

# Converting Colors

Android(4292400345)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4292400345) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4292400345)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D8D4D9
RGB	216, 212, 217
RGB Percent	85%, 83%, 85%
CMY	0.1529, 0.1686, 0.1490
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	288°, 6%, 84%
HSV	288°, 2%, 85%
XYZ	64.3868, 66.6957, 75.1256
YIQ	213.7660, 0.7790, 2.4030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

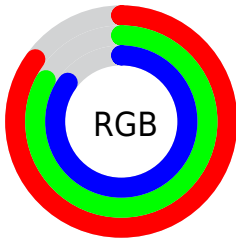
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	216, 212, 217
Decimal	14210265
CIE Lab	85.35, 2.27, -1.99
CIE LCh	85, 3.019, 318.840
Yxy	66.6957, 0.3122, 0.3234
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292400345 (0xFFD8D4D9)
YUV	213.7660, 1.5944, 1.9592
Hunter-Lab	81.6674, -2.1881, 2.6265

# Details

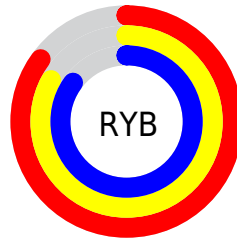
The Android color `4292400345` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `4292205012`, and the grayscale version is `4292269782`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4294967295`, and `4288781730` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4292132569`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4292668121`.

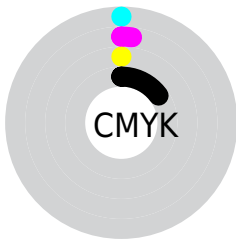
# Distribution



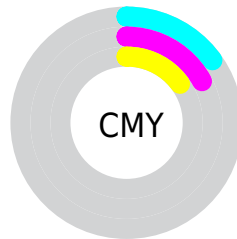
- Red (85%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4292400345 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4292400345 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 4292400345

4294967295

■ 4292400345

■ 4290558141

■ 4288781730

■ 4287071112

■ 4285426287

■ 4283781718

■ 4282268479

■ 4280821033

■ 4279505173


■ 4278190080

 4292400345

 4292400345

 4292132569

 4292668121

 4291799513

 4293001177

 4291531737

 4293263321

 4291263961

 4293525465

 4290930905

 4293853145

 4290663129

 4294115289

 4290395353

 4294377433

 4290062041

 4294705113

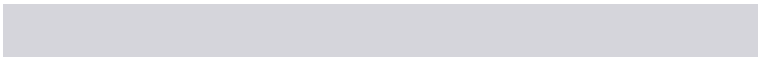
 4289794521

 4294967257

# Harmonies

## Analogous

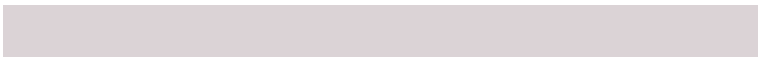
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4292203995



4292400345



4292596694

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4292400345



4292466128



4291811287

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4292400345



4292205012

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4291876820



4292400345



4292269776

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4292400345



4292596945



4292007633



4291811289

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4292400345



4292662228



4292007633



4291811286



# Sweetspot

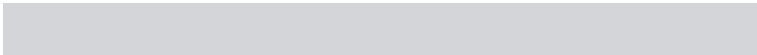
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4292400345



4294900991



4292138457



4286545536



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4292400345



4294834175



4292465880



4285360494



4287299757



4280614958

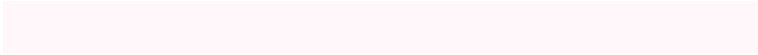


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4292465877



4294965241



4292139478



4285426026



4289527843

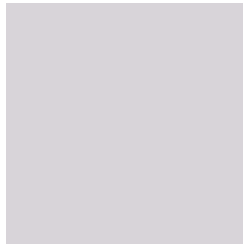


4281204745



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4292400345 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

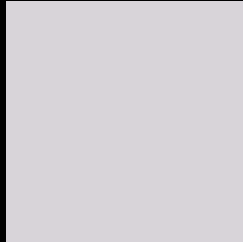
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4292400345 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

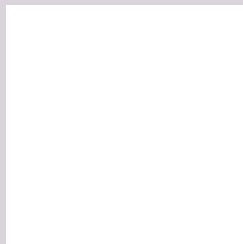
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4292400345 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4292400345.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4292400345.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
4292530915

# Trichromacy



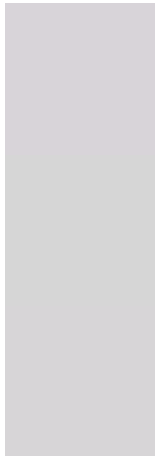
**Original Color**  
4292400345

**Protanomaly**  
4292400345

**Deuteranomaly**  
4293054938

**Tritanomaly**  
4292465631

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4292400345

**Achromatopsia**  
4292269782

**Achromatomaly**  
4292335063

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4292400345 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(216, 212, 217)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 212, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 212, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 212, 217) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4292400345 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 212, 217) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 212, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 212, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(216, 212, 217); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 212, 217);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 212,  
217) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4292400345 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 212, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216,  
212, 217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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