

# Converting Colors

Android(4291282411)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4291282411) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4291282411)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C7C5EB
RGB	199, 197, 235
RGB Percent	78%, 77%, 92%
CMY	0.2196, 0.2275, 0.0784
CMYK	0.15, 0.16, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	243°, 49%, 85%
HSV	243°, 16%, 92%
XYZ	58.5148, 58.0728, 86.7224
YIQ	201.9300, -11.0060, 12.2420

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

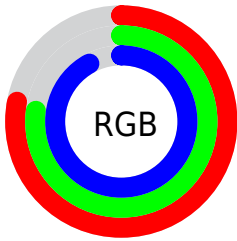
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	199, 197, 235
Decimal	13092331
CIE Lab	80.78, 8.20, -18.53
CIE LCh	81, 20.262, 293.865
Yxy	58.0728, 0.2878, 0.2856
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291282411 (0xFFC7C5EB)
YUV	201.9300, 16.3035, -2.5696
Hunter-Lab	76.2055, 3.7027, -14.1286

# Details

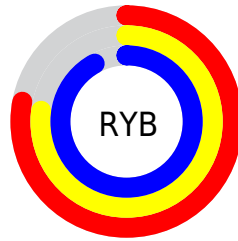
The Android color `4291282411` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be `4293520325`, and the grayscale version is `4291480266`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4294967039`, and `4287729587` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4289834731`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4292730347`.

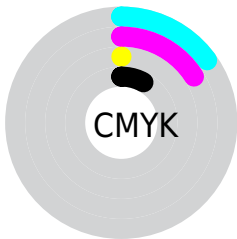
# Distribution



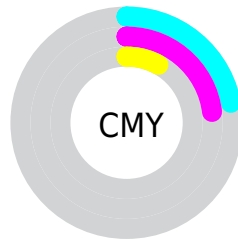
- Red (78%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (8%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4291282411 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4291282411 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4291282411



4291282411

4294967295



4289505999

4294967039



4287729587



4286019224



4284374398



4282795621



4281282381



4279769910



4278321185



4278190086

 4291282411

 4291282411

 4289834731

 4292730347

 4288321259

 4294243563

 4286873323

 4294967275

 4285425643

 4283977707

 4282464491

 4281016811

 4279568875

 4278976747

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4289645550



4291282411



4292788191

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4291282411



4293574827



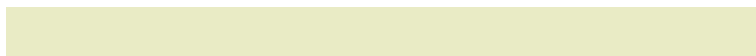
4288664516

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4291282411



4293520325

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4289843634



4291282411



4292593315

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4291282411



4293967034



4291284134



4288074711

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4291282411



4293442772



4291284134



4288992189



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4291282411



4294177535



4291160555



4286085248



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4291282411



4291940351



4292527595



4285164149



4278845621



4278386742



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4293641705



4294955004



4292275141



4285885045



4290052268

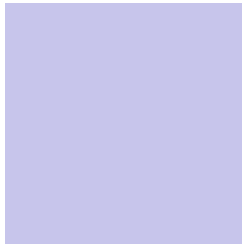


4281729075



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4291282411 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

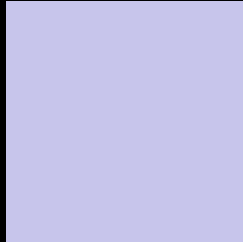
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4291282411 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

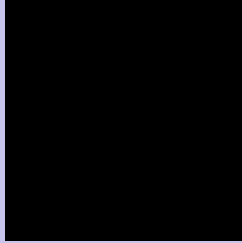
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4291282411 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4291282411.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4291282411.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4291282411

**Protanopia**  
4290889708

**Deuteranopia**  
4291544299



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4291282411

**Protanomaly**  
4291020524

**Deuteranomaly**  
4291478763

**Tritanomaly**  
4291151839

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4291282411

**Achromatopsia**  
4291480266

**Achromatomaly**  
4291414230

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4291282411 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 197, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 197, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 197, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 197, 235) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4291282411 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 197, 235) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 197, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(199, 197, 235)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 197, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 197, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 197,  
235) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4291282411 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 197, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199,  
197, 235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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