

# Converting Colors

Android(4293699003)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4293699003) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4293699003)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ECA5BB
RGB	236, 165, 187
RGB Percent	93%, 65%, 73%
CMY	0.0745, 0.3529, 0.2667
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.21, 0.07
HSL	341°, 65%, 79%
HSV	341°, 30%, 93%
XYZ	57.0168, 48.3310, 53.3374
YIQ	188.7370, 35.2540, 21.8940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

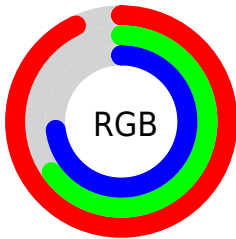
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	236, 165, 187
Decimal	15508923
CIE Lab	75.03, 29.30, -0.71
CIE LCh	75, 29.312, 358.620
Yxy	48.3310, 0.3593, 0.3046
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293699003 (0xFFECA5BB)
YUV	188.7370, -0.8563, 41.4497
Hunter-Lab	69.5205, 24.7349, 3.1760

# Details

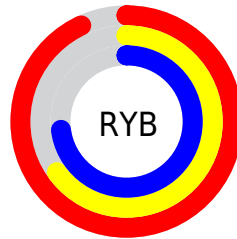
The Android color `4293699003` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC9999`. A complement of this color would be `4289064150`, and the grayscale version is `4290624957`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4294958579`, and `4289949830` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4293692843`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4293705163`.

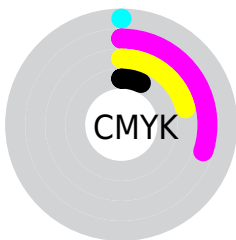
# Distribution



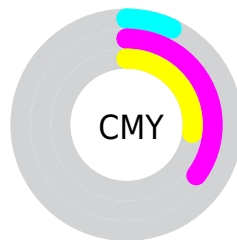
- Red (93%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4293699003 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4293699003 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4293699003

 4293699003

4294967295

 4291791520

 4294958579

 4289949830

 4294965759

 4288108397

 4286398292

 4284622653

 4282978088

 4281401363

 4279369728

 4278190080

 4293699003

 4293699003

 4293692843

 4293705163

 4293686938

 4293711068

 4293680778

 4293717228

 4293674874

 4293722108

 4293668714

 4293722111

 4293662553

 4293656649

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4292520661



4293699003



4293896096

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4293699003



4289838985



4285711334

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4293699003



4289064150

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4284925906



4293699003



4287808924

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4293699003



4291671939



4285909174



4288003310

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4293699003



4293438353



4285909174



4285253088



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4293699003



4294961391



4292257260



4286607734



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4293699003



4294943680



4293702309



4285885037



4290052152



4281729041



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4293699003



4294943680



4289060844



4285885037



4290052152



4281729041



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4293699003 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

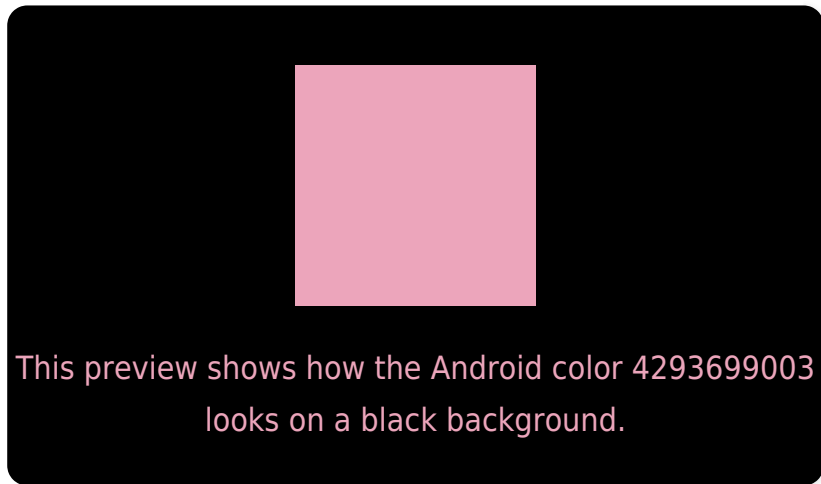
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4293699003 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4293699003.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4293699003.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4293699003

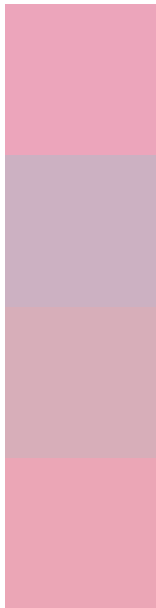
**Protanopia**  
4290361542

**Deuteranopia**  
4291539896



**Tritanopia**  
4293633715

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4293699003

**Protanomaly**  
4291604930

**Deuteranomaly**  
4292325049

**Tritanomaly**  
4293633718

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4293699003

**Achromatopsia**  
4290624957

**Achromatomaly**  
4291736764

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4293699003 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(236, 165, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(236, 165, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(236, 165, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(236, 165, 187) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4293699003 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(236, 165, 187) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(236, 165, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(236, 165, 187)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(236, 165, 187); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 165, 187);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 165,  
187) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4293699003 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(236, 165, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(236,  
165, 187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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