

# Converting Colors

Android(4293971395)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4293971395) contains.

<b>Android(4293971395)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# **Color**

**Android(4293971395)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F0CDC3
RGB	240, 205, 195
RGB Percent	94%, 80%, 76%
CMY	0.0588, 0.1961, 0.2353
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.19, 0.06
HSL	13°, 60%, 85%
HSV	13°, 19%, 94%
XYZ	67.6168, 66.1280, 60.8300
YIQ	214.3250, 24.0700, 4.3100

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

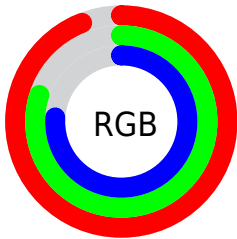
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	240, 208, 195
Decimal	15781315
CIE Lab	85.06, 10.74, 9.52
CIE LCh	85, 14.353, 41.566
Yxy	66.1280, 0.3475, 0.3399
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293971395 (0xFFFF0CDC3)
YUV	214.3250, -9.5272, 22.5170
Hunter-Lab	81.3191, 6.1141, 12.5721

# Details

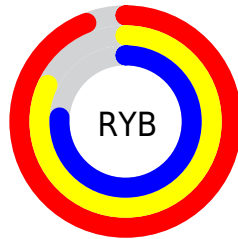
The Android color `4293971395` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `4291028720`, and the grayscale version is `4292269782`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4294967292`, and `4290287501` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4293966507`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4293976283`.

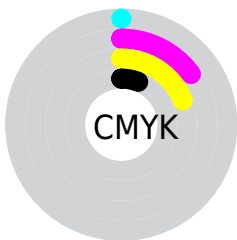
# Distribution



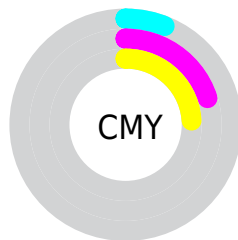
- Red (94%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4293971395 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4293971395 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4293971395

 4293971395

4294967295

 4292063912

4294967292

 4290287501

 4288445812

 4286735451

 4285025348

 4283446574

 4281868313

 4280486144

 4278190080

 4293971395

 4293971395

 4293966507

 4293976283

 4293961875

 4293980915

 4293956987

 4293984255

 4293952099

 4293947467

 4293942579

 4293937691

 4293933059

 4293932288

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4294036432



4293971395



4293448123

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4293971395



4290567371



4291679471

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4293971395



4291028720

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4290631918



4293971395



4289977817

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4293971395



4291484096



4289977318



4292792297

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4293971395



4292859066



4289977318



4291286511

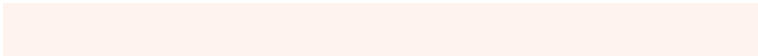


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4293971395



4294964208



4293968870



4286609783



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4293971395



4294955460



4293977027



4286082924



4290259200



4281863168

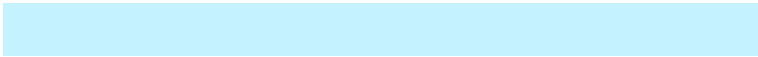


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4291028720



4291097343



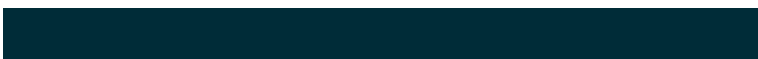
4291023088



4285298040



4278226872



4278201400



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4293971395 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

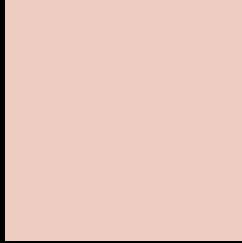
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4293971395 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4293971395 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4293971395.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4293971395.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
4294167257

# Trichromacy



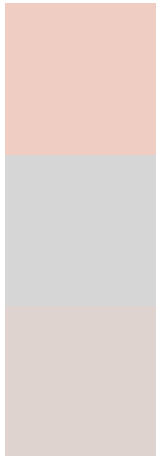
**Original Color**  
4293971395

**Protanomaly**  
4293120454

**Deuteranomaly**  
4293971395

**Tritanomaly**  
4294101969

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4293971395

**Achromatopsia**  
4292269782

**Achromatomaly**  
4292858831

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4293971395 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(240, 205, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(240, 205, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 205, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(240, 205, 195) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4293971395 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(240, 205, 195) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(240, 205, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(240, 205, 195)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(240, 205, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 205, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 205,  
195) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4293971395 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(240, 205, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(240,  
205, 195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor