

# Converting Colors

Android(4291752178)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4291752178) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4291752178)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CEF0F2
RGB	206, 240, 242
RGB Percent	81%, 94%, 95%
CMY	0.1922, 0.0588, 0.0510
CMYK	0.15, 0.01, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	183°, 58%, 88%
HSV	183°, 15%, 95%
XYZ	72.6407, 81.8528, 95.9750
YIQ	230.0620, -20.9060, -6.5860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

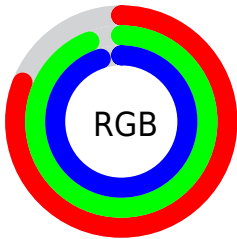
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	206, 223, 242
Decimal	13562098
CIE Lab	92.51, -10.57, -4.68
CIE LCh	93, 11.561, 203.857
Yxy	81.8528, 0.2900, 0.3268
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291752178 (0xFFCEFF0F2)
YUV	230.0620, 5.8854, -21.1024
Hunter-Lab	90.4725, -15.0087, 0.4348

# Details

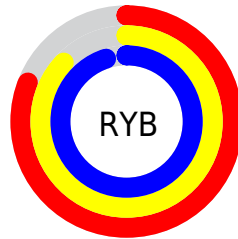
The Android color `4291752178` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCFFFF`. A complement of this color would be `4294103246`, and the grayscale version is `4293322470`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4294967295`, and `4288133306` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4290179058`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4293325298`.

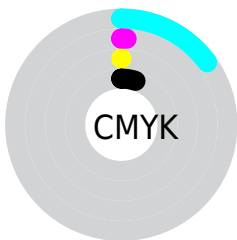
# Distribution



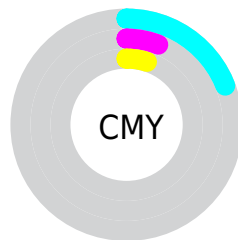
- Red (81%)
- Green (94%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)




- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (5%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4291752178 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4291752178 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4291752178

 4291752178

4294967295


 4289909974

 4288133306

 4286422431

 4284777349





















 4283132524

 4281553491

 4280039996

 4278527271

 4278194450

 4291752178	 4291752178
 4290179058	 4293325298
 4288605682	 4294898674
 4286967026	 4294964466
 4285393906	 4294964722
 4283820530	 4294965234
 4282247410	 4294965490
 4280674290	 4294965746
 4279035378	 4294966258
 4278248946	 4294966514

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4292014311



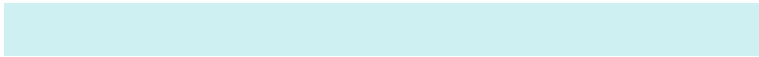
4291752178



4291948283

# Triad

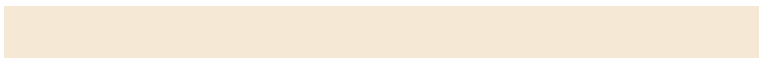
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4291752178



4294370551



4294306004

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



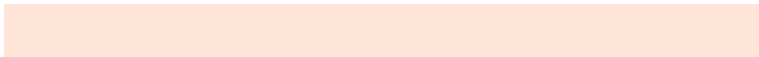
4291752178



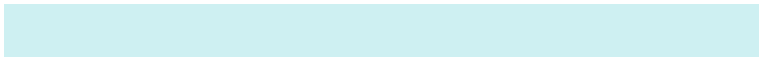
4294103246

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4294895064



4291752178



4294959852

# Square

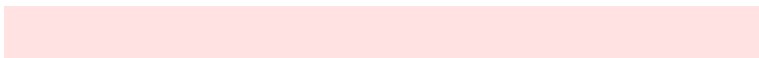
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4291752178



4293519358



4294959841



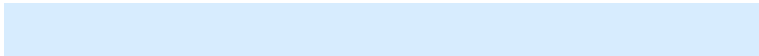
4293520597

# Rectangle

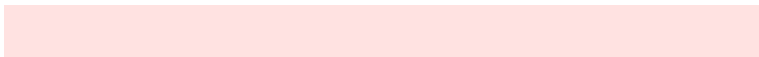
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



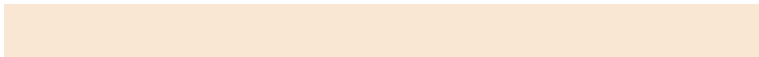
4291752178



4292340990



4294959841



4294567892



# Sweetspot

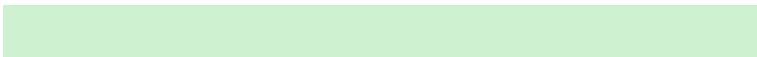
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4291752178



4294311679



4291752656



4286152576



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4291752178



4291951871



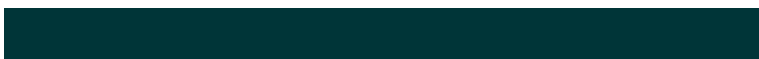
4291747570



4285298552



4278234552



4278203704



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4294102768



4294955516



4294107854



4286082167



4290248877

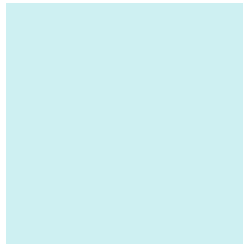


4281860149



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4291752178 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

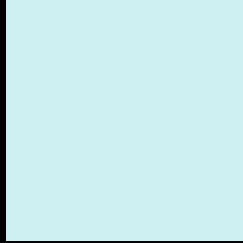
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4291752178 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

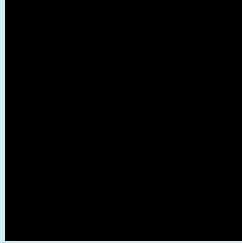
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

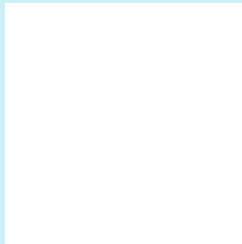
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4291752178 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4291752178.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4291752178.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





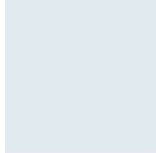
**Tritanopia**  
4292079103

# Trichromacy



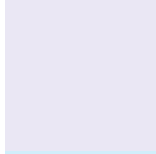
**Original Color**

4291752178



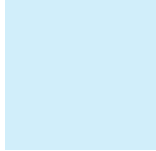
**Protanomaly**

4292996079



**Deuteranomaly**

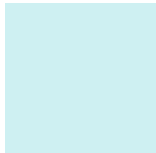
4293584884



**Tritanomaly**

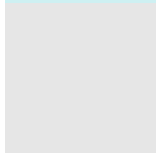
4291948282

# Monochromacy



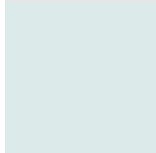
**Original Color**

4291752178



**Achromatopsia**

4293322470



**Achromatomaly**

4292733674

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4291752178 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(206, 240, 242)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 240, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 240, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 240, 242) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4291752178 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 240, 242) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 240, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 240, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(206, 240, 242); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 240, 242);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 240,  
242) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4291752178 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 240, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
240, 242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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