

# Converting Colors

Android(4290161343)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4290161343) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4290161343)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B6AABF
RGB	182, 170, 191
RGB Percent	71%, 67%, 75%
CMY	0.2863, 0.3333, 0.2510
CMYK	0.05, 0.11, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	274°, 14%, 71%
HSV	274°, 11%, 75%
XYZ	43.0701, 42.4561, 55.2150
YIQ	175.9820, 0.4110, 9.0750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

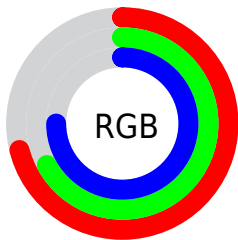
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	182, 170, 191
Decimal	11971263
CIELab	71.18, 8.25, -9.17
CIELCh	71, 12.336, 311.978
Yxy	42.4561, 0.3060, 0.3017
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290161343 (0xFFB6AABF)
YUV	175.9820, 7.4039, 5.2778
Hunter-Lab	65.1584, 3.9625, -4.6313

# Details

The Android color `4290161343` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `999999`. A complement of this color would be `4289970090`, and the grayscale version is `4289769648`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4293845495`, and `4286674570` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4289632191`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4290690495`.

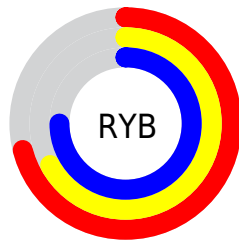
# Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (67%)

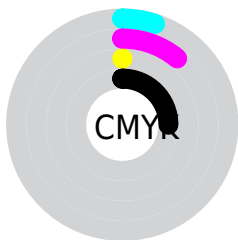
Blue (75%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (75%)

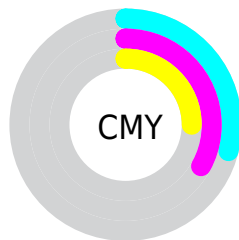


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (29%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (25%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4290161343 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4290161343 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 4290161343

■ 4290161343

4294967295

■ 4288385188

■ 4293845495

■ 4286674570

4294967039

■ 4285029744

■ 4283450968

■ 4281937728

■ 4280490538

■ 4279173142

■ 4278190080

■ 4290161343

■ 4290161343

4289632191

4290690495

4289103039

4291219647

4288508351

4291814335

4287979199

4292343487

4287449791

4292870079

4286920639

4293394367

4286391487

4293918655

4285862335

4294442943

4285333695

4294967231

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4289244868



4290161343



4290881461

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4290161343



4290685849



4287870386

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4290161343



4289970090

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4288328871



4290161343



4289965976

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4290161343



4291143840



4289114781



4287870141

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4290161343



4291143598



4289114781



4287935919

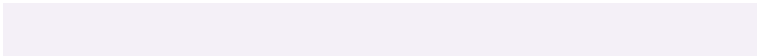


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4290161343



4294242551



4289377215



4286281853



4294769916



4286414205



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4290161343



4293580791



4290751166



4284110174



4284088478



4279304223



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4290751155



4294432741



4289380267



4284372313



4288544836



4280221709



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4290161343 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

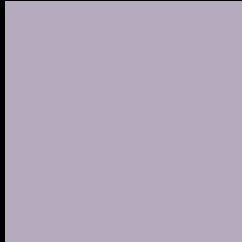
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4290161343 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

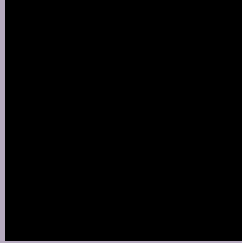
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4290161343 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4290161343.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4290161343.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4290161343

**Protanopia**  
4289506753

**Deuteranopia**  
4290226623



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4290161343

**Protanomaly**  
4289768640

**Deuteranomaly**  
4290226623

**Tritanomaly**  
4290096059

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4290161343

**Achromatopsia**  
4289769648

**Achromatomaly**  
4289900213

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4290161343 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(182, 170, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(182, 170, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 170, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(182, 170, 191) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4290161343 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(182, 170, 191) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(182, 170, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(182, 170, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(182, 170, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 170, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 170,  
191) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4290161343 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(182, 170, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(182,  
170, 191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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