

# Converting Colors

Android(4290495639)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4290495639) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4290495639)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BBC497
RGB	187, 196, 151
RGB Percent	73%, 77%, 59%
CMY	0.2667, 0.2314, 0.4078
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.23, 0.23
HSL	72°, 28%, 68%
HSV	72°, 23%, 77%
XYZ	45.8194, 52.2790, 36.9541
YIQ	188.1790, 9.0810, -15.9030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

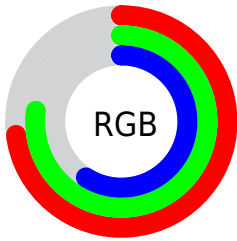
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">151, 196, 160</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12305559</a>
<a href="#">CIELab</a>	<a href="#">77.45, -10.74, 21.61</a>
<a href="#">CIELCh</a>	<a href="#">77, 24.131, 116.432</a>
<a href="#">Yxy</a>	<a href="#">52.2790, 0.3393, 0.3871</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290495639</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFBBC497</a> )
<a href="#">YUV</a>	<a href="#">188.1790, -18.3292, -1.0340</a>
<a href="#">Hunter-Lab</a>	<a href="#">72.3042, -13.4165, 20.3103</a>

# Details

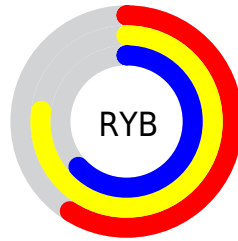
The Android color `4290495639` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCC99`. A complement of this color would be `4288714692`, and the grayscale version is `4290559164`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4294180301`, and `4286942820` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4290233475`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4290757803`.

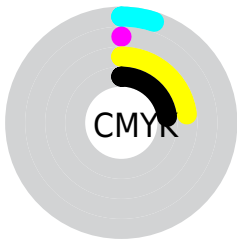
# Distribution



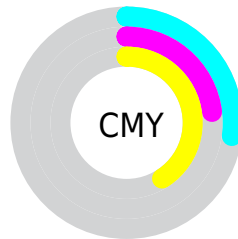
- Red (73%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (41%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4290495639 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4290495639 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4290495639



4290495639

4294967295



4288719229



4294180301



4286942820



4294967274



4285297996



4283653173



4282139935



4280626696



4279114240



4278190080



4290495639



4290495639

 4290233475

 4290757803


 4289971312

 4291019966

 4289709148

 4291282130

 4289446985

 4291544293

 4289184821

 4291806457

 4288922657

 4292068607

 4288726030

 4292265215

 4288529408

 4292527359

 4292789503

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4292066707



4290495639



4288792998

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4290495639



4287154404



4293570755

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4290495639



4288714692

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4292522968



4290495639



4288791275

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4290495639



4286631122



4290821095



4293767340

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4290495639



4287810484



4290821095



4293308618



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4290495639



4294705133



4291076247



4286414965



4278190080



4286611584

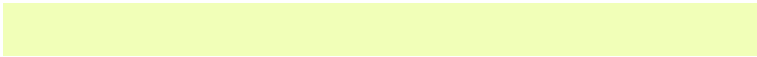


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4290495639



4294049720



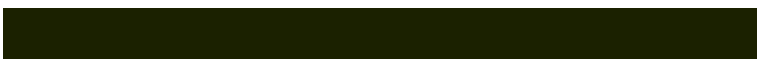
4289053847



4284440919



4286685440



4279968000



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4288714692



4291213567



4290222020



4284045153



4280287393



4278648865



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4290495639 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

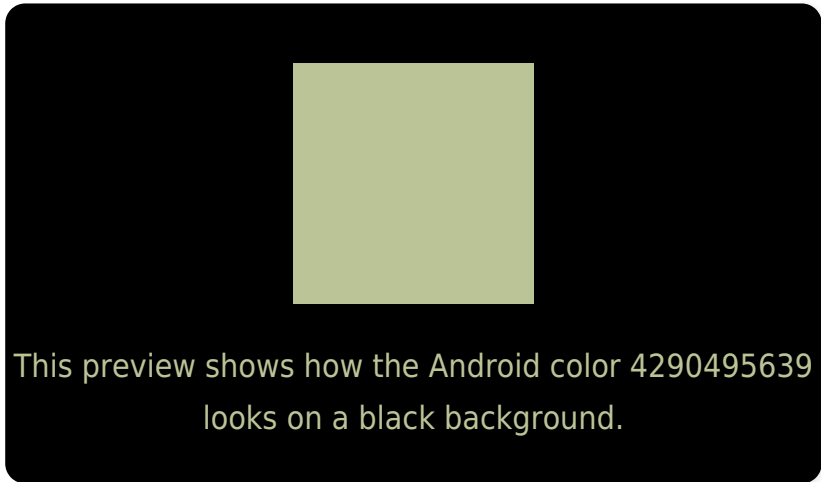
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

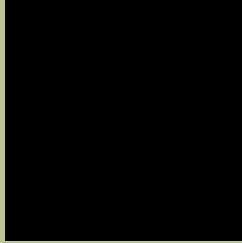
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4290495639 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4290495639.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4290495639.

# Color Blindness Simulation

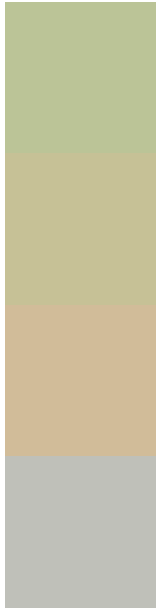
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4290495639

**Protanomaly**  
4291215766

**Deuteranomaly**  
4291935385

**Tritanomaly**  
4290756793

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4290495639

**Achromatopsia**  
4290559164

**Achromatomaly**  
4290559919

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4290495639 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(187, 196, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(187, 196, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(187, 196, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(187, 196, 151) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4290495639 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

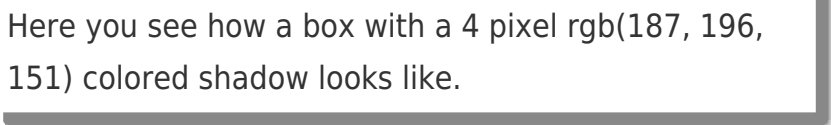
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(187, 196, 151) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(187, 196, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(187, 196, 151)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 196, 151); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 196, 151); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 196, 151) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4290495639 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(187, 196, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(187,  
196, 151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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