

# Converting Colors

Android(4292074723)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4292074723) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4292074723)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D3DCE3
RGB	211, 220, 227
RGB Percent	83%, 86%, 89%
CMY	0.1725, 0.1373, 0.1098
CMYK	0.07, 0.03, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	206°, 22%, 86%
HSV	206°, 7%, 89%
XYZ	66.3223, 70.5813, 82.8010
YIQ	218.1070, -7.6110, 0.2690

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

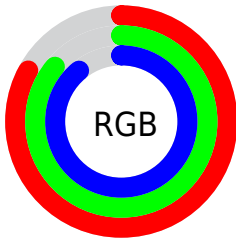
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	211, 217, 227
Decimal	13884643
CIE Lab	87.28, -1.69, -4.48
CIE LCh	87, 4.791, 249.289
Yxy	70.5813, 0.3019, 0.3213
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292074723 (0xFFD3DCE3)
YUV	218.1070, 4.3842, -6.2328
Hunter-Lab	84.0127, -6.1086, 0.3740

# Details

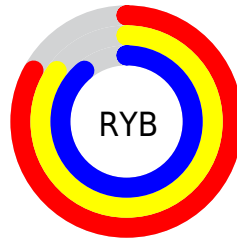
The Android color `4292074723` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `4293122771`, and the grayscale version is `4292532954`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4294967295`, and `4288456108` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4290564835`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4293584611`.

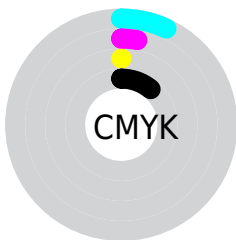
# Distribution



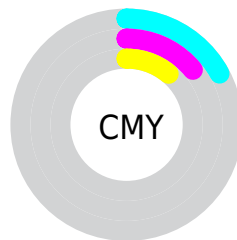
- Red (83%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4292074723 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4292074723 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 4292074723

■ 4292074723

4294967295

■ 4290232519

■ 4288456108

■ 4286745489

■ 4285100408

■ 4283521375

■ 4282008135

■ 4280560433

■ 4279244572

■ 4278190080

 4292074723

 4292074723

 4290564835

 4293584611

 4289120483

 4294963427

 4287610595


 4294965987

 4286100707

 4294967267

 4284656355

 4283146467

 4281636579

 4280126947

 4278682595

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4291878368



4292074723



4292402148

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4292074723



4293253337



4292402388

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4292074723



4293122771

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4292729810



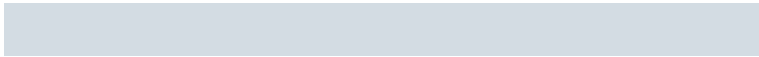
4292074723



4293253333

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



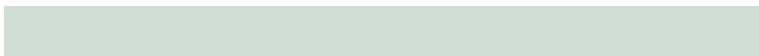
4292074723



4293056734



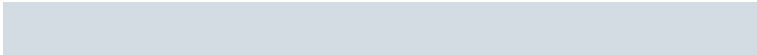
4293056978



4292074967

# Rectangle

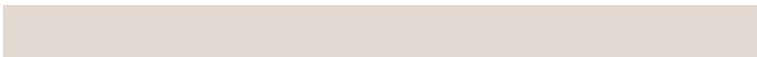
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4292074723



4292664035



4293056978



4292533459



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4292074723



4294639103



4292076506



4286414464



4278190080



4286611584

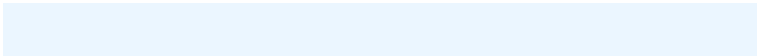


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4292074723



4293654271



4292072675



4284968563



4278215859



4278197555



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4293120988



4294962166



4293124819



4285753198



4289921124

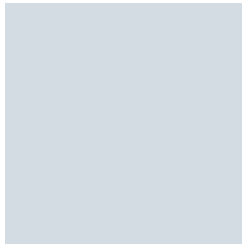


4281532445



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4292074723 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

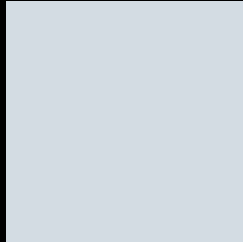
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4292074723 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

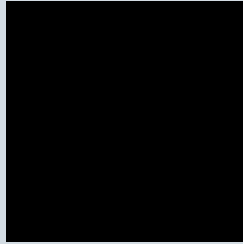
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

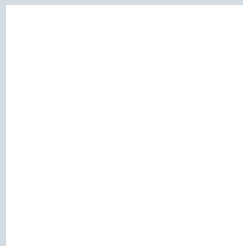
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4292074723 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4292074723.



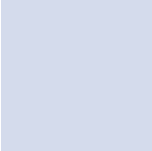
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4292074723.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

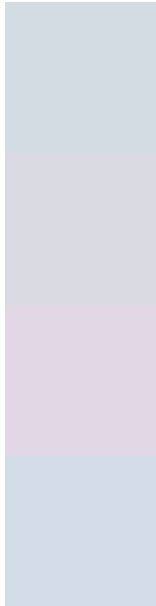
## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
4292140012

# Trichromacy



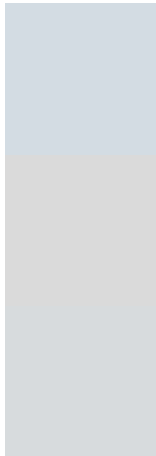
**Original Color**  
4292074723

**Protanomaly**  
4292467426

**Deuteranomaly**  
4293056484

**Tritanomaly**  
4292140009

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4292074723

**Achromatopsia**  
4292532954

**Achromatomaly**  
4292336605

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4292074723 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(211, 220, 227)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(211, 220, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 220, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(211, 220, 227) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4292074723 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

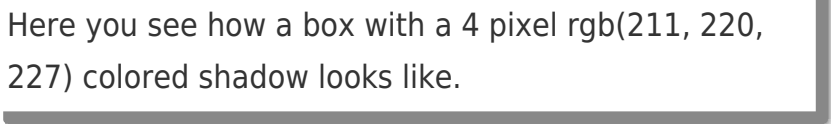
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(211, 220, 227) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(211, 220, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(211, 220, 227)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 220, 227); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 220, 227); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 220, 227) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4292074723 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(211, 220, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(211,  
220, 227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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