

Converting Colors

Android(4291203993)

Have a look what the booklet for
Android(4291203993) contains.

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Color

Android(4291203993)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | C69399 |
| RGB | 198, 147, 153 |
| RGB Percent | 78%, 58%, 60% |
| CMY | 0.2235, 0.4235, 0.4000 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.26, 0.23, 0.22 |
| HSL | 353°, 31%, 68% |
| HSV | 353°, 26%, 78% |
| XYZ | 39.4722, 35.1731, 34.8457 |
| YIQ | 162.9330, 28.4700, 12.6780 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

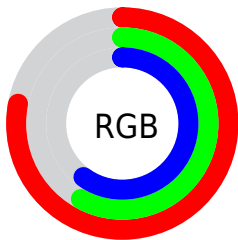
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 198, 147, 153 |
| Decimal | 13013913 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 65.88, 20.09, 4.38 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 66, 20.565, 12.285 |
| Yxy | 35.1731, 0.3605, 0.3212 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4291203993 (0xFFC69399) |
| YUV | 162.9330, -4.8970, 30.7538 |
| Hunter-Lab | 59.3069, 15.0150, 6.6791 |

Details

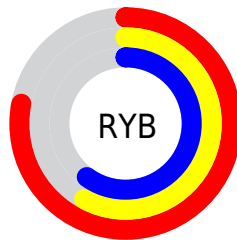
The Android color `4291203993` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC9999`. A complement of this color would be `4287874752`, and the grayscale version is `4288914339`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4294953423`, and `4287586406` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4291198856`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4291209130`.

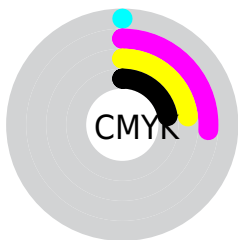
Distribution



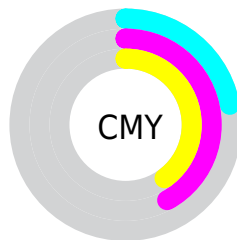
- Red (78%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (22%)




- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4291203993 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4291203993 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 4291203993

 4291203993

4294967295

 4289362303

 4294953423

 4287586406

 4294960619

 4285876302


 4284166455

 4282587938


 4281074700

 4278583296


 4278190080

 4291203993

 4291203993

 4291198856


 4291209130

 4291193718

 4291214268

 4291188837

 4291219149


 4291183699

 4291224287

 4291178562

 4291229424

 4291173424

 4291231743

 4291168287

 4291166231

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4290679980



4291203993



4291008136

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4291203993



4287735428



4286424515

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4291203993



4287874752

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4285442488



4291203993



4286425748

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4291203993



4289110396



4285508519



4287995844

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4291203993



4290615680



4285508519



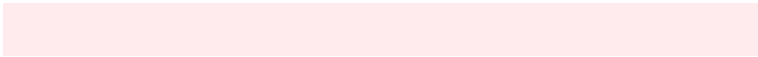
4285966272

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4291203993



4294962157



4290745286



4286608244



4278190080



4286611584

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4291203993



4294947001



4291208851



4284701275



4288872467



4280549380

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4291203993



4294947001



4287869894



4284701275



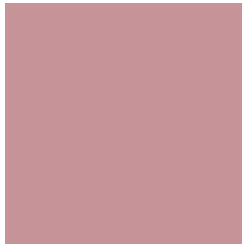
4288872467



4280549380

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4291203993 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

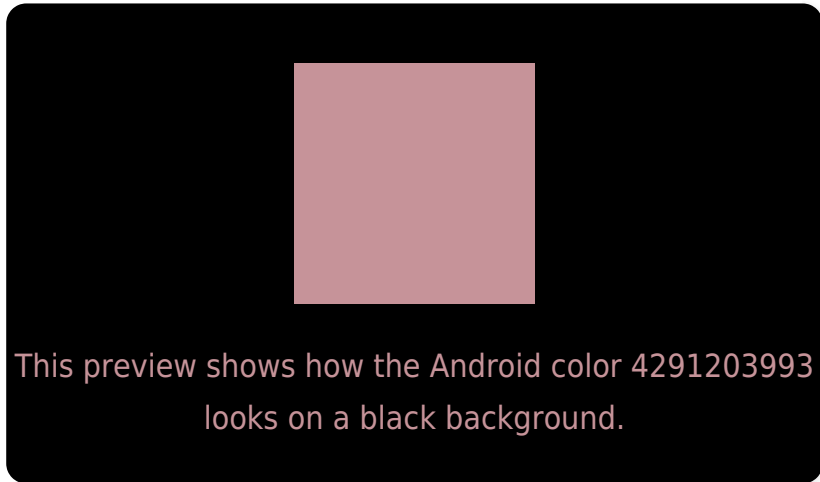
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

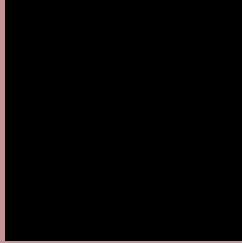
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Android 4291203993 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4291203993.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4291203993.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
4291203993

Protanopia
4288913568

Deuteranopia
4289960856



Tritanopia
4291269278

Trichromacy



Original Color
4291203993

Protanomaly
4289764253

Deuteranomaly
4290418840

Tritanomaly
4291269276

Monochromacy



Original Color
4291203993

Achromatopsia
4288914339

Achromatomaly
4289764767

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4291203993 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 147, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 147, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 147, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 147, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4291203993 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

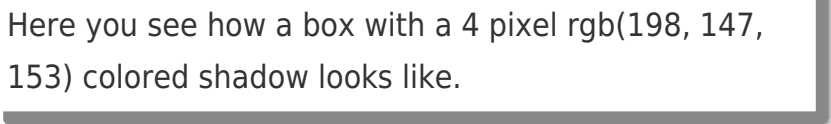
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 147, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 147, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 147, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 147, 153); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 147, 153); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 147, 153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4291203993 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 147, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
147, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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