

Converting Colors

Android(4290957782)

Have a look what the booklet for
Android(4290957782) contains.

Android(4290957782)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

Android(4290957782)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C2D1D6
RGB	194, 209, 214
RGB Percent	76%, 82%, 84%
CMY	0.2392, 0.1804, 0.1608
CMYK	0.09, 0.02, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	195°, 20%, 80%
HSV	195°, 9%, 84%
XYZ	57.1862, 61.9253, 72.5571
YIQ	205.0850, -10.5450, -1.6250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

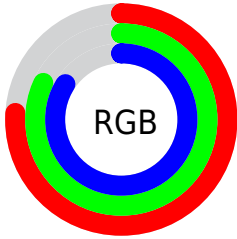
Format	Color
RYB	194, 203, 214
Decimal	12767702
CIELab	82.87, -4.07, -4.22
CIELCh	83, 5.865, 225.999
Yxy	61.9253, 0.2984, 0.3231
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290957782 (0xFFC2D1D6)
YUV	205.0850, 4.3951, -9.7215
Hunter-Lab	78.6926, -7.9956, 0.4176

Details

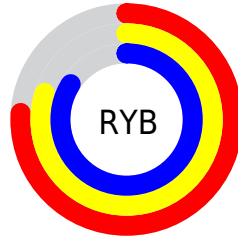
The Android color `4290957782` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `4292265922`, and the grayscale version is `4291677645`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4294705151`, and `4287404959` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4289580246`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4292335318`.

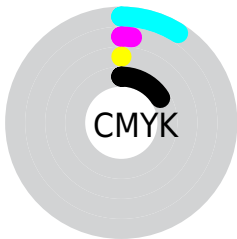
Distribution



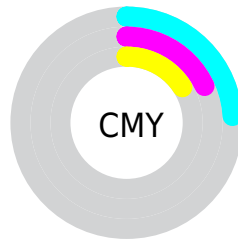
- Red (76%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4290957782 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4290957782 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 4290957782

■ 4290957782

4294967295

■ 4289181114

■ 4294705151

■ 4287404959

■ 4285759877

■ 4284115052

■ 4282536020

■ 4281088317

■ 4279706407

■ 4278193682

■ 4278190080

■ 4290957782

■ 4290957782

■ 4289580246

■ 4292335318

■ 4288136918

■ 4293778646

■ 4286759382

■ 4294959574

■ 4285316310

■ 4294960854

■ 4283938518

■ 4294962390

■ 4282560982

■ 4294963670

■ 4281117910

■ 4294964950

■ 4279740118

■ 4294966486

■ 4278297046

■ 4294967254

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4290892497



4290957782



4291219673

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4290957782



4292398033



4291874756

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4290957782



4292265922

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4292267460



4290957782



4292594635

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4290957782



4292070614



4292529351



4291416263

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4290957782



4291481305



4292529351



4292005571

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4290957782



4294442495



4290959047



4286217856



4278190080



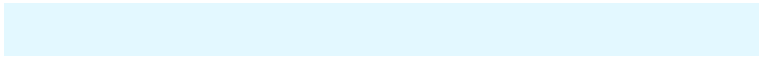
4286611584

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4290957782



4293130495



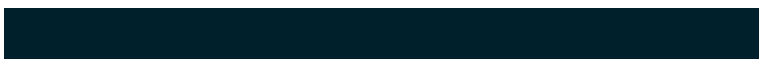
4290955222



4284508267



4278223019



4278198571

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4292264657



4294960120



4292268482



4285227112



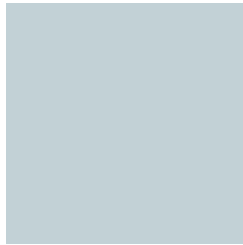
4289396864



4281008161

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4290957782 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

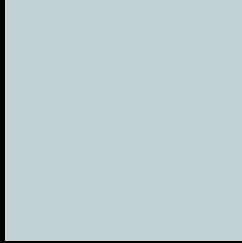
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4290957782 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

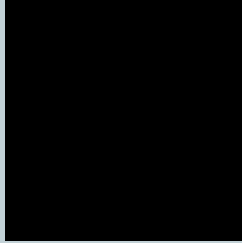
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

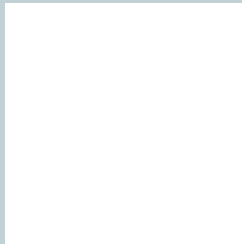
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Android 4290957782 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4290957782.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4290957782.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

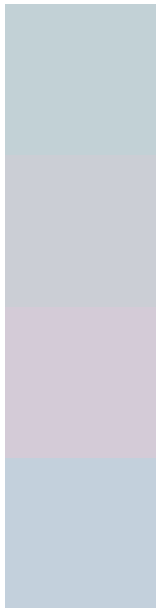
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
4291088352

Trichromacy



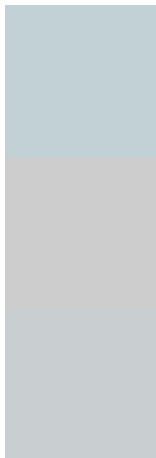
Original Color
4290957782

Protanomaly
4291546837

Deuteranomaly
4292135895

Tritanomaly
4291023068

Monochromacy



Original Color
4290957782

Achromatopsia
4291677645

Achromatomaly
4291415760

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4290957782 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 209, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 209, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 209, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 209, 214) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4290957782 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 209, 214) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 209, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 209, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 209, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 209, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 209,  
214) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4290957782 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 209, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
209, 214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor