

# Converting Colors

Android(4291075651)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4291075651) contains.

<b>Android(4291075651)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# **Color**

**Android(4291075651)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C49E43
RGB	196, 158, 67
RGB Percent	77%, 62%, 26%
CMY	0.2314, 0.3804, 0.7373
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.66, 0.23
HSL	42°, 52%, 52%
HSV	42°, 66%, 77%
XYZ	36.0049, 36.5947, 10.4760
YIQ	158.9880, 51.8590, -20.2450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

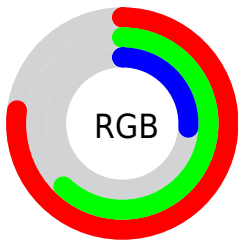
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	121, 196, 67
Decimal	12885571
CIELab	66.97, 4.14, 51.41
CIELCh	67, 51.577, 85.393
Yxy	36.5947, 0.4334, 0.4405
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291075651 (0xFFC49E43)
YUV	158.9880, -45.3501, 32.4595
Hunter-Lab	60.4936, 0.3769, 32.0779

# Details

The Android color **4291075651** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9933**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **4282608068**, and the grayscale version is **4288651167**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4294956151**, and **4287326986** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4291074095**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4291077207**.

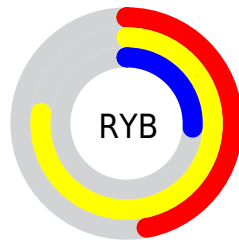
# Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (62%)

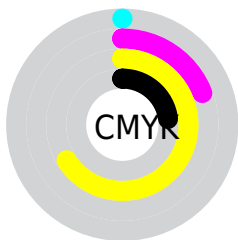
Blue (26%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (77%)

Blue (26%)

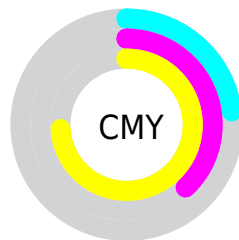


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (66%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (74%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4291075651 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4291075651 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4291075651



4291075651

4294967295



4289168425



4294956151



4287326986



4294963602



4285485824



4294967213



4283710464



4294967241



4282001152



4294967270



4280357632



4278190080



4291075651



4291075651



4291074095



4291077207

■ 4291072540

■ 4291078762

■ 4291071240

■ 4291080062

■ 4291070464

■ 4291081617

■ 4291083173

■ 4291084729

■ 4291086028

■ 4291087584

■ 4291089139

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4293365079



4291075651



4288130123

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4291075651



4278237897



4292184024

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4291075651



4282608068

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4288322295



4291075651



4278236654

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4291075651



4278237850



4281248511



4294212780

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4291075651



4285707103



4281248511



4291136997



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4291075651



4294963404



4291052394



4286608993



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4291075651



4294951990



4289381443



4284571223



4288770304



4280358656



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4282608068



4281758207



4284302276



4283914849



4278202273

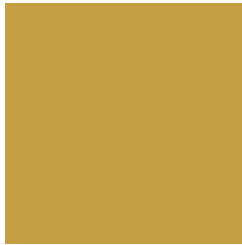


4278192673



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4291075651 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

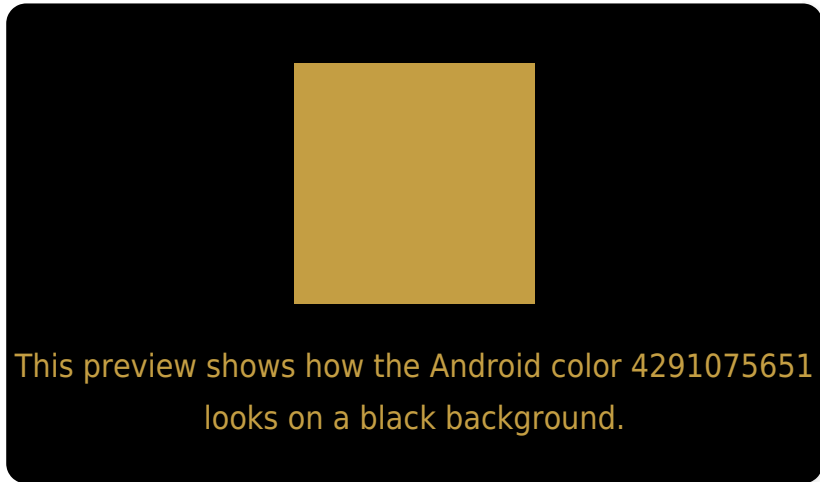
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4291075651 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4291075651.

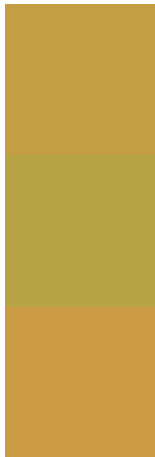


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4291075651.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4291075651

**Protanopia**  
4290159429

**Deuteranopia**  
4291533636



**Tritanopia**  
4291531936

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4291075651

**Protanomaly**  
4290486596

**Deuteranomaly**  
4291337284

**Tritanomaly**  
4291336318

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4291075651

**Achromatopsia**  
4288651167

**Achromatomaly**  
4289503102

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4291075651 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 158, 67)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 158, 67)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 158, 67) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 158, 67) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4291075651 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 158, 67) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 158, 67) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 158, 67)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 158, 67); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 158, 67);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 158,  
67) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4291075651 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 158, 67) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
158, 67) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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