

# Converting Colors

Android(4290259539)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4290259539) contains.

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# Color

**Android(4290259539)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B82A53
RGB	184, 42, 83
RGB Percent	72%, 16%, 33%
CMY	0.2784, 0.8353, 0.6745
CMYK	0.00, 0.77, 0.55, 0.28
HSL	343°, 63%, 44%
HSV	343°, 77%, 72%
XYZ	22.1565, 12.4708, 9.4229
YIQ	89.1320, 71.4710, 42.8550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

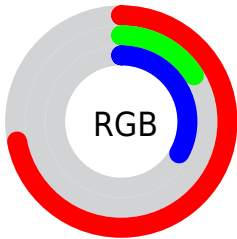
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	184, 42, 83
Decimal	12069459
CIE Lab	41.95, 57.92, 11.46
CIE LCh	42, 59.038, 11.190
Yxy	12.4708, 0.5030, 0.2831
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290259539 (0xFFB82A53)
YUV	89.1320, -3.0231, 83.1992
Hunter-Lab	35.3140, 50.1936, 8.8993

# Details

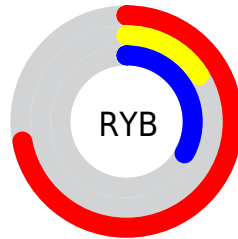
The Android color **4290259539** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3366**. A complement of this color would be **4280989839**, and the grayscale version is **4284045657**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4294272388**, and **4286316583** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4290254918**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4290264160**.

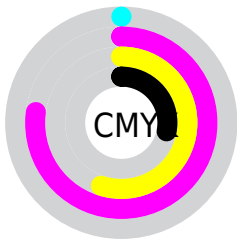
# Distribution



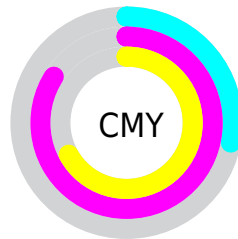
- Red (72%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (72%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (77%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Black (28%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (67%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4290259539 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4290259539 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4290259539

 4290259539

4294967295

 4288282684

 4294272388

 4286316583

 4294934942

 4284416019

 4294942137

 4282646530

 4294949333

 4280614913

 4294956785

 4278190080

 4294964479

 4290259539

 4290259539

 4290254918

 4290264160

■ 4290250041

■ 4290269037

■ 4290248757

■ 4290273658

■ 4290278535

■ 4290283156

■ 4290287778

■ 4290292655

■ 4290297276

■ 4290302153

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4289278851



4290259539



4289543717

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4290259539



4281299210



4278219199

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4290259539



4280989839

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278220706



4290259539



4278220610

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4290259539



4284966656



4278221173



4278215619

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4290259539



4288433664



4278221173



4278219960



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4290259539



4293966280



4287441592



4286076512



4294440951



4286085240



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4290259539



4293923153



4290266666



4284240725



4288413741



4280025096



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4290259539



4293923153



4280982712



4284240725



4288413741



4280025096



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4290259539 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

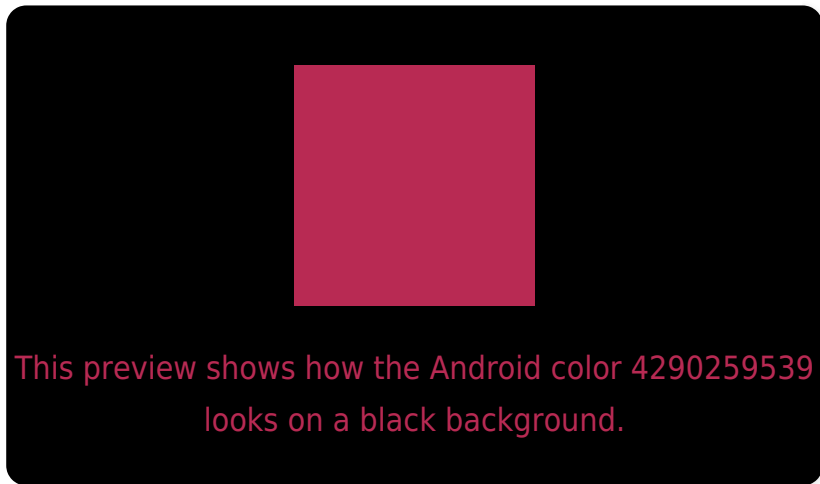
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4290259539 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4290259539.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4290259539.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



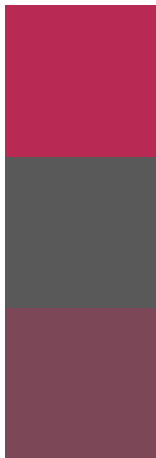
**Original Color**  
4290259539

**Protanomaly**  
4286664293

**Deuteranomaly**  
4287515727

**Tritanomaly**  
4290195263

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4290259539

**Achromatopsia**  
4284045657

**Achromatomaly**  
4286335063

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4290259539 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(184, 42, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(184, 42, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(184, 42, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(184, 42, 83) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4290259539 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(184, 42, 83) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(184, 42, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(184, 42, 83)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(184, 42, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 42, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 42,  
83) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4290259539 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(184, 42, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(184, 42,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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