

# Converting Colors

Android(4291151264)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4291151264) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4291151264)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C5C5A0
RGB	197, 197, 160
RGB Percent	77%, 77%, 63%
CMY	0.2275, 0.2275, 0.3725
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.19, 0.23
HSL	60°, 24%, 70%
HSV	60°, 19%, 77%
XYZ	49.3374, 54.3409, 41.1462
YIQ	192.7820, 11.8770, -11.5070

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

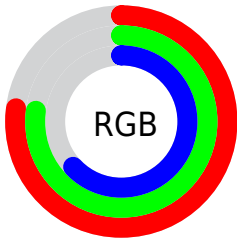
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	160, 197, 160
Decimal	12961184
CIELab	78.66, -6.18, 18.61
CIELCh	79, 19.612, 108.372
Yxy	54.3409, 0.3407, 0.3752
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291151264 (0xFFC5C5A0)
YUV	192.7820, -16.1615, 3.6992
Hunter-Lab	73.7163, -9.5357, 18.5075

# Details

The Android color `4291151264` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCC99`. A complement of this color would be `4288716997`, and the grayscale version is `4290888129`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4294901463`, and `4287598444` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4291151244`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4291151284`.

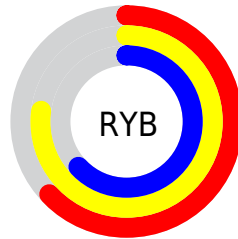
# Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (77%)

Blue (63%)



Red (63%)

Yellow (77%)

Blue (63%)

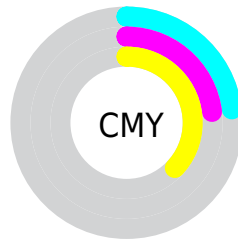


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (37%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4291151264 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4291151264 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4291151264



4291151264

4294967295



4289374854



4294901463



4287598444



4294967283



4285888084



4284243261



4282664486



4281151249



4279835392




4278190080




4291151264



4291151264

 4291151244


 4291151284


 4291151225


 4291151303

 4291151205


 4291151323


 4291151185

 4291151343


 4291151166

 4291151359

 4291151146

 4291151126

 4291151106

 4291151104

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4292394911



4291151264



4289776298

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4291151264



4288007133



4293113803

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4291151264



4288716997

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4292066011



4291151264



4289054438

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4291151264



4287876557



4290625765



4293506744

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4291151264



4288924853



4290625765



4292851921



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4291151264



4294967280



4291141792



4286611575



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4291151264



4294967236



4289971616



4284703578



4288914176



4280558592



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4288716997



4291085567



4289962181



4284111459



4278190243



4278190116



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4291151264 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

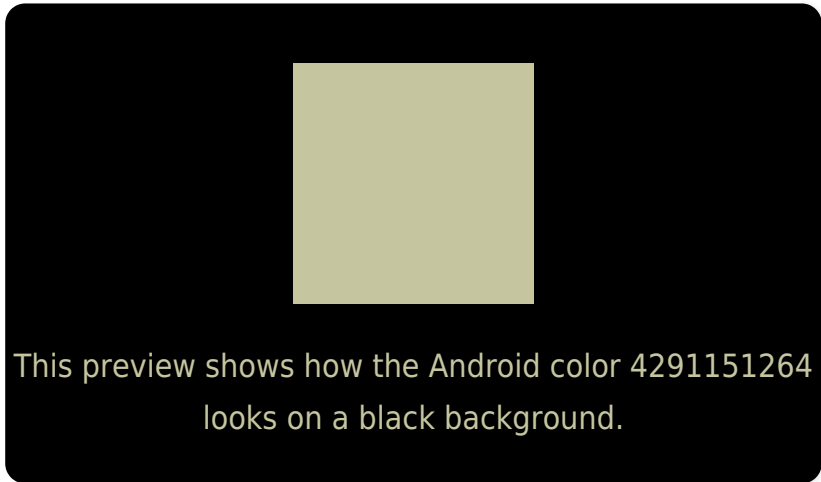
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

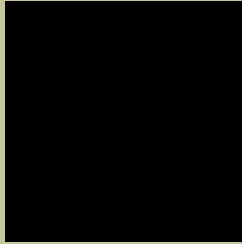
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

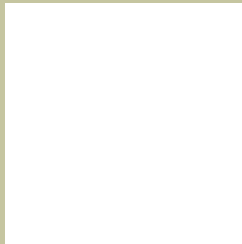
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4291151264 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4291151264.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4291151264.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

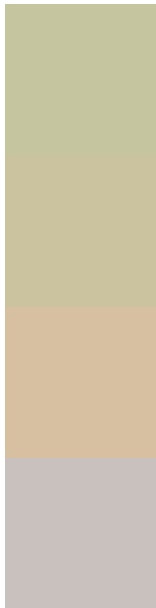
## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
4291542990

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4291151264

**Protanomaly**  
4291543967

**Deuteranomaly**  
4292329377

**Tritanomaly**  
4291412413

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4291151264

**Achromatopsia**  
4290888129

**Achromatomaly**  
4290953909

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4291151264 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 197, 160)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 197, 160)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 197, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 197, 160) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4291151264 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

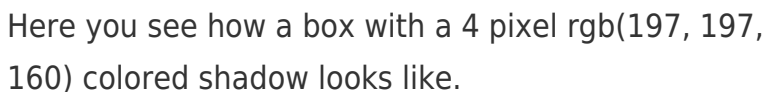
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 197, 160) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 197, 160) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 197, 160)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 197, 160); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 197, 160); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 197, 160) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4291151264 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 197, 160) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
197, 160) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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