

# Converting Colors

Android(4289861034)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4289861034) contains.

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**Color**

**Android(4289861034)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B215AA
RGB	178, 21, 170
RGB Percent	70%, 8%, 67%
CMY	0.3020, 0.9176, 0.3333
CMYK	0.00, 0.88, 0.04, 0.30
HSL	303°, 79%, 39%
HSV	303°, 88%, 70%
XYZ	25.8840, 12.9036, 39.1566
YIQ	84.9290, 45.7430, 79.6230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

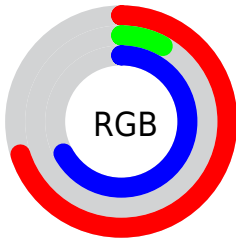
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	178, 21, 170
Decimal	11670954
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	42.62, 71.43, -41.16
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	43, 82.440, 330.047
Yxy	12.9036, 0.3321, 0.1655
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289861034 (0xFFB215AA)
YUV	84.9290, 41.9400, 81.6233
Hunter-Lab	35.9216, 65.7588, -39.4845

# Details

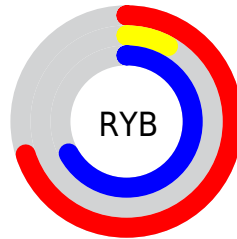
The Android color **4289861034** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990099**. A complement of this color would be **4279611933**, and the grayscale version is **4283716692**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4293745890**, and **4286120053** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4289856425**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4289865643**.

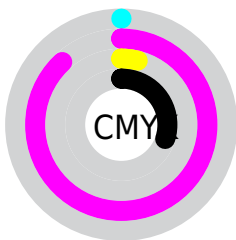
# Distribution



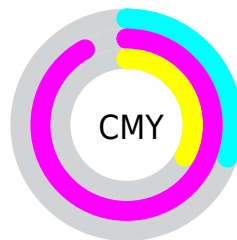
- Red (70%)
- Green (8%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (88%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (92%)
- Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4289861034 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4289861034 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4289861034

 4289861034

4294967295

 4287955087

 4293745890

 4286120053

 4294932991

 4284285020

 4294940415

 4282515524

 4294947839

 4280680493

 4294955263

 4278190358

 4294962943

 4278190080

 4289861034

 4289861034

 4289856425

 4289865643

■ 4289855657

■ 4289870252

■ 4289874605

■ 4289879214

■ 4289883823

■ 4289888431

■ 4289893040

■ 4289897393

■ 4289902002

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4283454173



4289861034



4292083816

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4289861034



4286276096



4278223016

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4289861034



4279611933

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278222691



4289861034



4281561856

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4289861034



4289675776



4278221588



4278222044

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4289861034



4292083771



4278221588



4278222994



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4289861034



4293438693



4280096178



4285878643



4294309365



4285887861



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4289861034



4293394652



4289860956



4284043353



4288217233



4279894040



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4289861034



4293394652



4279612011



4284043353



4288217233



4279894040



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4289861034 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

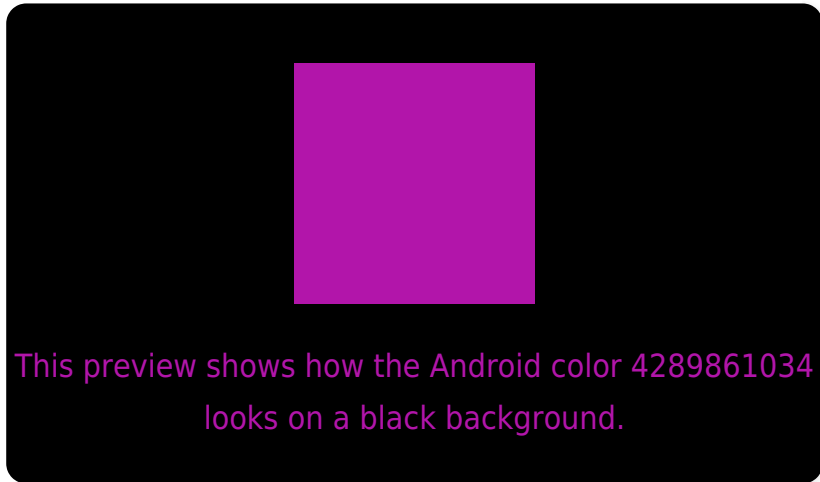
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

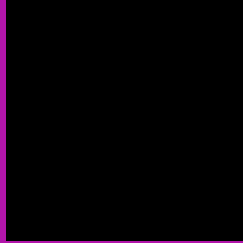
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4289861034 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4289861034.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4289861034.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4289861034



**Protanomaly**

4282468035



**Deuteranomaly**

4285417892



**Tritanomaly**

4289475692

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4289861034



**Achromatopsia**

4283782485



**Achromatomaly**

4286004852

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4289861034 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(178, 21, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(178, 21, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 21, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(178, 21, 170) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4289861034 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(178, 21, 170) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(178, 21, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(178, 21, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(178, 21, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 21, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 21,  
170) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4289861034 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(178, 21, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(178, 21,  
170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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