

# Converting Colors

Android(4289992055)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4289992055) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4289992055)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	<a href="#">B41577</a>
RGB	<a href="#">180, 21, 119</a>
RGB Percent	<a href="#">71%, 8%, 47%</a>
CMY	<a href="#">0.2941, 0.9176, 0.5333</a>
CMYK	<a href="#">0.00, 0.88, 0.34, 0.29</a>
HSL	<a href="#">323°, 79%, 39%</a>
HSV	<a href="#">323°, 88%, 71%</a>
XYZ	<a href="#">22.4203, 11.5715, 18.5046</a>
YIQ	<a href="#">79.7130, 63.3060, 64.1860</a>

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

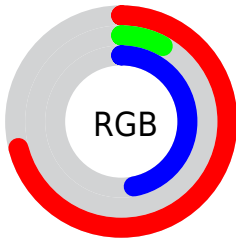
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	180, 21, 119
Decimal	11801975
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	40.53, 65.29, -13.32
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	41, 66.633, 348.467
Y <sub>xy</sub>	11.5715, 0.4271, 0.2204
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289992055 (0xFFB41577)
Y <sub>UV</sub>	79.7130, 19.3685, 87.9517
Hunter-Lab	34.0170, 58.1183, -8.4408

# Details

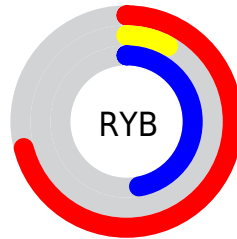
The Android color **4289992055** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **4279612498**, and the grayscale version is **4283387727**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4293941931**, and **4286185543** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4289987440**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4289996670**.

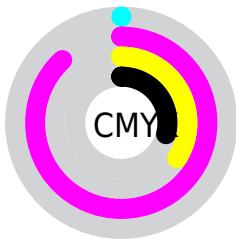
# Distribution



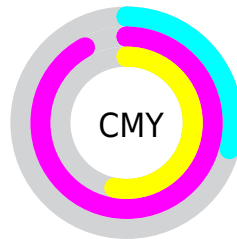
- Red (71%)
- Green (8%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (88%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (92%)
- Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4289992055 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4289992055 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4289992055

 4289992055

4294967295

 4288086110

 4293941931

 4286185543

 4294932167

 4284284976

 4294939619

 4282581020

 4294947071

 4280680449

 4294954495

 4278190080

 4294961919

 4289992055

 4289992055

 4289987440

 4289996670

■ 4289986671

■ 4290001285

■ 4290005900

■ 4290010515

■ 4290015130

■ 4290019744

■ 4290024359

■ 4290028974

■ 4290033589

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4287249833



4289992055



4290515777

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4289992055



4283787008



4278220209

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4289992055



4279612498

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278220673



4289992055



4278219012

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4289992055



4286993920



4278220104



4278217932

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4289992055



4289932830



4278220104



4278220451



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4289992055



4293635026



4283569588



4285878375



4294309365



4285887861



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4289992055



4293591185



4289991976



4284043350



4288217182



4279894032



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4289992055



4293591185



4279612577



4284043350



4288217182



4279894032



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4289992055 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

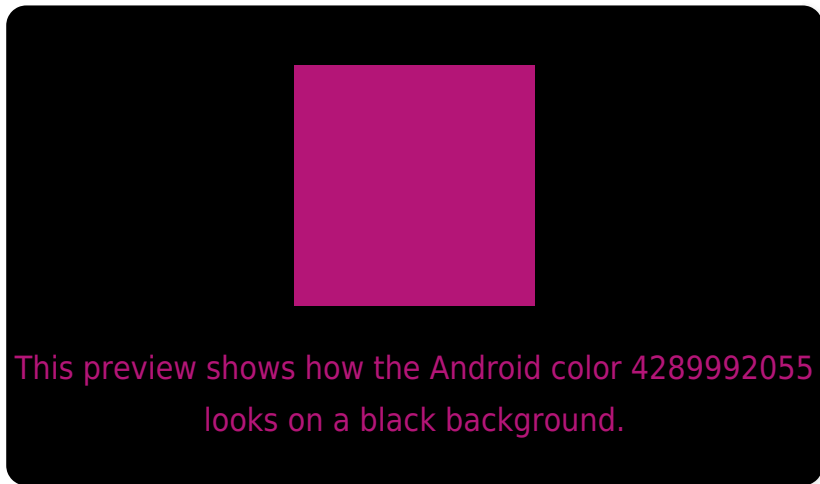
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4289992055 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4289992055.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4289992055.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4289992055

**Protanopia**  
4282474407

**Deuteranopia**  
4284768111



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4289992055

**Protanomaly**  
4285219990

**Deuteranomaly**  
4286661746

**Tritanomaly**  
4289800012

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4289992055

**Achromatopsia**  
4283453520

**Achromatomaly**  
4285807454

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4289992055 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 21, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 21, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 21, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 21, 119) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4289992055 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 21, 119) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 21, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 21, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 21, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 21, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 21,  
119) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4289992055 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 21, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180, 21,  
119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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