

# Converting Colors

Android(4289992780)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4289992780) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4289992780)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B4184C
RGB	180, 24, 76
RGB Percent	71%, 9%, 30%
CMY	0.2941, 0.9059, 0.7020
CMYK	0.00, 0.87, 0.58, 0.29
HSL	340°, 76%, 40%
HSV	340°, 87%, 71%
XYZ	20.4535, 10.8784, 7.8592
YIQ	76.5720, 76.2840, 49.2440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

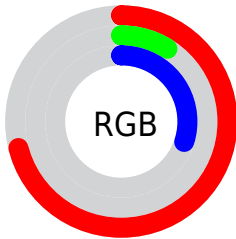
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">180, 24, 76</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11802700</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">39.37, 60.94, 12.20</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">39, 62.151, 11.322</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">10.8784, 0.5219, 0.2776</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289992780 (0xFFB4184C)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">76.5720, -0.2820, 90.7064</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">32.9824, 52.9750, 8.9598</a>

# Details

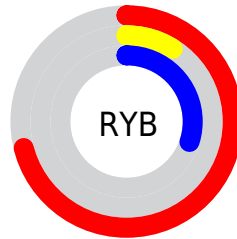
The Android color **4289992780** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3366**. A complement of this color would be **4279809152**, and the grayscale version is **4283256141**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4294007164**, and **4286054433** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4289988160**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4289997400**.

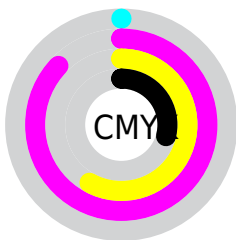
# Distribution



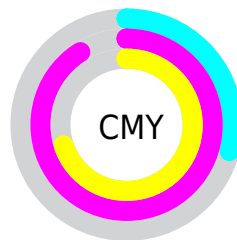
- Red (71%)
- Green (9%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (70%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4289992780 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4289992780 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4289992780

 4289992780

4294967295

 4288020534

 4294007164

 4286054433

 4294932118

 4284153866

 4294939313

 4282384387

 4294946764

 4280090625

 4294954216

 4278190080

 4294961663

 4289992780

 4289992780

 4289988160

 4289997400

■ 4289986620

■ 4290002020

■ 4290006640

■ 4290011260

■ 4290015880

■ 4290020500

■ 4290025120

■ 4290029740

■ 4290034360

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4289013118



4289992780



4289279003

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4289992780



4280380160



4278217661

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4289992780



4279809152

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278219167



4289992780



4278219066

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4289992780



4284506368



4278219375



4278214081

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4289992780



4288038400



4278219375



4278218422



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4289992780



4293635778



4286585012



4285878621



4294309365



4285887861



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4289992780



4293591118



4289999384



4284043347



4288217139



4279894025



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4289992780



4293591118



4279802548



4284043347



4288217139



4279894025



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4289992780 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

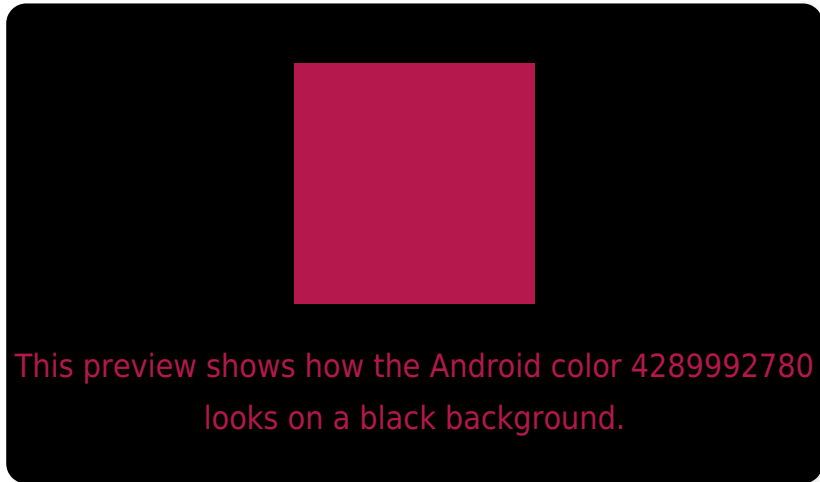
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4289992780 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4289992780.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4289992780.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

4289992780

**Protanopia**

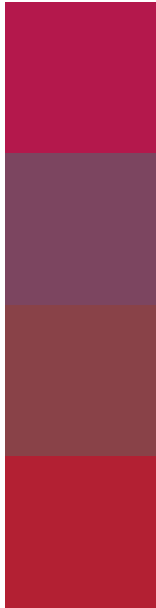
4284243564

**Deuteranopia**

4285553221



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4289992780

**Protanomaly**  
4286334304

**Deuteranomaly**  
4287185480

**Tritanomaly**  
4289929267

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4289992780

**Achromatopsia**  
4283256141

**Achromatomaly**  
4285676109

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4289992780 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 24, 76)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 24, 76)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 24, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 24, 76) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4289992780 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 24, 76) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 24, 76) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 24, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 24, 76); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 24, 76);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 24,  
76) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4289992780 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 24, 76) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180, 24,  
76) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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