

# Converting Colors

Android(4289893301)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4289893301) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4289893301)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B293B5
RGB	178, 147, 181
RGB Percent	70%, 58%, 71%
CMY	0.3020, 0.4235, 0.2902
CMYK	0.02, 0.19, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	295°, 19%, 64%
HSV	295°, 19%, 71%
XYZ	37.1343, 33.6686, 48.2576
YIQ	160.1450, 7.5620, 17.1460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

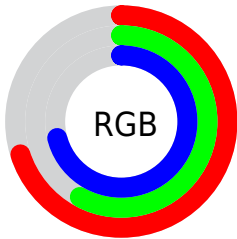
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">178, 147, 181</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11703221</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">64.70, 17.68, -13.35</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">65, 22.158, 322.949</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">33.6686, 0.3119, 0.2828</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289893301 (0xFFB293B5)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">160.1450, 10.2815, 15.6588</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">58.0247, 12.6923, -8.6927</a>

# Details

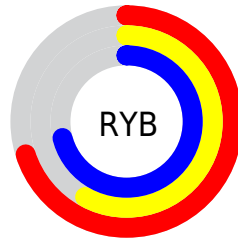
The Android color `4289893301` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99CC`. A complement of this color would be `4288066963`, and the grayscale version is `4288716960`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4293577197`, and `4286406784` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4289757621`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4290028981`.

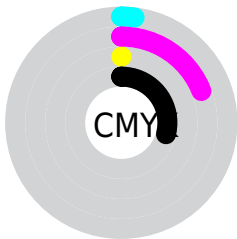
# Distribution



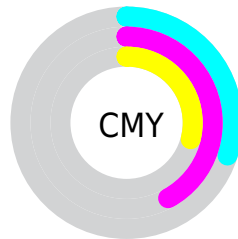
- Red (70%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4289893301 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4289893301 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4289893301

 4289893301

4294967295

 4288117146

 4293577197

 4286406784

 4294960639

 4284762215

 4283183439

 4281605176

 4280288547

 4278190090

 4278190080

 4289893301

 4289893301

 4289757621

 4290028981

 4289687477

 4290099125

 4289551797

 4290234805

 4289481653

 4290304949

 4289345717

 4290440629

 4289210037

 4290576309

 4289139893

 4290641845

 4289004213

 4290772917

 4289003701

 4290838453

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4288321985



4289893301



4290875298

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4289893301



4289763958



4284786860

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4289893301



4288066963

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4285573271



4289893301



4288454776

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4289893301



4290745470



4286948741



4285179324

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4289893301



4291137429



4286948741



4284983461



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4289893301



4293516779



4287862453



4285885813



4294309365



4285887861



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4289893301



4293309931



4290089895



4283977817



4287365273



4279697434



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4290089878



4293637561



4287870369



4284043345



4288217101



4279894018



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4289893301 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

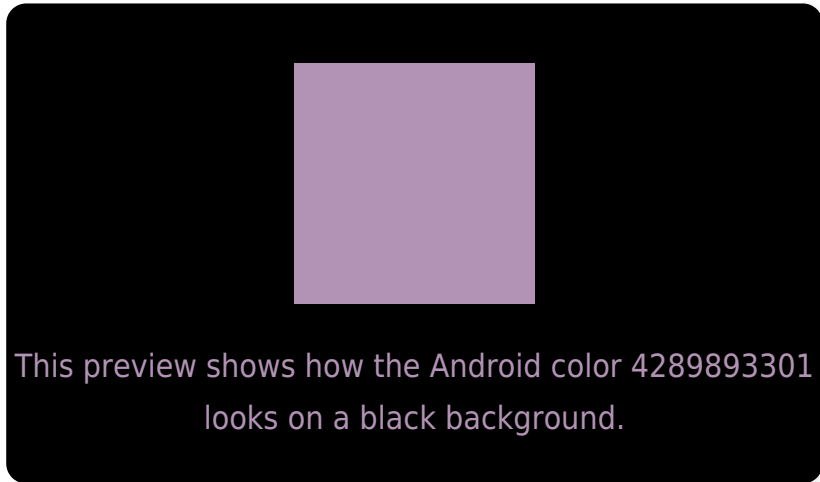
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

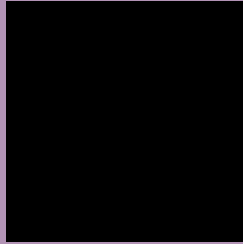
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4289893301 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4289893301.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4289893301.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4289893301

**Protanopia**  
4288126139

**Deuteranopia**  
4288846260



**Tritanopia**  
4289697442

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4289893301

**Protanomaly**  
4288780729

**Deuteranomaly**  
4289238964

**Tritanomaly**  
4289762729

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4289893301

**Achromatopsia**  
4288716960

**Achromatomaly**  
4289174440

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4289893301 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(178, 147, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(178, 147, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 147, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(178, 147, 181) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4289893301 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(178, 147, 181) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(178, 147, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(178, 147, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(178, 147, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 147, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 147,  
181) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4289893301 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(178, 147, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(178,  
147, 181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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