

# Converting Colors

Android(4291219156)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4291219156) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4291219156)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C6CED4
RGB	198, 206, 212
RGB Percent	78%, 81%, 83%
CMY	0.2235, 0.1922, 0.1686
CMYK	0.07, 0.03, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	206°, 14%, 80%
HSV	206°, 7%, 83%
XYZ	57.2437, 60.9018, 71.0255
YIQ	204.2920, -6.6940, 0.1700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

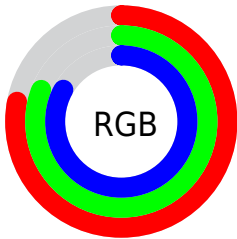
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	198, 203, 212
Decimal	13029076
CIE Lab	82.33, -1.57, -3.93
CIE LCh	82, 4.228, 248.176
Yxy	60.9018, 0.3026, 0.3219
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291219156 (0xFFC6CED4)
YUV	204.2920, 3.8000, -5.5181
Hunter-Lab	78.0396, -5.6359, 0.6667

# Details

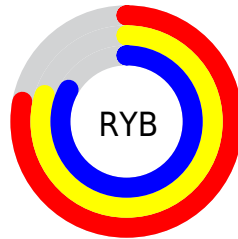
The Android color `4291219156` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `4292136134`, and the grayscale version is `4291611852`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4294967295`, and `4287666333` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4289840596`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4292597716`.

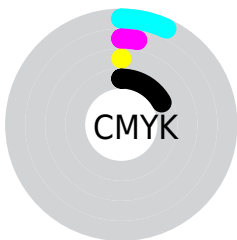
# Distribution



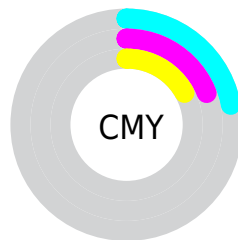
- Red (78%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (17%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4291219156 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4291219156 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 4291219156

■ 4291219156

4294967295

■ 4289442744

■ 4287666333

■ 4286021251

■ 4284376426

■ 4282797394

■ 4281349691

■ 4279968037

■ 4278192657

■ 4278190080

■ 4291219156

■ 4291219156

■ 4289840596

■ 4292597716

■ 4288462036

■ 4293976276

■ 4287017940

■ 4294961620

■ 4285639380

■ 4294963924

■ 4284260820

■ 4294966228

■ 4282882004

■ 4294967252

■ 4281503444

■ 4280059348

■ 4278680788

# Harmonies

## Analogous

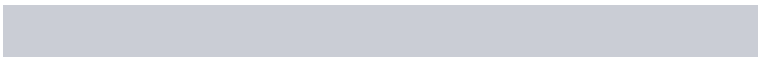
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4291088338



4291219156



4291481045

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4291219156



4292201164



4291481286

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4291219156



4292136134

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4291808709



4291219156



4292201416

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4291219156



4292070352



4292070598



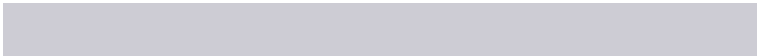
4291219402

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4291219156



4291677396



4292070598



4291612358



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4291219156



4294639103



4291220684



4286414464



4278190080



4286611584

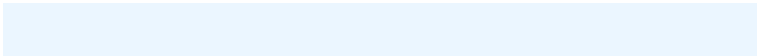


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4291219156



4293654271



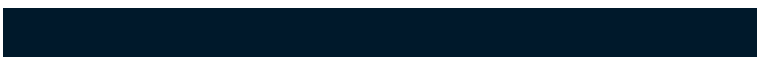
4291217364



4284508011



4278215339



4278196523



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4292134606



4294962166



4292137926



4285227111



4289396834

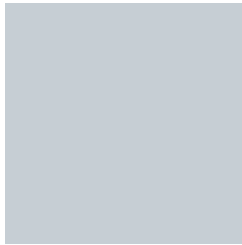


4281008153



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4291219156 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

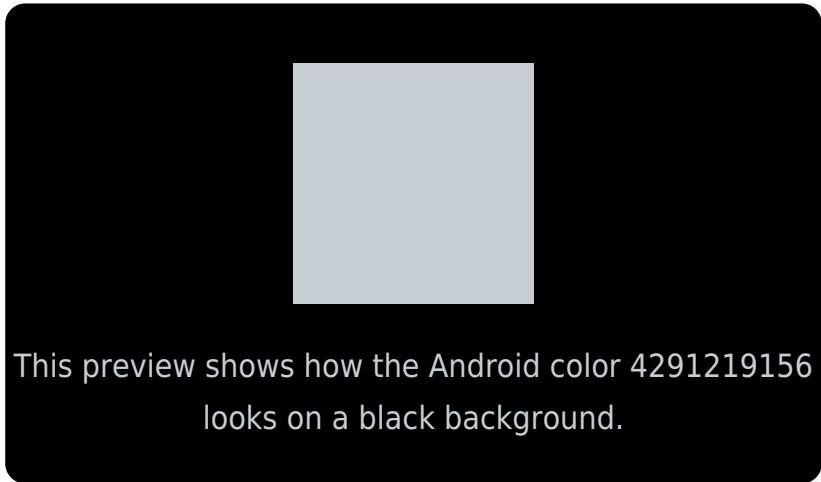
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

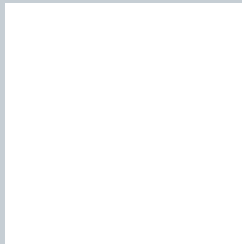
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4291219156 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4291219156.

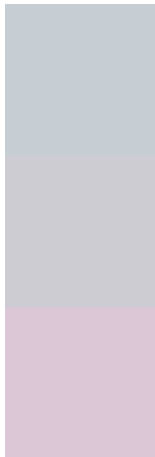


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4291219156.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

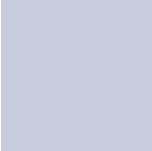
## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4291219156

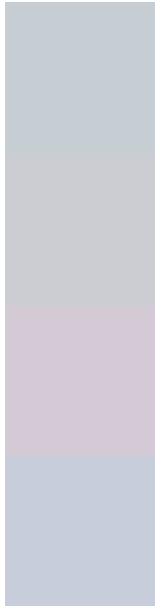
**Protanopia**  
4291742931

**Deuteranopia**  
4292659158



**Tritanopia**  
4291284445

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4291219156

**Protanomaly**

4291546579

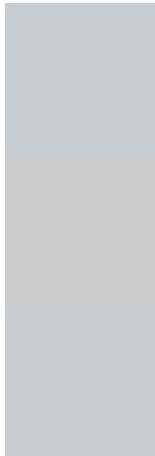
**Deuteranomaly**

4292135637

**Tritanomaly**

4291284442

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4291219156

**Achromatopsia**

4291611852

**Achromatomaly**

4291481039

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4291219156 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 206, 212)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 206, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 206, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 206, 212) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4291219156 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

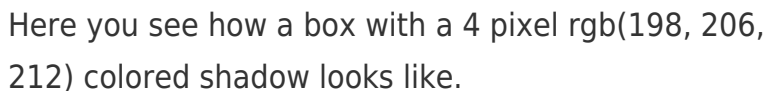
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 206, 212) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 206, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 206, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 206, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 206, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 206,  
212) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4291219156 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 206, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
206, 212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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