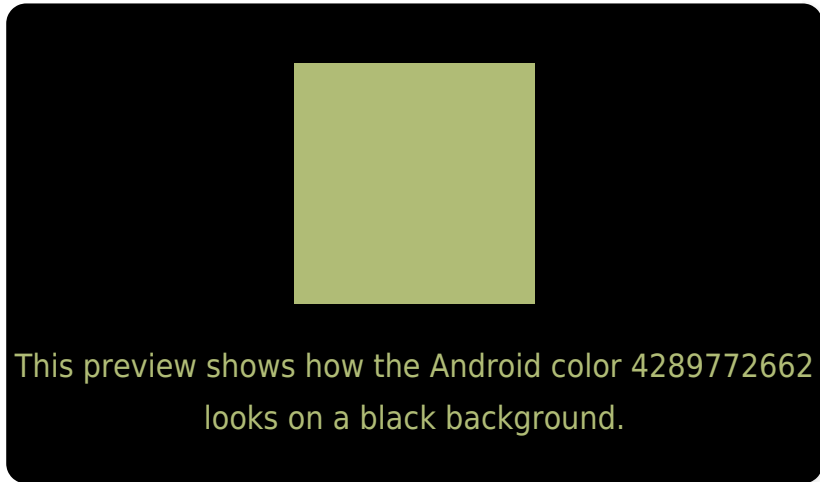
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4289772662 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4289772662.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4289772662.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4289772662

**Protanopia**  
4291147123

**Deuteranopia**  
4292455801



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4289772662

**Protanomaly**  
4290623604

**Deuteranomaly**  
4291474040

**Tritanomaly**  
4290164390

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4289772662

**Achromatopsia**  
4289769648

**Achromatomaly**  
4289770651

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4289772662 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 188, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 188, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 188, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 188, 118) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4289772662 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 188, 118) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 188, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(176, 188, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(176, 188, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 188, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 188,  
118) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4289772662 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 188, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176,  
188, 118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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