

# Converting Colors

Android(4289831803)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4289831803) contains.

<b>Android(4289831803)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# **Color**

**Android(4289831803)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B1A37B
RGB	177, 163, 123
RGB Percent	69%, 64%, 48%
CMY	0.3059, 0.3608, 0.5176
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.31, 0.31
HSL	44°, 26%, 59%
HSV	44°, 31%, 69%
XYZ	34.8038, 36.9716, 24.0408
YIQ	162.6260, 21.1840, -9.4720

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

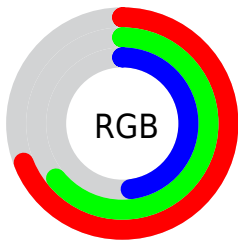
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	142, 177, 123
Decimal	11641723
CIELab	67.26, -1.15, 22.66
CIELCh	67, 22.692, 92.903
Yxy	36.9716, 0.3632, 0.3859
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289831803 (0xFFB1A37B)
YUV	162.6260, -19.5356, 12.6060
Hunter-Lab	60.8042, -4.2356, 19.1209

# Details

The Android color `4289831803` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `999966`. A complement of this color would be `4286286257`, and the grayscale version is `4288914339`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4293515952`, and `4286345034` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4289830505`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4289833101`.

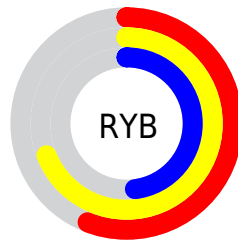
# Distribution



Red (69%)

Green (64%)

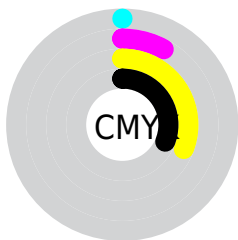
Blue (48%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (48%)

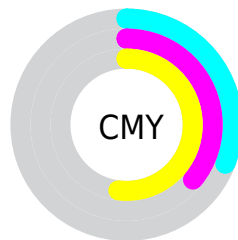


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (31%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (31%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (52%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4289831803 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4289831803 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4289831803



4289831803

4294967295



4288055650



4293515952



4286345034



4294964939



4284634931



4294967271



4283056157



4281477637



4280030720



4278190080



4289831803



4289831803



4289830505



4289833101

■ 4289829464

■ 4289834142

■ 4289828166

■ 4289835440

■ 4289827124

■ 4289836482

■ 4289825827

■ 4289837779

■ 4289824529

■ 4289839077

■ 4289823488

■ 4289840119

■ 4289841407

■ 4289842431

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4291009664



4289831803



4288391553

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4289831803



4285116089



4290812087

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4289831803



4286286257

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4289371846



4289831803



4285901767

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4289831803



4285575077



4287538636



4291597730

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4289831803



4287343755



4287538636



4290353597

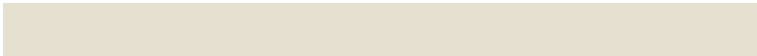


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4289831803



4293320913



4289821577



4285755238



4294111986



4285756275



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4289831803



4293316497



4288983419



4284045136



4288246016



4279898880



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4286286257



4287735782



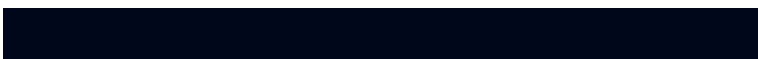
4287134641



4283454297



4278200473



4278191898



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4289831803 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

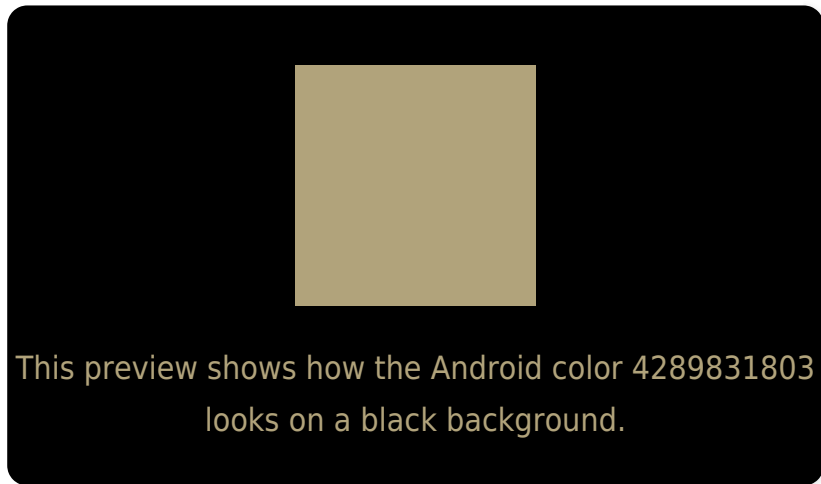
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

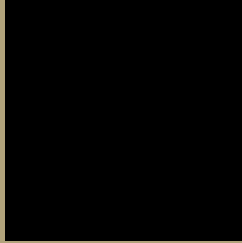
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4289831803 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4289831803.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4289831803.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4289831803

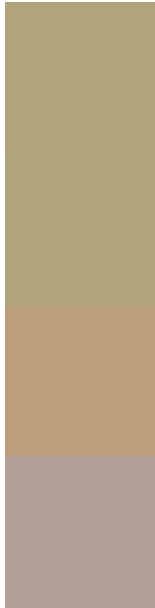
**Protanopia**  
4289700987

**Deuteranopia**  
4290878844



**Tritanopia**  
4290157993

# Trichromacy



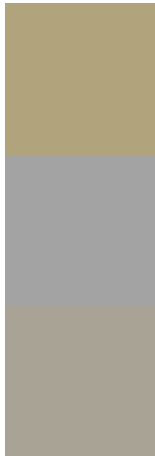
**Original Color**  
4289831803

**Protanomaly**  
4289766523

**Deuteranomaly**  
4290486140

**Tritanomaly**  
4290027416

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4289831803

**Achromatopsia**  
4288914339

**Achromatomaly**  
4289242004

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4289831803 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(177, 163, 123)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(177, 163, 123)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 163, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(177, 163, 123) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4289831803 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(177, 163, 123) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(177, 163, 123) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(177, 163, 123)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(177, 163, 123); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 163, 123);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 163,  
123) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4289831803 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(177, 163, 123) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(177,  
163, 123) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor