

# Converting Colors

Android(4290104552)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4290104552) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4290104552)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B5CCE8
RGB	181, 204, 232
RGB Percent	71%, 80%, 91%
CMY	0.2902, 0.2000, 0.0902
CMYK	0.22, 0.12, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	213°, 53%, 81%
HSV	213°, 22%, 91%
XYZ	55.2144, 58.8357, 84.7902
YIQ	200.3150, -22.6960, 3.8320

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

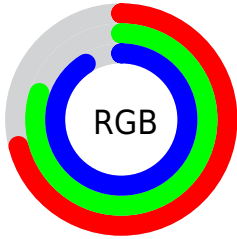
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	181, 197, 232
Decimal	11914472
CIELab	81.20, -1.77, -16.41
CIELCh	81, 16.510, 263.834
Yxy	58.8357, 0.2777, 0.2959
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290104552 (0xFFB5CCE8)
YUV	200.3150, 15.6207, -16.9393
Hunter-Lab	76.7044, -5.7425, -11.8470

# Details

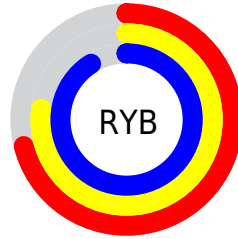
The Android color `4290104552` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `99CCFF`. A complement of this color would be `4293448117`, and the grayscale version is `4291348680`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4293787647`, and `4286551728` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4288593896`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4291615208`.

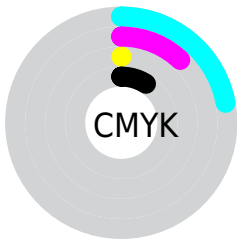
# Distribution



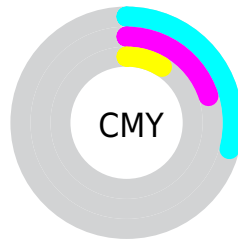
- Red (71%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4290104552 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4290104552 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 4290104552

■ 4290104552

4294967295

■ 4288328140

■ 4293787647

■ 4286551728

■ 4284906646

■ 4283261820

■ 4281682787

■ 4280104267

■ 4278394932

■ 4278191903

■ 4278190083

■ 4290104552

■ 4290104552

■ 4288593896

■ 4291615208

■ 4287083496

■ 4293125608

■ 4285507304

■ 4294701800

■ 4283996648

■ 4294967272

■ 4282485992

■ 4280975592

■ 4279464936

■ 4278217192

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4289122530



4290104552



4291413990

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4290104552



4293640382



4290236599

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4290104552



4293448117

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4291415469



4290104552



4293313457

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4290104552



4293377997



4292462763



4289254342

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4290104552



4292199648



4292462763



4290629555



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4290104552



4293785087



4290111696



4285889152



4278190080



4286611584

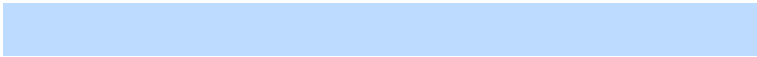


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4290104552



4290632703



4290229736



4284968051



4278210995



4278196019



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4293440972



4294950363



4293322933



4285753196



4289921105

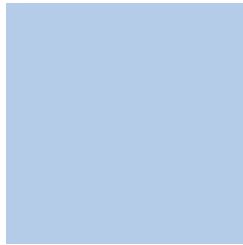


4281532439



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4290104552 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

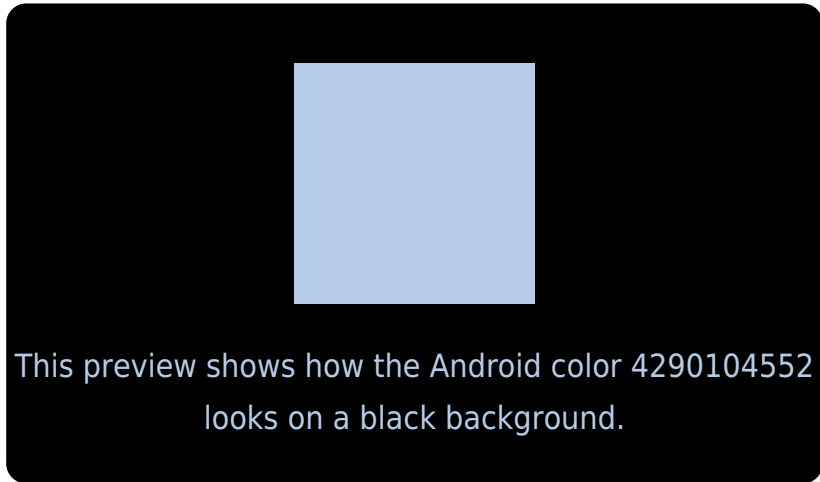
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

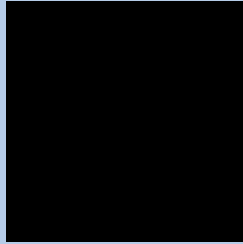
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

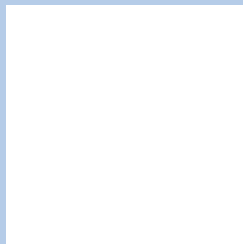
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4290104552 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4290104552.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4290104552.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

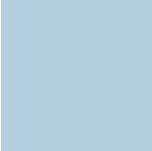
## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4290104552

**Protanopia**  
4291152101

**Deuteranopia**  
4291740906



**Tritanopia**  
4289973982

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4290104552

**Protanomaly**  
4290759142

**Deuteranomaly**  
4291151849

**Tritanomaly**  
4290039266

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4290104552

**Achromatopsia**  
4291348680

**Achromatomaly**  
4290890196

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4290104552 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 204, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 204, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 204, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 204, 232) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4290104552 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 204, 232) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 204, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(181, 204, 232)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 204, 232); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 204, 232); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 204, 232) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4290104552 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 204, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181,  
204, 232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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