

# Converting Colors

Android(4294560982)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Android(4294560982) contains.

<b>Android(4294560982)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# **Color**

**Android(4294560982)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F9CCD6
RGB	249, 204, 214
RGB Percent	98%, 80%, 84%
CMY	0.0235, 0.2000, 0.1608
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.14, 0.02
HSL	347°, 79%, 89%
HSV	347°, 18%, 98%
XYZ	72.7974, 68.1805, 72.9416
YIQ	218.5950, 23.6100, 12.6500

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

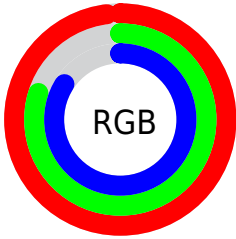
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	249, 204, 214
Decimal	16370902
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	86.10, 17.40, 1.03
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	86, 17.429, 3.388
Y <sub>xy</sub>	68.1805, 0.3403, 0.3187
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294560982 (0xFFF9CCD6)
Y <sub>UV</sub>	218.5950, -2.2653, 26.6652
Hunter-Lab	82.5715, 12.8706, 5.4247

# Details

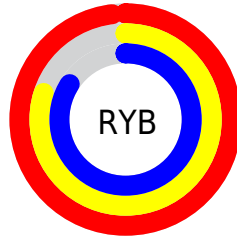
The Android color `4294560982` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `4291623407`, and the grayscale version is `4292598747`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `4294967295`, and `4290811551` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `4294554563`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `4294567401`.

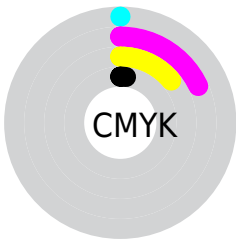
# Distribution



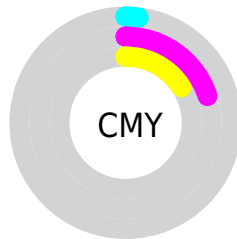
- Red (98%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Android color 4294560982 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Android color 4294560982 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 4294560982

 4294560982

4294967295

 4292653242

 4290811551

 4289035397

 4287259500

 4285549396

 4283905085

 4282326567

 4280813586

 4278255616

 4294560982

 4294560982

 4294554563

 4294567401

 4294548143

 4294573821

 4294541724

 4294574079

 4294535305

 4294529141

 4294522722

 4294516302

 4294509883

 4294508599

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



4293906150



4294560982



4294626758

# Triad

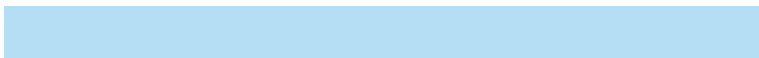
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



4294560982



4291878076



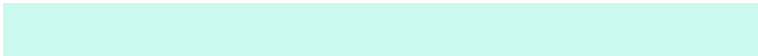
4290108916

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



4294560982



4291623407

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4289585385



4294560982



4290699464

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



4294560982



4293121975



4289782233



4291352824

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



4294560982



4294299837



4289782233



4289847025

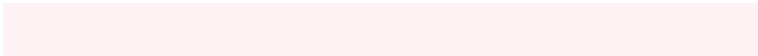


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



4294560982



4294963957



4293905657



4286609530



4278190080



4286611584



# Same Dimension

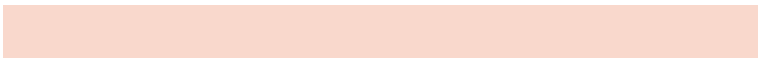
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



4294560982



4294952915



4294564044



4286410867



4290576426



4282187790



# Inverse Universe

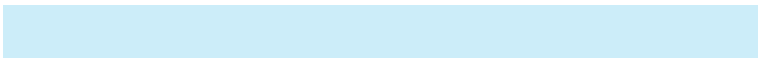
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4294560982



4294952915



4291620345



4286410867



4290576426

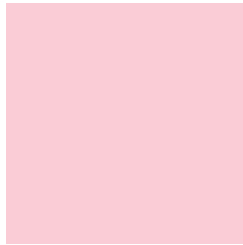


4282187790



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4294560982 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

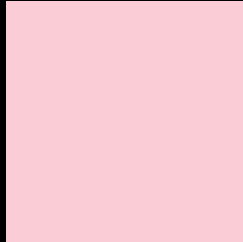
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Android color 4294560982 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# Android 4294560982 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Android color 4294560982.

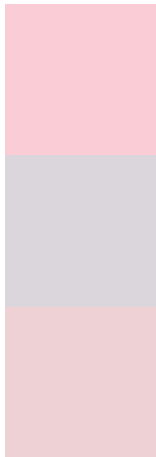


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Android color 4294560982.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
4294560982

**Protanopia**  
4292531932

**Deuteranopia**  
4293775829



**Tritanopia**  
4294626267

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
4294560982

**Protanomaly**  
4293251802

**Deuteranomaly**  
4294037461

**Tritanomaly**  
4294626265

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
4294560982

**Achromatopsia**  
4292598747

**Achromatomaly**  
4293318361

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Android 4294560982 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(249, 204, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(249, 204, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(249, 204, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(249, 204, 214) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Android 4294560982 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(249, 204, 214) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(249, 204, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(249, 204, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(249, 204, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 204, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 204,  
214) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Android 4294560982 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(249, 204, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(249,  
204, 214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor