

# Converting Colors

Android(4294506736)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4294506736) contains.

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# **Color**

**Android(4294506736)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F8F8F0
RGB	248, 248, 240
RGB Percent	97%, 97%, 94%
CMY	0.0275, 0.0275, 0.0588
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.03, 0.03
HSL	60°, 36%, 96%
HSV	60°, 3%, 97%
XYZ	88.0070, 93.3825, 95.8242
YIQ	247.0880, 2.5680, -2.4880

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

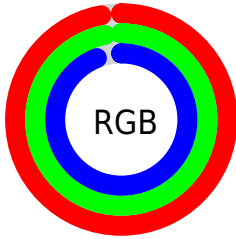
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	240, 248, 240
Decimal	16316656
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	97.38, -1.38, 3.83
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	97, 4.067, 109.849
Yxy	93.3825, 0.3175, 0.3369
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294506736 (0xFF8F8F0)
YUV	247.0880, -3.4944, 0.7998
Hunter-Lab	96.6346, -6.5473, 8.8515

# Details

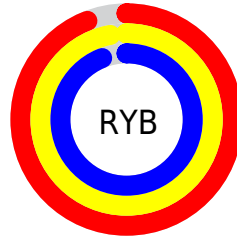
The Android color `4294506736` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFFFFF`. A complement of this color would be `4293980408`, and the grayscale version is `4294440951`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4294967295`, and `4290822328` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4294506711`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4294506751`.

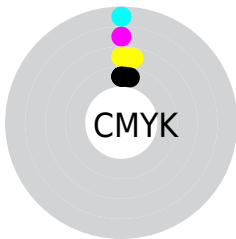
# Distribution



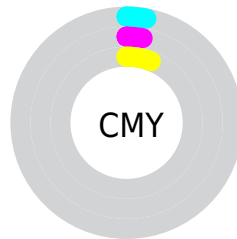
- Red (97%)
- Green (97%)
- Blue (94%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (6%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4294506736 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4294506736 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4294506736

 4294506736

4294967295

 4292598740

 4290822328

 4289045917

 4287269507

 4285624682

 4283979858

 4282466619

 4281019173

 4279703312

 4294506736

 4294506736

 4294506711

 4294506751

 4294506686

 4294506662

 4294506637

 4294506612

 4294506587

 4294506562

 4294506538

 4294506513

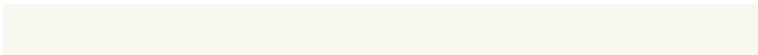
# Harmonies

## Analogous

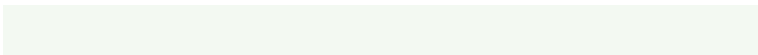
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4294768624



4294506736



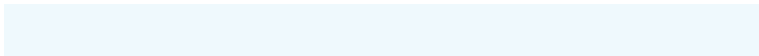
4294179314

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4294506736



4293917181



4294964729

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



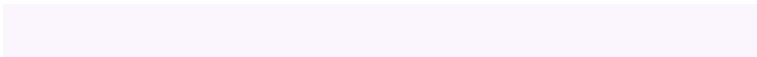
4294506736



4293980408

# Split Complementary

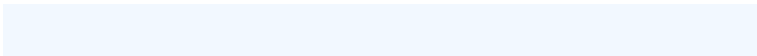
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4294702845



4294506736



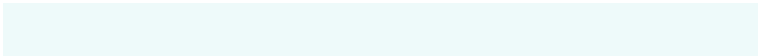
4294113535

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



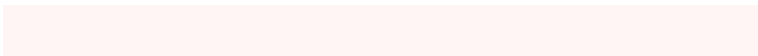
4294506736



4293851898



4294440959



4294964725

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4294506736



4294048501



4294440959



4294899194



# Sweetspot

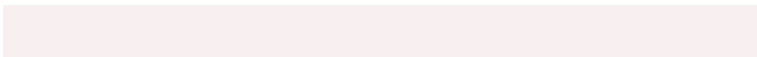
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4294506736



4294967292



4294504688



4286611582



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4294506736



4294967285



4294244592



4286414199



4290624768



4282203392



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4293980408



4294309375



4294242552



4286019453



4278190269

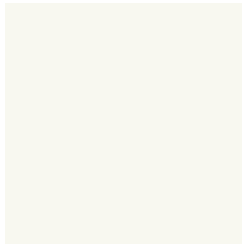


4278190141



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4294506736 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

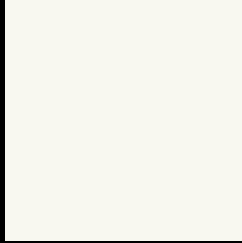
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4294506736 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

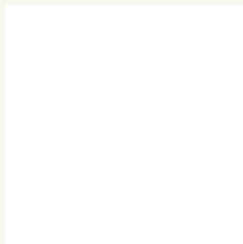
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4294506736 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4294506736.

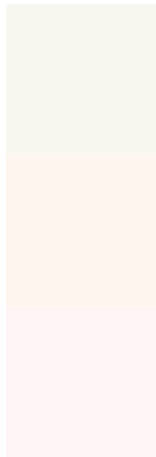


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4294506736.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



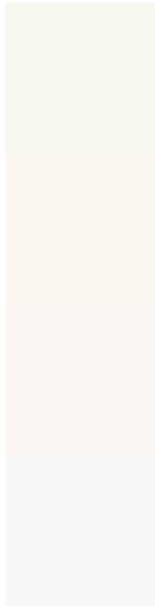
**Original Color**  
4294506736

**Protanopia**  
4294899439

**Deuteranopia**  
4294964726

**Tritanopia**  
4294571775

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

4294506736

**Protanomaly**

4294768623

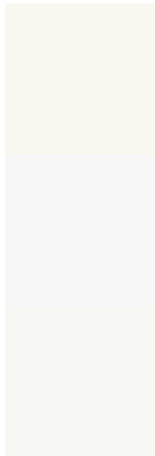
**Deuteranomaly**

4294768372

**Tritanomaly**

4294572026

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

4294506736

**Achromatopsia**

4294440951

**Achromatomaly**

4294440948

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4294506736 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(248, 248, 240)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(248, 248, 240)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(248, 248, 240) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(248, 248, 240) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4294506736 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(248, 248, 240) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(248, 248, 240) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(248, 248, 240)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(248, 248, 240); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 248, 240);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 248,  
240) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4294506736 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(248, 248, 240) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(248,  
248, 240) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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