

# Converting Colors

Android(4292330603)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4292330603) contains.

<b>Android(4292330603)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# **Color**

**Android(4292330603)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D7C46B
RGB	215, 196, 107
RGB Percent	84%, 77%, 42%
CMY	0.1569, 0.2314, 0.5804
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.50, 0.16
HSL	49°, 57%, 63%
HSV	49°, 50%, 84%
XYZ	50.4181, 54.9885, 21.8664
YIQ	191.5350, 39.8930, -23.6510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

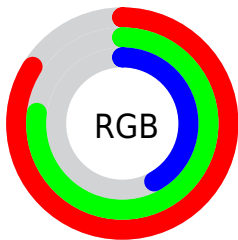
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	130, 215, 107
Decimal	14140523
CIELab	79.03, -4.88, 46.73
CIELCh	79, 46.986, 95.965
Yxy	54.9885, 0.3961, 0.4321
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292330603 (0xFFD7C46B)
YUV	191.5350, -41.6758, 20.5788
Hunter-Lab	74.1542, -8.4061, 34.4246

# Details

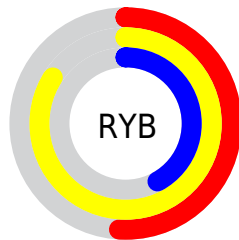
The Android color `4292330603` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCC66`. A complement of this color would be `4285234903`, and the grayscale version is `4290822336`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4294966432`, and `4288581432` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4292329558`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4292331649`.

# Distribution



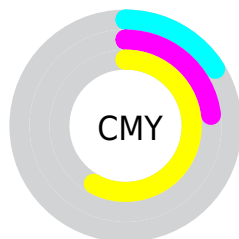
- Red (84%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (58%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4292330603 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4292330603 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





4292330603



4292330603

4294967295



4290423121



4294966432



4288581432



4294967228



4286739742



4294967256



4285029632



4294967285



4283319552



4281609984



4280032000



4278190080



4292330603



4292330603

■ 4292329558

■ 4292331649

■ 4292328512

■ 4292332694

■ 4292327722

■ 4292333484

■ 4292326677

■ 4292334529

■ 4292325632

■ 4292335575

■ 4292336620

■ 4292337407

■ 4292338431

■ 4292339455

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4294751604



4292330603



4289253499

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4292330603



4278245878



4294944488

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4292330603



4285234903

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4292130303



4292330603



4280931071

# Square

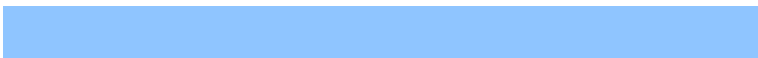
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4292330603



4279491531



4287612415



4294942909

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4292330603



4286961297



4287612415



4294290421



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



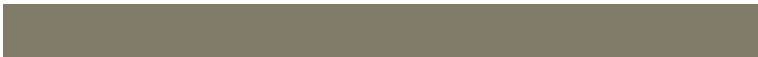
4292330603



4294965465



4292307839



4286610281



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4292330603



4294960230



4290107243



4285229408



4289432832



4281017344



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4285234903



4284908031



4287458263



4284506731



4278197931

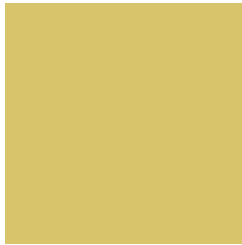


4278192171



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4292330603 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

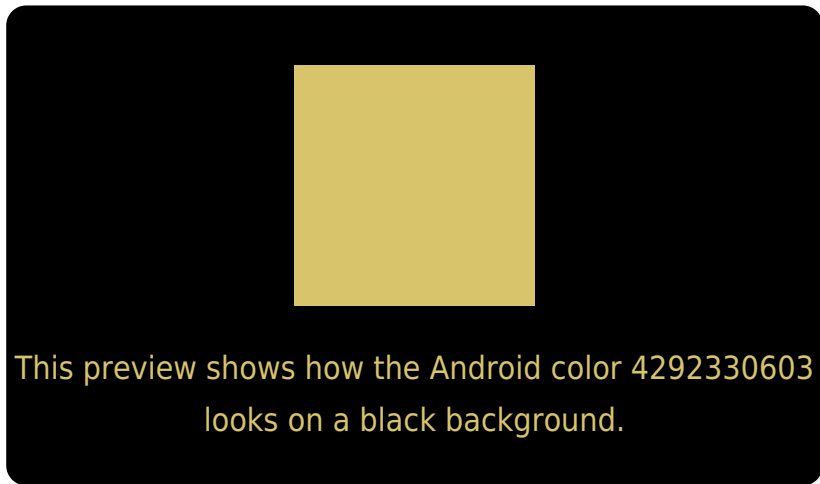
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4292330603 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4292330603.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4292330603.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4292330603

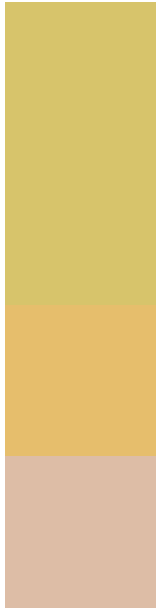
**Protanopia**  
4292330603

**Deuteranopia**  
4293901165



**Tritanopia**  
4292917704

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4292330603

**Protanomaly**  
4292330603

**Deuteranomaly**  
4293312108

**Tritanomaly**  
4292722086

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4292330603

**Achromatopsia**  
4290822336

**Achromatomaly**  
4291346849

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4292330603 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(215, 196, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(215, 196, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 196, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(215, 196, 107) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4292330603 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(215, 196, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(215, 196, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 196, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(215, 196, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 196, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 196,  
107) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4292330603 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(215, 196, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(215,  
196, 107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor