

# Converting Colors

Android(4291418110)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4291418110) contains.

<b>Android(4291418110)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# **Color**

**Android(4291418110)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C9D7FE
RGB	201, 215, 254
RGB Percent	79%, 84%, 100%
CMY	0.2118, 0.1569, 0.0039
CMYK	0.21, 0.15, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	224°, 96%, 89%
HSV	224°, 21%, 100%
XYZ	66.2772, 68.1741, 103.4317
YIQ	215.2600, -20.8630, 9.1610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

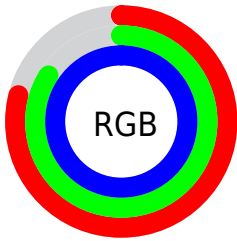
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	201, 212, 254
Decimal	13228030
CIE Lab	86.09, 3.32, -20.58
CIE LCh	86, 20.849, 279.176
Yxy	68.1741, 0.2786, 0.2866
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291418110 (0xFFC9D7FE)
YUV	215.2600, 19.0988, -12.5060
Hunter-Lab	82.5676, -1.2110, -16.4747

# Details

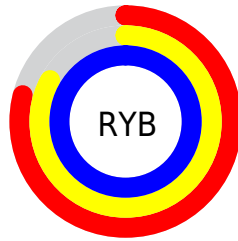
The Android color `4291418110` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be `4294897865`, and the grayscale version is `4292335575`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4294967295`, and `4287799493` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4289774846`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4293061374`.

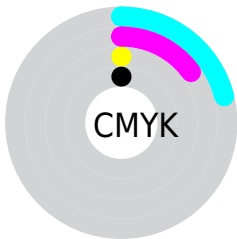
# Distribution



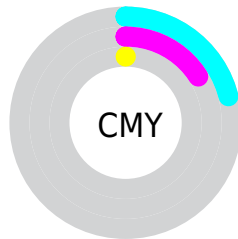
- Red (79%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4291418110 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4291418110 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 4291418110

4294967295

■ 4291418110

■ 4289575905

■ 4287799493

■ 4286088874

■ 4284444047

■ 4282799478

■ 4281220701

■ 4279642181

■ 4278195247

■ 4278190362

■ 4291418110

■ 4291418110

■ 4289774846

■ 4293061374

■ 4288066302

■ 4294769918

■ 4286423038

4294967294

■ 4284714238

■ 4283071230

■ 4281427966

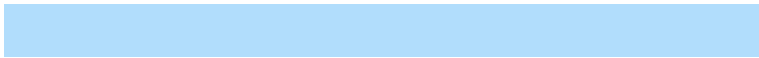
■ 4279719166

■ 4278207486

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4289846780



4291418110



4293120246

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4291418110



4294954175



4290110153

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4291418110



4294897865

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4291485368



4291418110



4294169011

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4291418110



4294953682



4292991152



4289127389

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4291418110



4294036972



4292991152



4290503107



# Sweetspot

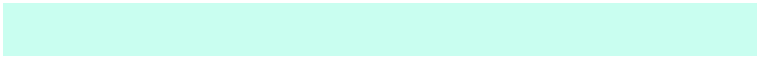
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4291418110



4293981439



4291428080



4286019968



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4291418110



4290760959



4292200958



4285757056



4278203327



4278194496



# Inverse Universe

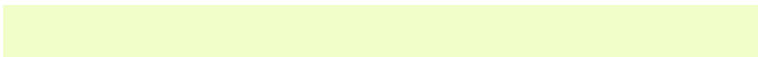
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4294887895



4294950864



4294115017



4286608246



4290707507



4282384401



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4291418110 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

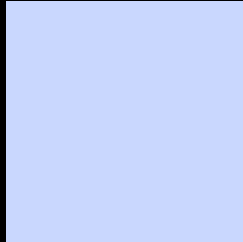
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4291418110 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4291418110 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4291418110.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4291418110.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

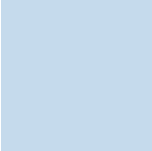
## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4291418110

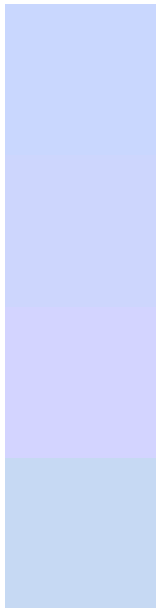
**Protanopia**  
4291810813

**Deuteranopia**  
4292465407



**Tritanopia**  
4291156716

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4291418110

**Protanomaly**  
4291679997

**Deuteranomaly**  
4292072703

**Tritanomaly**  
4291222003

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4291418110

**Achromatopsia**  
4292335575

**Achromatomaly**  
4292007909

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4291418110 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(201, 215, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 215, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 215, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 215, 254) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4291418110 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

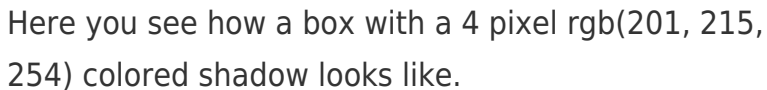
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 215, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 215, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(201, 215, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 215, 254); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 215, 254); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 215, 254) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4291418110 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 215, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201,  
215, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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