

# Converting Colors

Android(4290432767)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4290432767) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4290432767)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BACEFF
RGB	186, 206, 255
RGB Percent	73%, 81%, 100%
CMY	0.2706, 0.1922, 0.0000
CMYK	0.27, 0.19, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	223°, 100%, 86%
HSV	223°, 27%, 100%
XYZ	60.3710, 61.8017, 103.3548
YIQ	205.6060, -27.6490, 10.9990

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

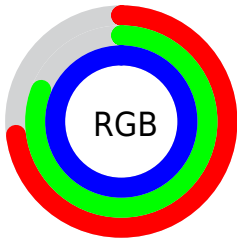
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	186, 202, 255
Decimal	12242687
CIE Lab	82.81, 3.90, -26.20
CIE LCh	83, 26.487, 278.476
Yxy	61.8017, 0.2677, 0.2740
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290432767 (0xFFBACEFF)
YUV	205.6060, 24.3512, -17.1945
Hunter-Lab	78.6141, -0.4971, -22.9194

# Details

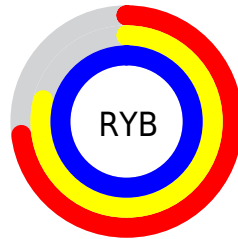
The Android color `4290432767` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be `4294962106`, and the grayscale version is `4291677645`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4294180863`, and `4286814406` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4288789759`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4292075775`.

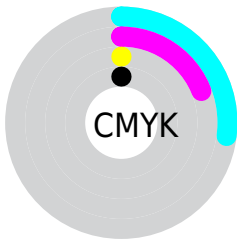
# Distribution



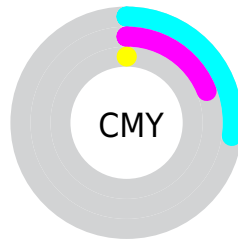
- Red (73%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4290432767 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4290432767 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4290432767

 4290432767

4294967295

 4288590818

 4294180863

 4286814406

 4285103787

 4283393424

 4281748854

 4279973725

 4278198854

 4278192687

 4278190362

■ 4290432767

■ 4290432767

■ 4288789759

■ 4292075775

■ 4287081215

■ 4293784319

■ 4285372671

4294967295

■ 4283729663

■ 4282020863

■ 4280377855

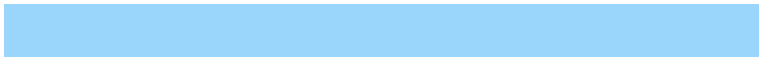
■ 4278734847

■ 4278209279

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4288337660



4290432767



4292593141

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4290432767



4294950832



4288863163

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4290432767



4294962106

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4290696871



4290432767



4294035105

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4290432767



4294950088



4292530077



4287487189

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4290432767



4293771497



4292530077



4289452723



# Sweetspot

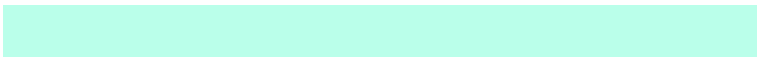
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4290432767



4293652991



4290445290



4285757056



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4290432767



4289578495



4291345151



4285757056



4278204351



4278194752



# Inverse Universe

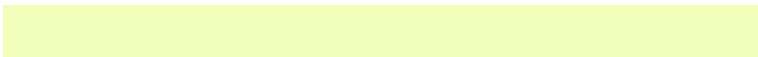
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4294949582



4294946245



4294049722



4286608246



4290707511



4282384402



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4290432767 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

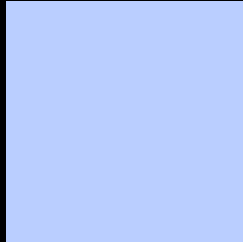
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4290432767 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4290432767 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4290432767.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4290432767.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4290432767

**Protanopia**  
4290956541

**Deuteranopia**  
4291349247



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4290432767

**Protanomaly**  
4290760190

**Deuteranomaly**  
4291021823

**Tritanomaly**  
4290171374

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4290432767

**Achromatopsia**  
4291743438

**Achromatomaly**  
4291284704

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4290432767 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 206, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 206, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 206, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 206, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4290432767 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

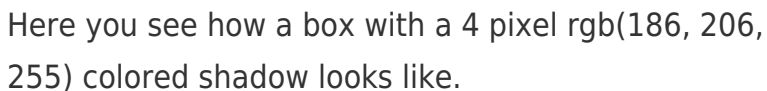
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 206, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 206, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 206, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 206, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 206, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 206,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4290432767 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 206, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
206, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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