

# Converting Colors

Android(4293188584)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4293188584) contains.

<b>Android(4293188584)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# **Color**

**Android(4293188584)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E4DBE8
RGB	228, 219, 232
RGB Percent	89%, 86%, 91%
CMY	0.1059, 0.1412, 0.0902
CMYK	0.02, 0.06, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	282°, 22%, 88%
HSV	282°, 6%, 91%
XYZ	71.8919, 72.9832, 86.6420
YIQ	223.1730, 1.1910, 5.9510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

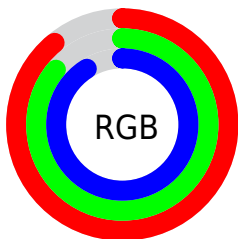
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	228, 219, 232
Decimal	14998504
CIE Lab	88.44, 5.39, -5.26
CIE LCh	88, 7.537, 315.696
Yxy	72.9832, 0.3105, 0.3152
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293188584 (0xFFE4DBE8)
YUV	223.1730, 4.3517, 4.2333
Hunter-Lab	85.4302, 0.7099, -0.3298

# Details

The Android color `4293188584` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `4292864219`, and the grayscale version is `4292861919`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4294967295`, and `4289569968` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4292723944`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4293653224`.

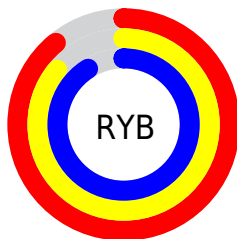
# Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (86%)

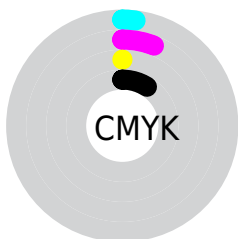
Blue (91%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (86%)

Blue (91%)

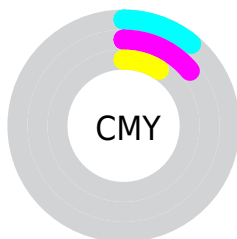


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4293188584 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4293188584 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4293188584

 4293188584

4294967295

 4291346380


 4289569968

 4287793814

 4286083196

 4284504163

 4282925387

 4281412405

 4280030751

 4278190086

 4293188584


 4293188584

 4292723944

 4293653224

 4292259304

 4294115304

 4291794408

 4294574056

 4291264232

 4294967272

 4290799592

 4290334952

 4289870312

 4289405416

 4288940776

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4292599276



4293188584



4293647074

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4293188584



4293450960



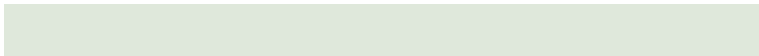
4291683042

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4293188584



4292864219

# Split Complementary

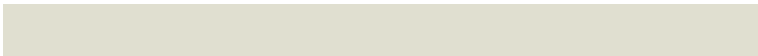
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4291945178



4293188584



4292927440

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4293188584



4293778132



4292403668



4291748328

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4293188584



4293777885



4292403668



4291748575

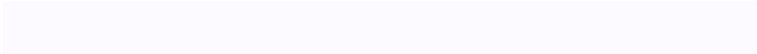


# Sweetspot

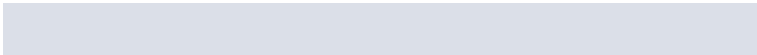
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4293188584



4294834943



4292599784



4286545280



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4293188584



4294635007



4293450726



4285557363



4286316723



4280483891



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4293450719



4294962675



4292602077



4285753964



4289921079

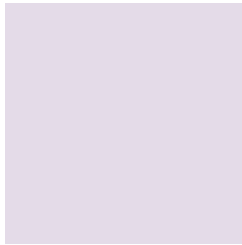


4281532432



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4293188584 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

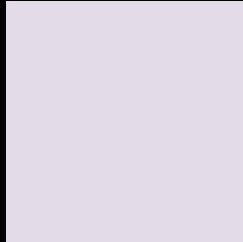
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4293188584 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

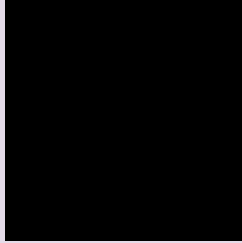
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

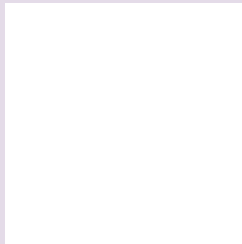
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4293188584 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4293188584.

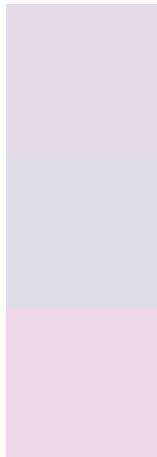


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4293188584.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

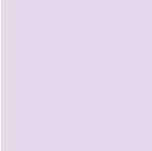
## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4293188584

**Protanopia**  
4292861417

**Deuteranopia**  
4293908457



**Tritanopia**  
4293253868

# Trichromacy



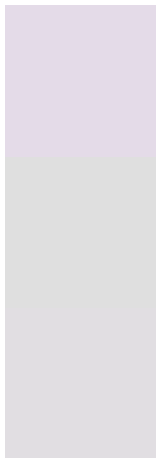
**Original Color**  
4293188584

**Protanomaly**  
4292992233

**Deuteranomaly**  
4293646569

**Tritanomaly**  
4293253867

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4293188584

**Achromatopsia**  
4292861919

**Achromatomaly**  
4292992738

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4293188584 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(228, 219, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 219, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 219, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 219, 232) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4293188584 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 219, 232) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 219, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(228, 219, 232)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(228, 219, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 219, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 219,  
232) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4293188584 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 219, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228,  
219, 232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor