

# Converting Colors

Android(4291598204)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4291598204) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4291598204)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CC977C
RGB	204, 151, 124
RGB Percent	80%, 59%, 49%
CMY	0.2000, 0.4078, 0.5137
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.39, 0.20
HSL	20°, 44%, 64%
HSV	20°, 39%, 80%
XYZ	39.6065, 36.4258, 24.0122
YIQ	163.7690, 40.2550, 2.8390

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

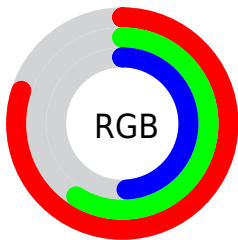
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	204, 165, 124
Decimal	13408124
CIE Lab	66.84, 16.38, 22.00
CIE LCh	67, 27.426, 53.339
Yxy	36.4258, 0.3959, 0.3641
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291598204 (0xFFCC977C)
YUV	163.7690, -19.6061, 35.2826
Hunter-Lab	60.3538, 11.5195, 18.6587

# Details

The Android color **4291598204** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **4286362060**, and the grayscale version is **4288980132**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **4294954417**, and **4287915083** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **4291594600**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **4291601808**.

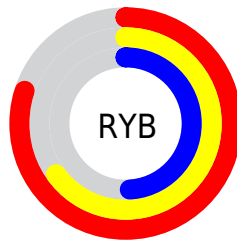
# Distribution



Red (80%)

Green (59%)

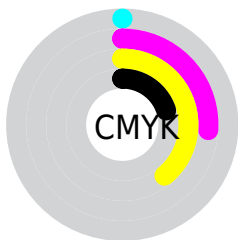
Blue (49%)



Red (80%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (49%)

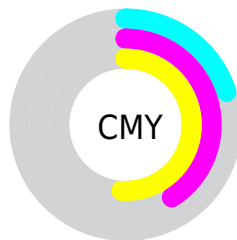


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (39%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (20%)

Magenta (41%)


Yellow (51%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4291598204 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4291598204 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4291598204

 4291598204

4294967295

 4289756515

 4294954417

 4287915083

 4294961868

 4286139444

 4294967272


 4284429598


 4282720007


 4281076224

 4278648832

 4278190080

 4291598204


 4291598204

 4291594600

 4291601808

 4291591251


 4291605157


 4291587647


 4291608761

 4291584298


 4291612110

 4291580694

 4291615714

 4291577346

 4291619062

 4291577088

 4291622655

 4291624959

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4292120976



4291598204



4290355058

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4291598204



4285051036



4288650960

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4291598204



4286362060

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4286293971



4291598204



4283936949

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4291598204



4286885252



4284394953



4290614976

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4291598204



4289308018



4284394953



4287865298

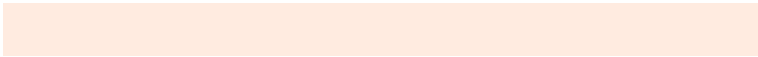


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4291598204



4294962144



4291591345



4286608494



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4291598204



4294946951



4291608444



4284899164



4289083392



4280683776

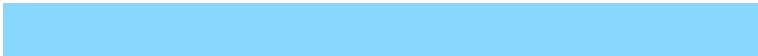


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4286362060



4287092735



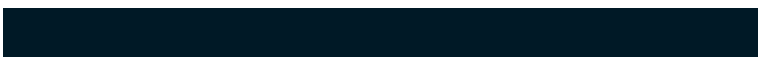
4286351820



4284244838



4278218406



4278196518



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4291598204 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

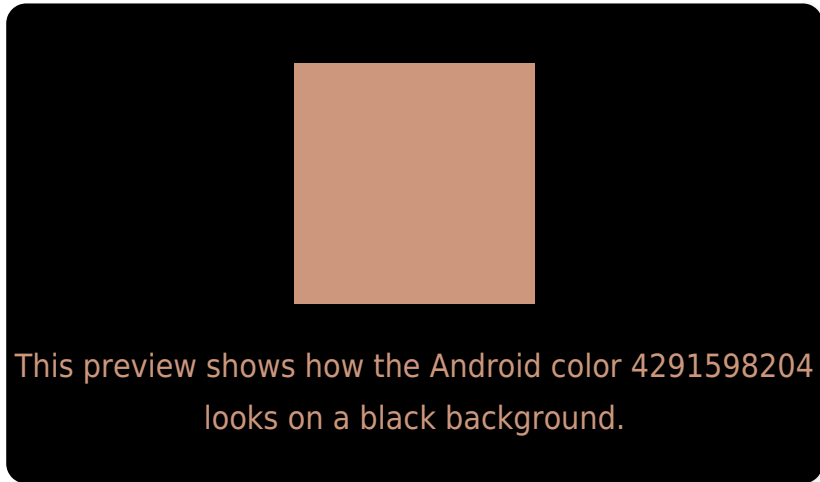
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

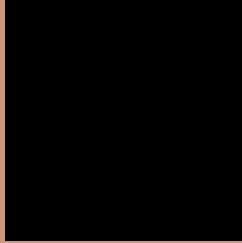
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4291598204 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4291598204.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4291598204.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
4291793566

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4291598204

**Protanomaly**  
4290289535

**Deuteranomaly**  
4291074683

**Tritanomaly**  
4291728530

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4291598204

**Achromatopsia**  
4288980132

**Achromatomaly**  
4289961877

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4291598204 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(204, 151, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 151, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 151, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 151, 124) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4291598204 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 151, 124) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 151, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(204, 151, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 151, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 151, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 151,  
124) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4291598204 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 151, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204,  
151, 124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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