

# Converting Colors

Android(4290875648)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4290875648) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4290875648)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C19100
RGB	193, 145, 0
RGB Percent	76%, 57%, 0%
CMY	0.2431, 0.4314, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 1.00, 0.24
HSL	45°, 100%, 38%
HSV	45°, 100%, 76%
XYZ	32.1177, 31.5883, 4.4044
YIQ	142.8220, 75.1530, -34.9190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

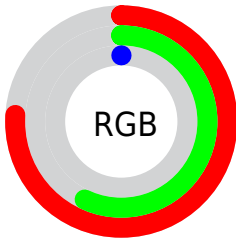
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">64, 193, 0</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12685568</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">63.00, 7.74, 67.55</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">63, 67.996, 83.464</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">31.5883, 0.4716, 0.4638</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290875648</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFC19100</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">142.8220, -70.4112, 44.0061</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">56.2034, 3.6487, 34.6962</a>

# Details

The Android color **4290875648** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9900**. The color can be described as dark washed orange. A complement of this color would be **4278202561**, and the grayscale version is **4287598479**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4294887241**, and **4286996224** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4290875648**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4290876947**.

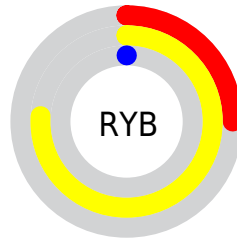
# Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (57%)

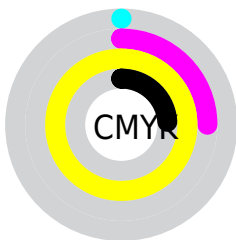
Blue (0%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (0%)

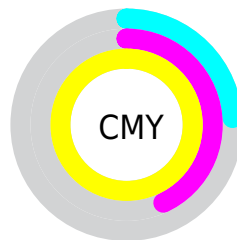


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4290875648 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4290875648 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4290875648

 4290875648

4294967295

 4288903168

 4294887241

 4286996224


 4294959716

 4285155328

 4294967168

 4283314432

 4294967195

 4281539840

 4294967224

 4279960576

 4294967252

 4278190080

 4294967282

 4290875648

 4290876947

 4290878247

 4290879290

 4290880589

 4290881889

 4290883188

 4290884487

 4290885530

 4290886830

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4293687350



4290875648



4287144723

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4290875648



4278236359



4292113121

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4290875648



4278202561

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4286484223



4290875648



4278235385

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4290875648



4278236297



4278232319



4294794664

# Rectangle

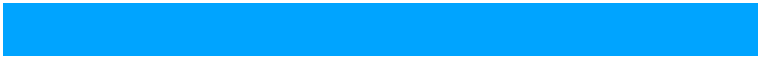
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4290875648



4283935545



4278232319



4290673905

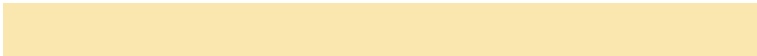


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4290875648



4294633391



4290838576



4286411344



4294769916



4286414205



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4290875648



4294622208



4287742208



4284571223



4288772352



4280359168



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4278202561



4278206202



4281336001



4283914849



4278200481

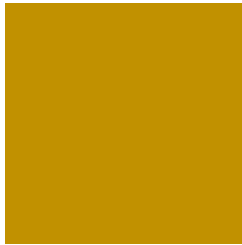


4278192161



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4290875648 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

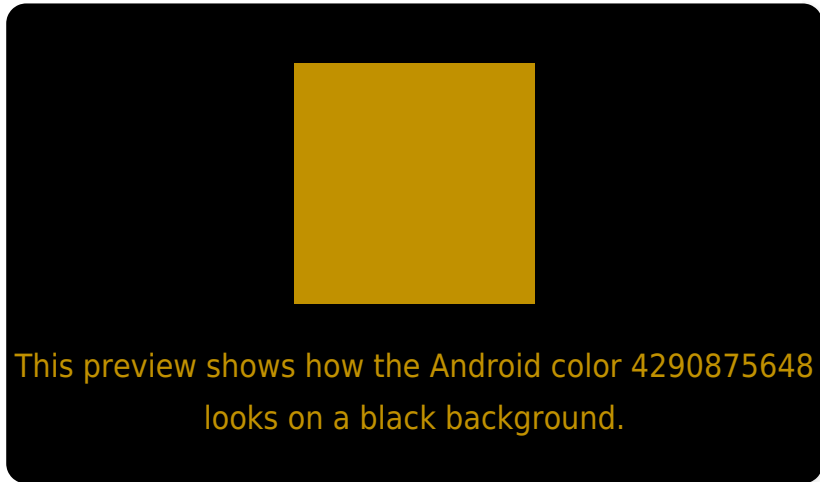
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4290875648 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4290875648.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4290875648.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4290875648

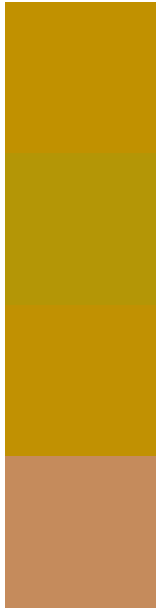
**Protanopia**  
4289501450

**Deuteranopia**  
4290875651



**Tritanopia**  
4291331985

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4290875648

**Protanomaly**  
4290024966

**Deuteranomaly**  
4290875650

**Tritanomaly**  
4291136348

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4290875648

**Achromatopsia**  
4287598479

**Achromatomaly**  
4288778331

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4290875648 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(193, 145, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(193, 145, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 145, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(193, 145, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4290875648 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(193, 145, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(193, 145, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(193, 145, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(193, 145, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 145, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 145,  
0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4290875648 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(193, 145, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(193,  
145, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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