

# Converting Colors

Android(4293691308)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4293691308) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4293691308)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EC87AC
RGB	236, 135, 172
RGB Percent	93%, 53%, 67%
CMY	0.0745, 0.4706, 0.3255
CMYK	0.00, 0.43, 0.27, 0.07
HSL	338°, 73%, 73%
HSV	338°, 43%, 93%
XYZ	50.7024, 38.1394, 43.7190
YIQ	169.4170, 48.3190, 32.9190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

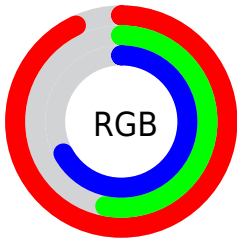
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	236, 135, 172
Decimal	15501228
CIE Lab	68.12, 42.91, -2.51
CIE LCh	68, 42.982, 356.655
Yxy	38.1394, 0.3825, 0.2877
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293691308 (0xFFEC87AC)
YUV	169.4170, 1.2734, 58.3933
Hunter-Lab	61.7571, 38.4732, 1.2574

# Details

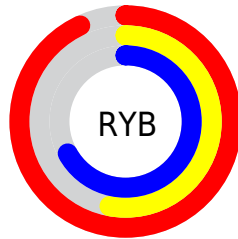
The Android color `4293691308` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FF99CC`. A complement of this color would be `4287098055`, and the grayscale version is `4289309097`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4294950627`, and `4289876600` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4293685149`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4293697467`.

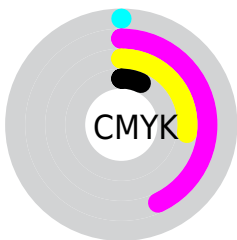
# Distribution



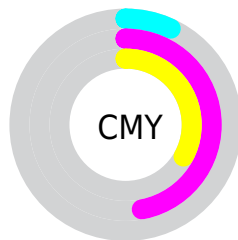
- Red (93%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4293691308 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4293691308 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4293691308

 4293691308

4294967295

 4291783825

 4294950627

 4289876600

 4294957823

 4288035167

 4294965247

 4286193224

 4284416049

 4282646556

 4281204738

 4278190080

 4293691308

 4293691308

 4293685149

 4293697467

 4293679246

 4293703370

 4293673087

 4293709529

 4293667184

 4293715432

 4293661025

 4293721591

 4293656662

 4293722111

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4291989457



4293691308



4293953925

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4293691308



4288392799



4278236646

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4293691308



4287098055

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4278237896



4293691308



4285314682

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4293691308



4290945623



4280924832



4284460019

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4293691308



4293365871



4280924832



4278237149



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4293691308



4294958826



4291266540



4286606195



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4293691308



4294933933



4293694599



4285885038



4290052162



4281729044



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4293691308



4294933933



4287094764



4285885038



4290052162



4281729044



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4293691308 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

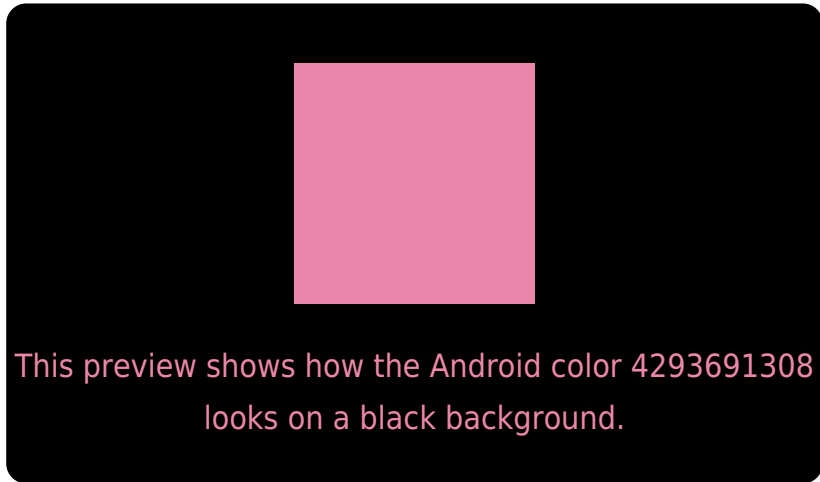
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4293691308 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4293691308.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4293691308.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
4293561237

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4293691308



**Protanomaly**  
4290615992



**Deuteranomaly**  
4291467433

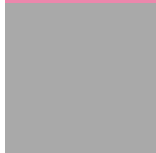


**Tritanomaly**  
4293626525

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4293691308



**Achromatopsia**  
4289309097



**Achromatomaly**  
4290878890

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4293691308 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(236, 135, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(236, 135, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(236, 135, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(236, 135, 172) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4293691308 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(236, 135, 172) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(236, 135, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(236, 135, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(236, 135, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 135, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 135,  
172) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4293691308 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(236, 135, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(236,  
135, 172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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