

# Converting Colors

Android(4291674596)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4291674596) contains.

<b>Android(4291674596)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# **Color**

**Android(4291674596)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CDC1E4
RGB	205, 193, 228
RGB Percent	80%, 76%, 89%
CMY	0.1961, 0.2431, 0.1059
CMYK	0.10, 0.15, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	261°, 39%, 83%
HSV	261°, 15%, 89%
XYZ	58.2504, 56.7205, 81.2768
YIQ	200.5780, -4.0830, 13.4290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

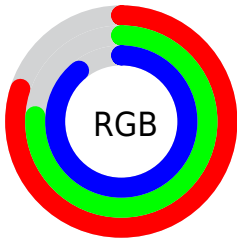
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	205, 193, 228
Decimal	13484516
CIE Lab	80.02, 10.82, -15.87
CIE LCh	80, 19.207, 304.283
Yxy	56.7205, 0.2968, 0.2890
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291674596 (0xFFCDC1E4)
YUV	200.5780, 13.5190, 3.8781
Hunter-Lab	75.3130, 6.2620, -11.2659

# Details

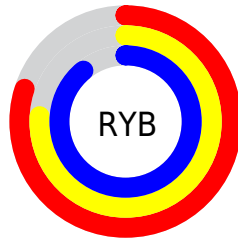
The Android color `4291674596` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be `4292404417`, and the grayscale version is `4291348680`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4294965759`, and `4288121773` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4290685668`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4292663524`.

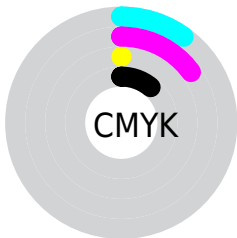
# Distribution



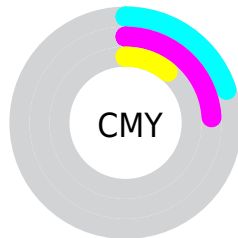
- Red (80%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)




- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (11%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4291674596 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4291674596 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4291674596

 4291674596

4294967295

 4289832648

 4294965759

 4288121773

 4286411410

 4284701048


 4283122271

 4281609288

 4280162097

 4278845469

 4278190080

 4291674596

 4291674596

 4290685668

 4292663524

 4289696740

 4293652452

 4288708068

 4294639588

 4287719140

 4294967268

 4286730212

 4285741284

 4284752356

 4283763684

 4283302116

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4290168810



4291674596



4292918486

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4291674596



4293050535



4288401864

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4291674596



4292404417

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4289384374



4291674596



4292003491

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4291674596



4293639347



4290694057



4288139482

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4291674596



4293442251



4290694057



4288664002



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4291674596



4294439679



4290894052



4286216320



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4291674596



4292989439



4292788708



4285228915



4282187955



4279304243



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4293181912



4294955503



4291290305



4285753199



4289921141

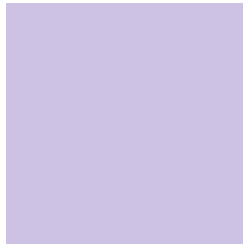


4281532450



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4291674596 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

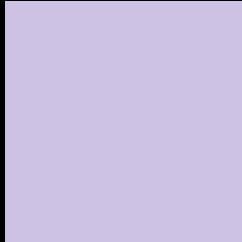
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4291674596 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

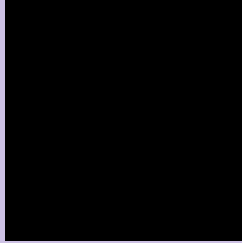
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4291674596 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4291674596.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4291674596.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4291674596

**Protanopia**  
4290823654

**Deuteranopia**  
4291609060



**Tritanopia**  
4291478739

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4291674596

**Protanomaly**  
4291151077

**Deuteranomaly**  
4291609060

**Tritanomaly**  
4291544025

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4291674596

**Achromatopsia**  
4291414473

**Achromatomaly**  
4291479251

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4291674596 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 193, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 193, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 193, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 193, 228) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4291674596 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

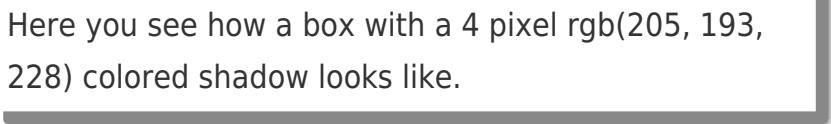
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 193, 228) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 193, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 193, 228)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 193, 228); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 193, 228); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 193, 228) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4291674596 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 193, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205,  
193, 228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor