

# Converting Colors

Android(4294115279)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4294115279) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4294115279)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2FFCF
RGB	242, 255, 207
RGB Percent	95%, 100%, 81%
CMY	0.0510, 0.0000, 0.1882
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.19, 0.00
HSL	76°, 100%, 91%
HSV	76°, 19%, 100%
XYZ	83.6404, 94.9022, 72.9411
YIQ	245.6410, 7.6600, -17.6840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

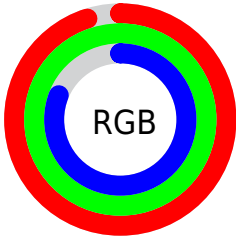
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">207, 255, 220</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15925199</a>
<a href="#">CIELab</a>	<a href="#">97.99, -12.21, 21.54</a>
<a href="#">CIELCh</a>	<a href="#">98, 24.766, 119.553</a>
<a href="#">Yxy</a>	<a href="#">94.9022, 0.3326, 0.3774</a>
<a href="#">Android (android.graphics.Color)</a>	<a href="#">4294115279 (0xFFFF2FFCF)</a>
<a href="#">YUV</a>	<a href="#">245.6410, -19.0500, -3.1932</a>
<a href="#">Hunter-Lab</a>	<a href="#">97.4178, -17.2255, 23.7993</a>

# Details

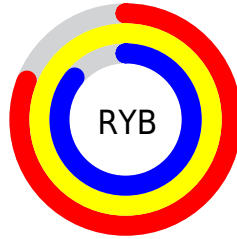
The Android color `4294115279` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFFFCC`. A complement of this color would be `4292661247`, and the grayscale version is `4294375158`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4294967295`, and `4290430617` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4293656501`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4294574057`.

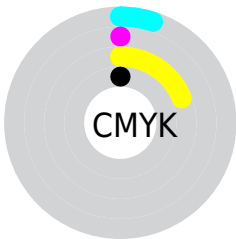
# Distribution



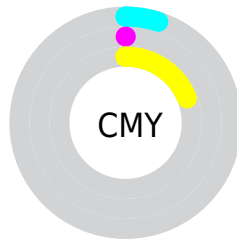
- Red (95%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (19%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4294115279 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4294115279 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4294115279

 4294115279

4294967295

 4292207283

 4290430617

 4288588670

 4286877797

 4285232973

 4283588150

 4282009120

 4280561674

 4279049216

 4294115279

 4294115279

 4293656501

 4294574057

 4293197724

4294967295

 4292738947

 4292280169

 4291821392

 4291428150

 4290969372

 4290510595

 4290445056

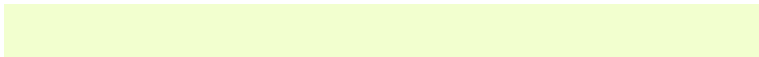
# Harmonies

## Analogous

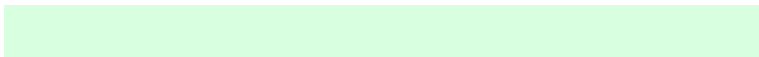
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4294965193



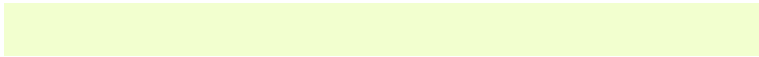
4294115279



4292345824

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4294115279



4291035135



4294961402

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4294115279



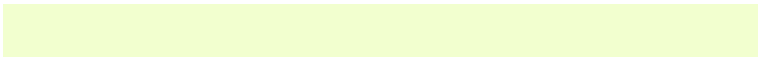
4292661247

# Split Complementary

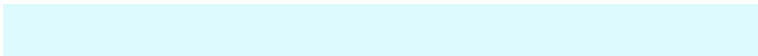
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4294962431



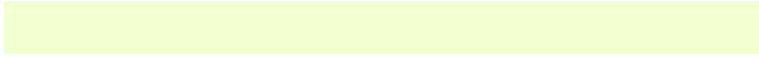
4294115279



4292738047

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



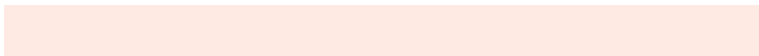
4294115279



4290314239



4294833151



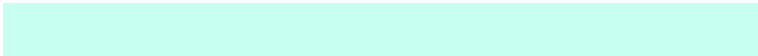
4294961891

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4294115279



4291297264



4294833151



4294961663



# Sweetspot

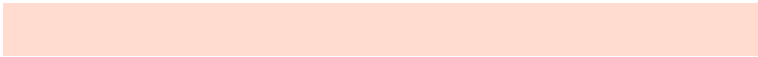
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4294115279



4294705136



4294958287



4286414967



4278190080



4286611584

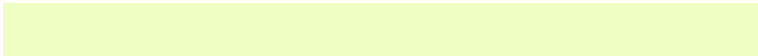


# Same Dimension

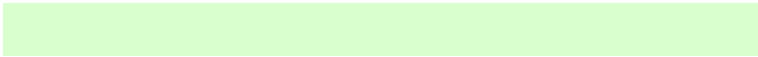
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4294115279



4293918660



4292542415



4286349427



4287348480



4281221120



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4292661247



4292134143



4294234111



4285952896



4281598143

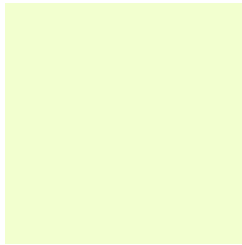


4279304256



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4294115279 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

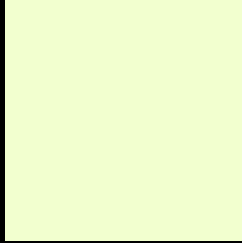
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4294115279 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

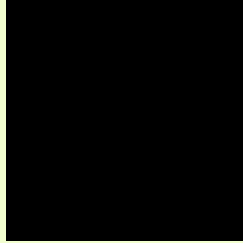
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

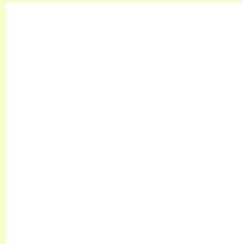
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4294115279 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4294115279.

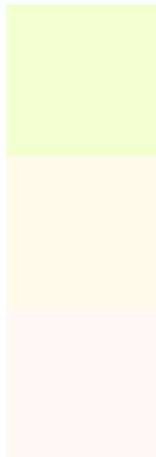


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4294115279.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4294115279

**Protanopia**  
4294965736

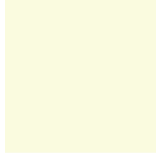
**Deuteranopia**  
4294965492

**Tritanopia**  
4294637823

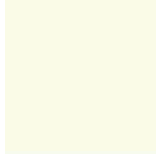
# Trichromacy



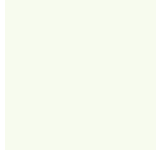
**Original Color**  
4294115279



**Protanomaly**  
4294638559

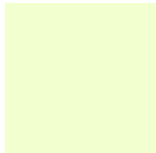


**Deuteranomaly**  
4294638567

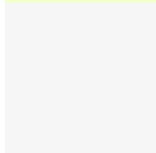


**Tritanomaly**  
4294441966

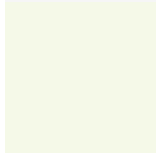
# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4294115279



**Achromatopsia**  
4294375158



**Achromatomaly**  
4294310376

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4294115279 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 255, 207)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 255, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 255, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 255, 207) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4294115279 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 255, 207) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 255, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 255, 207)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 255, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 255, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 255,  
207) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4294115279 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 255, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
255, 207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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