

# Converting Colors

Android(4293639123)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4293639123) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4293639123)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EBBBD3
RGB	235, 187, 211
RGB Percent	92%, 73%, 83%
CMY	0.0784, 0.2667, 0.1725
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.10, 0.08
HSL	330°, 55%, 83%
HSV	330°, 20%, 92%
XYZ	63.7891, 57.9060, 69.4429
YIQ	204.0880, 20.9040, 17.6400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

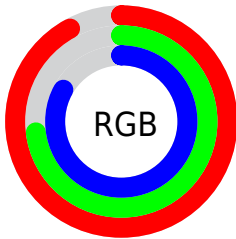
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	235, 187, 211
Decimal	15449043
CIE Lab	80.69, 21.01, -5.45
CIE LCh	81, 21.708, 345.449
Yxy	57.9060, 0.3337, 0.3030
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293639123 (0xFFE8BBD3)
YUV	204.0880, 3.4076, 27.1098
Hunter-Lab	76.0960, 16.4637, -0.8391

# Details

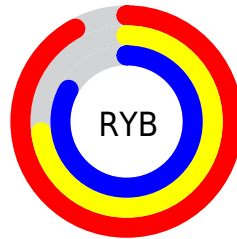
The Android color `4293639123` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `4290505683`, and the grayscale version is `4291611852`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4294964223`, and `4289955485` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4293633223`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4293645279`.

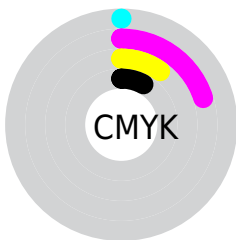
# Distribution



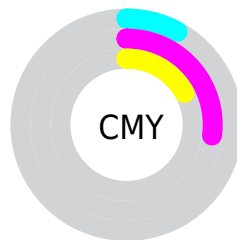
- Red (92%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (17%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4293639123 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4293639123 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4293639123

 4293639123

4294967295

 4291797175

 4294964223

 4289955485

 4288179330

 4286403433

 4284759121

 4283114810

 4281602085

 4280352784

 4278190080

 4293639123

 4293639123

 4293633223

 4293645279

 4293627067

 4293651178

 4293621168

 4293656566

 4293615012

 4293656575

 4293609112

 4293602957

 4293597057

 4293591158

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4292460773



4293639123



4294163134

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4293639123



4291676833



4287943396

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4293639123



4290505683

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4287878354



4293639123



4290171051

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4293639123



4292986017



4288730045



4289056239

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4293639123



4294032562



4288730045



4287747039



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4293639123



4294963447



4292066283



4286609275



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4293639123



4294950879



4293639099



4285885039



4290052187



4281729051



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4293639123



4294950879



4290505707



4285885039



4290052187



4281729051



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4293639123 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

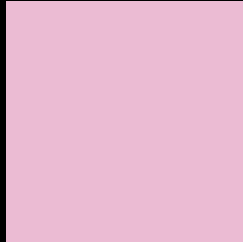
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4293639123 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4293639123 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4293639123.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4293639123.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4293639123

**Protanopia**  
4291282906

**Deuteranopia**  
4292395986



**Tritanopia**  
4293573835

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4293639123

**Protanomaly**  
4292133847

**Deuteranomaly**  
4292853970

**Tritanomaly**  
4293573838

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4293639123

**Achromatopsia**  
4291611852

**Achromatomaly**  
4292331215

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4293639123 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 187, 211)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 187, 211)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 187, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 187, 211) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4293639123 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 187, 211) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 187, 211) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 187, 211)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 187, 211); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 187, 211);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 187,  
211) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4293639123 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 187, 211) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
187, 211) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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