

# Converting Colors

Android(4291924626)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4291924626) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4291924626)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D19292
RGB	209, 146, 146
RGB Percent	82%, 57%, 57%
CMY	0.1804, 0.4275, 0.4275
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.30, 0.18
HSL	0°, 41%, 70%
HSV	0°, 30%, 82%
XYZ	41.7617, 36.1884, 31.9781
YIQ	164.8370, 37.5480, 13.3560

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

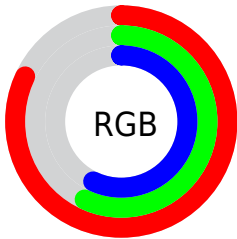
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">209, 146, 146</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13734546</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">66.66, 23.81, 9.58</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">67, 25.663, 21.923</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">36.1884, 0.3799, 0.3292</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291924626</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFD19292</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">164.8370, -9.2866, 38.7310</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">60.1568, 18.6428, 10.5924</a>

# Details

The Android color `4291924626` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC9999`. A complement of this color would be `4287812049`, and the grayscale version is `4289045925`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4294953160`, and `4288241504` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4291919229`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4291930023`.

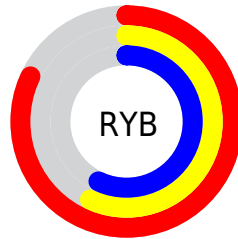
# Distribution



Red (82%)

Green (57%)

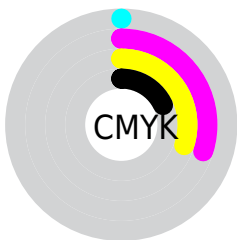
Blue (57%)



Red (82%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (57%)

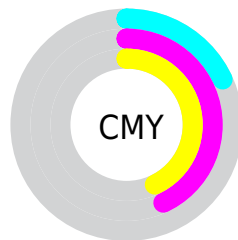


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (18%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (43%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4291924626 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4291924626 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4291924626



4291924626

4294967295



4290082936



4294953160



4288241504



4294960612



4286465864



4284755762



4283046173



4281467394



4279566336



4278190080




4291924626



4291924626

 4291919229

 4291930023

 4291913832

 4291935420

 4291908435

 4291940817

 4291903038

 4291946214

 4291897641

 4291951354

 4291892501

 4291952639

 4291887104

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4291596969



4291924626



4291467135

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4291924626



4287081605



4286424783

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4291924626



4287812049

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4284722374



4291924626



4285443995

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4291924626



4288783991



4284395443



4288519885

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4291924626



4290747511



4284395443



4285704397

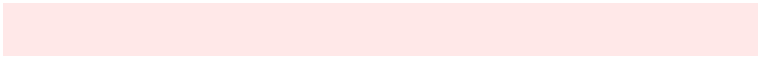


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4291924626



4294961384



4291924689



4286607729



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4291924626



4294943651



4291932818



4285095518



4289200128



4280877056



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4287812049



4288937983



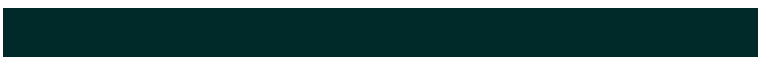
4287804113



4284377449



4278233256



4278200617



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4291924626 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

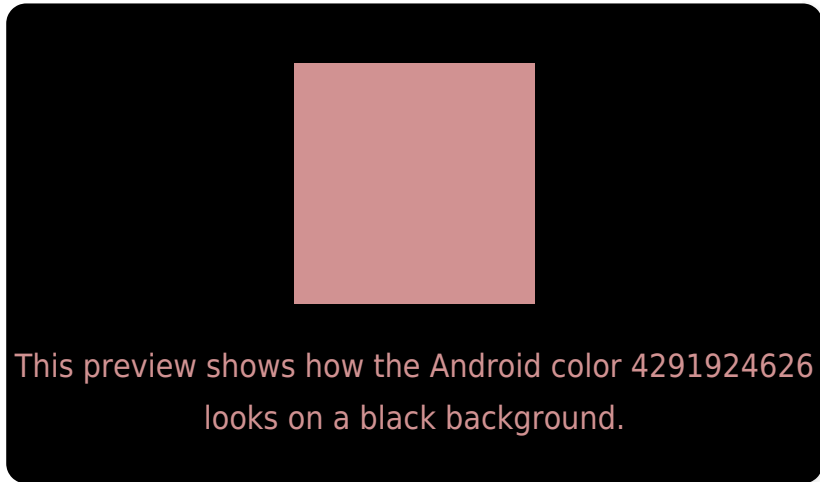
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4291924626 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4291924626.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4291924626.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
4291989916

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4291924626

**Protanomaly**  
4290157719

**Deuteranomaly**  
4290943377

**Tritanomaly**  
4291989912

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4291924626

**Achromatopsia**  
4289045925

**Achromatomaly**  
4290092702

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4291924626 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(209, 146, 146)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 146, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 146, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 146, 146) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4291924626 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 146, 146) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 146, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 146, 146)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 146, 146); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 146, 146); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 146, 146) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4291924626 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 146, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
146, 146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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